

Oct 11 '22

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

Organization · Education · Co-operation

Winnipeg, Man.

MASSEY LIBRARY
O. A. C.

October 11, 1922



FIRST-CLASS PRAIRIE PRODUCTS

Photo by Jessop

October Household Number

Circulation Over 79,000 Weekly

Serviceable Prizes Given Free with every Guide Subscription

Your Own Subscription Counts The Same As Anyone Else's

These prizes are free to those sending us subscriptions to The Guide to the amount shown with the article or articles desired. You can send new or renewal subscriptions, your own or anyone else's. Subscriptions must be taken at the regular price of \$1.00 for 1 year, \$2.00 for 3 years, \$3.00 for 5 years.

4-PIECE COMBINATION ALUMINUM COOKING SET



Eleven possible combinations—count them. Every housewife appreciates the satisfaction from having a good quality, durable aluminum kitchen set. The set offered here is high "Ideal" quality, pure aluminum, and can be used in eleven different combinations, as follows: Preserving Kettle (4 qt.), Double Boiler, Strainer or Colander, Casserole Bake Dish, Pudding Pan, Combination Cooker, Steamer Set, Berlin Kettle, Self-basting Roaster, Kettle Cover, Corn Flake Roaster. Sent free and postpaid for \$6.00 worth of subscriptions (new or renewal), your own or anyone else's.

MAKES HOME DRESSMAKING A PLEASURE AND A SATISFACTION

THE IDEAL SKIRT HEMMER

is a necessity for every dressmaker. The most practical thing ever invented—makes skirts even around the bottom; as useful for altering as for making new. Simply put the Hemmer under the skirt and turn up the bottom. It hangs a skirt perfectly in five minutes, work that would take hours to do without one. The Hemmer is all nickel-plated—is strong and accurately made. Full instructions on "How to use it" sent out with every one. Sent free and postpaid for \$4.00 worth of Guide subscriptions (new or renewal), your own or anyone else's.

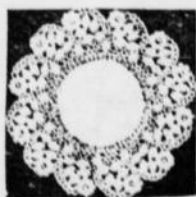
MAKE DRESSMAKING EASY

Perfect-fitting dresses are easily and quickly made with a proper dress form. The Guide's bulletin, How to Make a Paper Dress Form, tells you how you can make an exact duplicate of your figure at very little cost. What you need is gummed paper of the right weight and width. We have it especially prepared for this purpose. A copy of the bulletin and sufficient gummed paper to make a dress form for the largest woman sent free and postpaid for \$2.00 in Guide subscriptions (new or renewal), your own or anyone else's.

FINEST HOUSEHOLD SHEARS

Made of forged shear steel, 8 inches long. Hardened and tempered to take and retain a keen cutting edge. Beautifully finished. Ground and finished by experts; adjustable lock nuts. Sent free and postpaid for \$2.00 worth of subscriptions (new or renewal), your own or anyone else's.

SOLVES ALL CROCHET PROBLEMS



Crochet Craft is a 112-page book of complete instructions and contains illustrations of 414 of the choicest crochet designs for insertions, doilies, yokes, edgings and corners you ever saw.



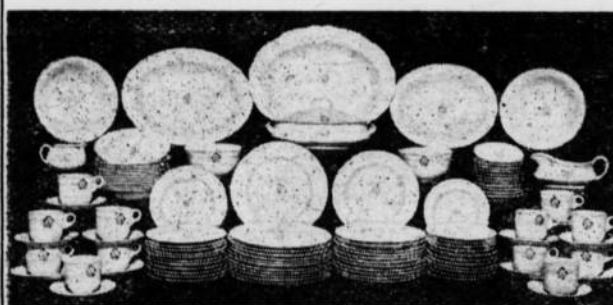
For Beginners or Experts

Each design is printed in dark blue ink, showing every detail so distinctly that beginners quickly become experts, and experts acquire greater skill. Crochet Craft is a great "find" for everyone who crochets or wants to, as in it you secure a solution to every crochet problem. There is also sent a "key" book of 96 pages that tells exactly how to make everything shown in Crochet Craft. Both books sent free and postpaid for \$2.00 worth of subscriptions (new or renewal), your own or anyone else's.



YOU OFTEN NEED A GOOD BUTCHER KNIFE

This "Village Blacksmith" butcher knife has a blade keen as a razor edge—a six-inch blade of hand-wrought steel. A most useful article to have in the farm home. Sent free and postpaid for \$2.00 worth of subscriptions (new or renewal), your own or anyone else's.



BEAUTIFUL SEMI-PORCELAIN SETS OF DISHES

Every woman likes good dishes and is always glad to add to her supply. We give you the dishes you want, need and can use without spending your money to obtain them. The pattern is the Clover Leaf, known to most housewives as the popular one, which for practicability and serviceability cannot be excelled. The picture above shows the entire number of pieces used in this dish service, from which various assortments are made.

94-PIECE FULL DINNER SET—Free for \$27 worth of subscriptions.

ESSENTIAL PIECE DINNER SET—78 pieces—Free for \$21 worth of subscriptions.

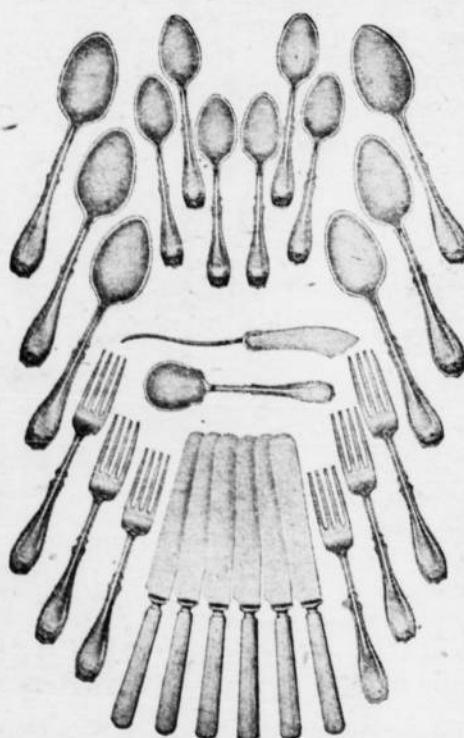
SMALL DINNER SET—42 pieces—Free for \$17 worth of subscriptions.

ESSENTIAL PIECE DINNER SET—Half size, 40 pieces—Free for \$15 worth of subscriptions.

REPLACEMENT SET—52 pieces—Sent free for \$15 worth of subscriptions.

40-PIECE TEA SET—Given free for \$12 worth of subscriptions.

Our offers include careful packing of the dishes, placing them on the train addressed to any station you name. You will pay freight or express charges from Winnipeg to that station, so in ordering be sure to state what station you want your dishes shipped to; what railway line it is, and whether you want them sent by freight or express.



ADD TO THE ATTRACTIVENESS OF YOUR HOME

Everyone knows "Rogers" Silverware. The long-established reputation of the makers allows no doubt as to the quality of their product. We list the "IRVING" design in "W.R." quality. Here is a fine chance to get the silverware you need—without cost.

BUTTER KNIFE—SUGAR SHELL—Your choice of a Butter Knife or Sugar Shell sent free and postpaid for \$1.00 in subscriptions.

6 TEASPOONS—Sent free and postpaid for \$2.00 in subscriptions.

6 TABLESPOONS Your choice of 6 Tablespoons, 6 Table Forks or 6 Table Knives sent free and postpaid for \$4.00 in subscriptions.

26-PIECE SET—Sent free and postpaid for \$15 in subscriptions.

Send Subscriptions to
The Grain Growers' Guide
Winnipeg - Man.

A NEW STYLE BREAD KNIFE

This is not an ordinary bread knife. It is a beautiful, useful, practical knife with a saw-like blade that keeps sharp for years and, if necessary, can be resharpened by rubbing the smooth side of the blade on a whetstone. It cuts a slice without tearing the bread or making crumbs. Sent free and postpaid for \$1.00 in Guide subscriptions, (new or renewal), your own or anyone else's.

DON'T ENVY A GOOD COOK —BE ONE

Get The Guide's own Cook Book, written by Mary C. Hiltz and Mary C. Moxon. This is a book of recipes and information prepared by the Home Economic experts of the Manitoba Agricultural College, especially for the farm women of Western Canada. It contains tried and tested recipes over the whole range

THE COUNTRY COOK

of plain, everyday cookery. 128 pages, well printed on good paper and strongly bound. Sent free and postpaid for \$1.00 worth of subscriptions (new or renewal), your own or anyone else's.

A WATERPROOF WASHABLE APRON



A real protection for a good dress, indispensable for "messy" household jobs. Especially useful when preserving or handling liquids of any kind. Needs no laundering. When soiled, simply wipe off with a damp cloth. Strongly made of good gingham, printed in attractive check patterns and rubberized; neat and attractive. Every woman should have one. Sent free and postpaid for \$2.00 worth of subscriptions (new or renewal), your own or anyone else's.

STAINLESS STEEL PARING KNIFE



The best knife made. It has a solid aluminum handle so securely joined to the blade that it almost seems one piece. The blade is best forged steel, one that will retain its keen-cutting edge, and the feature is that this blade is stainless—a desirable quality; warranted not to tarnish, never needs scouring. Sent free and postpaid for \$1.00 worth of subscriptions (new or renewal), your own or anyone else's.

ALUMINUM SAUCEPAN SET



Three pieces. Sent free and postpaid for \$3.00 worth of subscriptions to The Guide (new or renewal), your own or anyone else's.

ALUMINUM DOUBLE BOILER

This 2-quart Double Boiler is 6 inches in diameter at top, 5½ inches at bottom, and 5½ inches deep. It will always come in handy and will last for years. Sent free and postpaid for \$3.00 worth of subscriptions (new or renewal), your own or anyone else's.



DOUBLE-LIPPED FRYING PAN

This is a dandy, pure aluminum Frying Pan of good weight; a nice handy size, being 9½ inches in diameter at the top and 2 inches deep. Aluminum is great for frying pans, as it heats quickly, and, when heated before food is put in, never sticks or burns. Sent free and postpaid for \$3.00 worth of subscriptions (new or renewal), your own or anyone else's.



SUBSCRIPTION PRICE

The Guide is published every Wednesday. Subscription price in Canada and throughout the British Empire is \$1.00 per year, \$2.00 for three years, or \$3.00 for five years, except in Winnipeg city where, owing to the extra postage charged, the price is \$1.50 per year. United States and other foreign subscriptions are \$2.00 per year. The price for single copies is five cents.

Subscribers are asked to notify us if there is any difficulty in receiving their paper regularly and promptly. It is impossible to supply any back copies that may be missed.

The yellow address on every subscription label shows the date to which the subscription is paid. No other receipt is issued.

Remittances for subscriptions should be made direct to The Guide by postal note, post office, bank or express money order. There is always a risk in sending currency in an envelope.

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

"Equal Rights to All and Special Privileges to None"

A Weekly Journal for Progressive Farmers

The Guide is absolutely owned and controlled by the organized farmers—entirely independent, and not one dollar of political, capitalistic or special interest money is invested in it.

GEORGE F. CHIPMAN
Editor and Manager

Authorized by the Postmaster-General, Ottawa, Canada, for transmission as second-class mail matter. Published weekly at 290 Vaughan Street, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

Vol. XV.

October 11, 1922

No. 41



Employed as the official organ of the United Farmers of Manitoba, the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association and the United Farmers of Alberta.

J. T. HULL
Associate Editor

ADVERTISING RATES

Commercial Display60c per agate line
Livestock Display45c per agate line

Livestock Display Classified.....\$6.75 per inch
Classified.....(See Classified Page for details)

No discount for time or space on display advertising. All changes of copy and new matter must reach us eight days in advance of date of publication to ensure insertion. Reading matter advertisements are marked "Advertisement." No advertisement for patent medicines, liquor, mining stocks, or extravagantly worded real estate will be accepted. We believe, through careful enquiry, that every advertisement in The Guide is signed by trustworthy persons. We will take it as a favor if any of our readers will advise us promptly should they have any reason to doubt the reliability of any person or firm who advertises in The Guide.

Farm Women's Clubs

Successful Picnic

THE Women's Section of the Woodleigh local was organized in June with 14 charter members. A summer program was immediately drawn up and plans were made for a Grain Growers' picnic, with sale of work and home produce, in August, the proceeds to go toward building a community hall.

Although an intensely hot day, the picnic was a great success, and the supper was voted excellent. It was served cafeteria style, which made much less work and waste and everything kept clean and fresh. A long stall was made with gangway in front. Plates, cups, spoons, forks, meat, salads, pie, cake, bread and butter and tea were placed in different sections of the stall with a helper to serve each article. A calculator and cashier at the end of the stall checked the food and received the money. The proceeds for the day amounted to \$133.30, as follows: supper, \$44.65; sale of work and home produce, \$23; raffle of heifer donated by a member, \$35; ball game, \$9.65; dance, \$21. The afternoon program consisted of races, tug-of-war and a football match between Woodleigh and Rocanville.

Barnwell Studies Cheese-making

Barnwell U.F.W.A. held its first meeting since re-organization. The corps of officers, although new in the work, successfully carried out a well-planned program. The ladies met jointly with the U.F.A. for the first part of the evening and listened to the splendid lecture given by C. Ostlund on Co-operation Between Teacher and Parent. New members were enrolled at the commencement of the U.F.W.A. meeting. Mrs. Lester Holman delivered a very instructive lecture on Making Cheese, giving in detail the process and proportions used in making an eight-pound cheese. Discussion followed the lecture in which many questions were asked and replies given. Other items of the program were a reading and a duet. Lunch was served by the officers to the members of the U.F.A. and U.F.W.A.

Suggested Junior Program

The United Farm Women of Manitoba have sent out to the Junior Clubs a list of suggested topics for winter meetings. It is not intended that the clubs follow this program to the letter, but it affords many new ideas which might well be tried out by young people.

October—1st meeting: Rally. Vegetable donations collected and sent to public welfare institutions, such as Children's Aid Society, Orphans' Home, etc. Suggestions offered for winter work. Appointment of committee to draft program. Address by leader on the aims of the Junior local.

2nd meeting: Halloween party. Stunt night. Camp fire and roasting potatoes, toasting marshmallows or weiners. Early mythical legends told around camp fire. Singing.

November—1st meeting: Community singing. Paper on Inexpensive Christmas Gifts, illustrated by articles handmade; or making scrap books for children's ward in hospital. Plans for Christmas entertainment or play. Club swinging.

2nd meeting: Canadian poet's night. Papers on two or three of the best poets

with recitations from their poems. Canadian songs. Collection taken for one or two club magazines; or mothers' and daughters' banquet, daughters do all the cooking and furnish the musical program. Sketch of the lives of one or two noted musicians.

December—1st meeting: Annual meeting of local. Report of secretary for the year. Receiving of treasurer's report and auditors' statement. Election of officers for 1923. Debate, Resolved That Young People on the Farm Should Have an Allowance; or, Resolved That Country Life Offers a Better Opportunity for the Development of its Young People than City Life.

2nd meeting: Christmas entertainment or play. Gifts provided for children who have no Santa.

January—1st meeting: Community singing. Report from the welfare committee on needy children. Sewing for needy families, making babies' layettes. Inspirational address for New Year, Preparing Our Young People for Citizenship.

2nd meeting: Boys do the entertaining. Three-minute talks from topic cards. Old-timers tell stories of early days. Committee appointed to record these and place in library for permanent file of the history of district. Games or snowshoe "hike," closing with baked beans and pancake supper.

February—1st meeting: Address from public health nurse. Practical demonstration in first aid on how to treat burns, scalds, etc.

2nd meeting: Valentine social. Girls do the entertaining; or skating carnival.

March—1st meeting: Address on prohibition. Contest in recitations. Preparations made for work for coming referendum; or debate, Resolved That Public Health Should Be as Free as Education.

2nd meeting: Illustrated lantern address from the Extension Service on Bee-keeping, with the object of members keeping bees in the summer, part of the money derived from the sale of the honey to be devoted to the library or other community work; or mock parliament.

Good Six Months' Work

In January the McDonald Creek W.G.A. drew up a summer program and arrangements were made to have copies typed for the members. Work was also started on an autograph quilt to be auctioned at a later date.

In April a librarian was appointed for the government travelling library, and arrangements were also made to have one of the local stores to sell brooms made by the blind workers in Winnipeg.

For the June meeting the club challenged the Varsity Women's Section to a debate on The Value of the Telephone vs. Automobile. At this meeting plans were made to collect clothing and to make flannelette nighties for new babies in families in the dry areas.

At each meeting at least one helpful talk is given by one of the members and in the spring several sessions were devoted to the discussion of convention reports and resolutions.—Mrs. Hannon, secretary.

Olds Local Has Full Program

The United Farm Women enjoyed the hospitality of Mrs. Nelson Smith at

Continued on Page 26

SHAMROCK BRAND

HAMS, BACON, LARD, SAUSAGE

ARE THE BEST YOU CAN BUY

SUPERIOR IN FLAVOR: UNEXCELLED FOR QUALITY
PREPARED BY EXPERTS

MAKE YOUR TABLE COMPLETE

P. BURNS & COMPANY LIMITED

CALGARY VANCOUVER EDMONTON
PRINCE ALBERT REGINA

SERVE
SHAMROCK

SAVE
MONEY

SATISFY
YOURSELF



There is no load equal to Western Super-X for long-range shotgun shooting. It was developed especially for hunting ducks, geese and similar game where accurate, long-distance shooting is necessary. It is particularly good for hawks and crows.

The Super-X load actually gives you 20 yards greater shotgun range. Even at this increased distance it holds a close, smashing pattern that is unusually accurate.

Use Super-X with Western Steel-Locked Field Shells. This is a combination that has never been equaled for pattern, velocity and range. For shooting small game at close range use Western Field Shells with the standard loads.

Ask Your Dealer

Ask your dealer about Western shotgun and rifle ammunition. He will gladly tell you about the Super-X shotgun load in the famous Western Field Shell. If you prefer black powder, use Western New Chief Shells.

Write for our interesting booklet on Super-X. It tells the story of this wonderful load, and explains in detail just why it is alone in the field of long-range shooting. Address Western Cartridge Company, Dept. T-10, East Alton, Ill.

Western

AMMUNITION





Single Bricks Build Mansions

A fortune is built up by the same method. One by one, your dollars are placed in the savings account until in time they, too, build a home.

One dollar will open a savings account for you with the Union Bank. One dollar saved is worth a hundred wasted.

919

Copy of our booklet "One Dollar Weekly" sent on request.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Head Office • WINNIPEG

After Fifty Years



FOUNDED fifty years ago, the Dominion Bank to-day has a chain of branches throughout the greater part of Canada, and strong foreign affiliations circling the globe. Our half century of banking experience has developed a complete and efficient service and a knowledge of financial affairs, invaluable to our patrons.

THE DOMINION BANK

918

ESTABLISHED 1871

BRANCHES AND CORRESPONDENTS THROUGHOUT CANADA.

Ready Money



IF all your surplus funds are invested, you may be embarrassed for ready money in an immediate emergency.

Money in a Savings Account in this Bank, is always available to meet the unexpected need.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

391

TOTAL ASSETS OVER EIGHTY-THREE MILLIONS

Branches Throughout Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta



FIRST IN THE NORTHWEST

Oh, Death where is thy sting?

The Sting is in the souls of those who are left behind, and the Sting is doubly severe when the grief-stricken widow realizes that the departed left no insurance to protect her and the little ones against impending poverty.

325

The NORTHWESTERN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

H. R. S. McCABE
MGR.-DIR.

COMPANY

F. O. MABER
SEC.-TREAS.

NORTHWESTERN BLDG. 166 DONALD ST., WINNIPEG CAN.

"We Have Saved Without Stinting"

DAVID BRADEN.

"We've something to look back upon, and something to look forward to—my wife and I," says David Braden.

"We've enjoyed life to the full, have had the things that make life worth living, and yet we have saved.

"We chose the better way of saving. All my salary every year was spent, except the moderate sized cheque that paid my Life Insurance deposit to the North American Life. That annual payment represented our 'savings' and the balance of my income was ours to spend on a happy lifetime.

"All these years that cheque has served the double purpose of 'savings' and 'protection.' It protected my wife and children against the possible loss of their bread-winner, and now that my policy has matured, I have \$10,000 in cold cash. While others were putting aside their little hundreds year by year I made sure of \$10,000 by means of Endowment Life Insurance. This will keep us two in comfort the balance of our days. We will enjoy life to the very end."

Our booklet, "Twenty Years Ahead," tells how you can do just as David Braden did. Send for it.

NORTH AMERICAN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

"Solid as the Continent"

Head Office: Toronto, Can.

Agencies in all important cities in Canada

I would like to read "Twenty Years Ahead."

NAME.....

ADDRESS.....

Occupation.....Age.....



Don't Spare Your Wife

only to leave trouble for your widow. Most men look upon it as an imperative duty in life to keep their wives free from financial cares and business worries. But what of the estate eventually left behind? Is it or any portion of it readily convertible into cash? Is it such that no worry is entailed in its preservation and investment? No man should leave trouble of this kind to his widow.

A Great-West Life insurance policy, payable in instalments to the beneficiary, under one or other of our income instalment plans, is about the safest and most care-free estate that you can leave. We will send you full particulars of these policies upon request.

THE GREAT-WEST LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

Dept. "I"

Head Office: WINNIPEG - CANADA

CANCER

Write today for our fully illustrated booklet on Cancer and its treatment. It is Free.
DR. WILLIAM'S SANATORIUM,
3025 University Ave. S. E. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.



The Grain Growers' Guide

Winnipeg, Wednesday, October 11, 1922

Bracken Wins The Pas

The sweeping victory achieved by Premier Bracken at The Pas not only gives satisfaction to the province of Manitoba at large but is a striking tribute to the common sense of the electors in that northern constituency. Good taste and good judgment both would have warranted the electors of The Pas in giving Mr. Bracken an acclamation. It is not only a signal honor for that constituency to be represented by the premier, but in its development stage it is mighty good business as well.

However, this is a democratic country and any small group of electors is entitled to nominate a candidate in any election. It is gratifying to notice from the reports that it was only a small group in each case who supported the three other candidates, each of whom will have the satisfaction of contributing \$200 to His Majesty as a token of the insignificant support which they received from the electors. The result in The Pas will also be a warning to some of those sinister interests who opposed the premier that the days when elections can be won in Manitoba by money and booze have passed away.

The Second Chamber Problem

Attorney-General Raney, of Ontario, in laying responsibility for race-track gambling upon the Senate at Ottawa, brings the matter of our second national legislative chamber again before the public. In this we have a problem that is common to many other countries. Our Canadian Senate consists of 96 members, 24 from the maritime provinces, 24 from Quebec, 24 from Ontario and 24 divided equally between the four western provinces, all appointed for life by the government, almost entirely for political considerations and with little regard to their fitness for legislative duties. Our Senate is a curious political workhouse, and yet no serious attempt has ever been made by the House of Commons or by the Senate itself to bring about a reform that would make the Senate a really useful part of our national parliament.

The chief obstacle to Senate reform in Canada is the abolition of the present Senate. The Senators hold office under the B.N.A. Act, and once appointed are as firmly planted as the rock of Gibraltar. Any scheme for Senate reform which involves the abolition of the present Senate, without recognition of the present Senators, is doomed to failure, because any such measure requires the assent of the Senate itself, which is not likely to commit suicide merely for pastime.

At the same time the majority of the present Senators realize that the institution itself is a good deal of a farce and would probably welcome any reasonable scheme of Senate reform to be applied only to filling vacancies that occur quite rapidly and which would in the course of a comparatively few years reconstitute the entire Senate. This would seem to be the line along which efforts for Senate reform should be made if there is to be any hope of achievement.

It is difficult to point out any existing second chamber that can be regarded as a complete success. Two of the most famous are at Washington and at Westminster. The American Senate is composed of two Senators from each state, formerly elected by the state legislatures but now by popular vote. The anomaly of this system may be seen in the fact that each New York Senator represents over 5,000,000 people, while each Nevada Senator represents less than 50,000 people, and United States law makers consequently

do not represent the people at all uniformly. Furthermore, the American Senate has completely overshadowed the lower House in importance, which indicates the dangers possible in having two elective chambers in the national parliament.

The House of Lords is one of the strangest second chambers in existence with its hereditary as well as its life members, and it is openly stated that some have been appointed because of their contributions to the government campaign funds. Fortunately the majority of the members in the House of Lords take no part in its proceedings, otherwise its reform, which has often been threatened but never yet carried out, would have taken place long ago.

Apparently there is no model second chamber after which the reformed Canadian Senate might be patterned. While realizing the comparative uselessness of the Canadian Senate as at present constituted, as well as the difficulties in the way of reform and the lack of a working model, it would be well if the government were to appoint a committee with representatives from both Houses to take evidence and study the question for a year, or longer if necessary, and bring in a plan for reform which would give us a second chamber of usefulness in our national parliament or to provide for its abolition by natural means.

Lake Rates on Wheat

Canadian coasting laws prohibit ships of American registry from carrying wheat between Canadian ports on the Great Lakes. This fact has given the owners of Canadian lake boats freedom from keen competition. The net result is that Canadian lake shippers have built up a practical monopoly and have been charging very much higher rates on shipments from Fort William to Eastern Canadian ports than they have on shipments from Fort William to Buffalo. At times the discrimination against shipments to Canadian ports has been more than 50 per cent. higher than shipments to American.

Hon. James Robb, Minister of Trade and Commerce, last week called the Canadian shippers before him at Ottawa and asked for an explanation of this discrimination. The defence put up by the shippers was rather lame. They claimed that owing to the railway and coal strikes the American shippers were placed in peculiar circumstances by which they were doing business at a heavy loss. The public will naturally be very skeptical regarding such claims. American shippers are not accustomed to handling grain across the lakes except at a profit to themselves, and there is no good reason they should.

No one would ask the Canadian shippers to carry wheat at a loss, but they should not be permitted to establish a monopoly and mulct the wheat growers 50 per cent. extra charges for the privilege of shipping their wheat out through the Canadian channels. One result of this discriminatory rate is that more wheat goes out through American channels than would otherwise go under fair competitive rates. The owners of Canadian lake ships are pretty much a law unto themselves. The Dominion government has no authority over them, nor has the Board of Railway Commissioners nor any other body.

Mr. Robb issued a solemn warning to the shippers that it might be necessary to suspend the Canadian coasting laws and allow American ships to compete in handling Canadian grain between Canadian ports, or that it might be necessary to bring in legislation

placing the Canadian lake ships under some such regulating body as the Board of Railway Commissioners. It is to be hoped that Mr. Robb's statement was not merely a bluff but that he means business, and that the next session of parliament will see legislation brought forward to force the Canadian shippers to give reasonable freight rates on Canadian wheat between Canadian ports.

New National Railway Board

The long expected and somewhat impatiently awaited announcement of the new president and board of directors for the National Railways was issued last Thursday by Premier King. The personnel of the new board is as follows:

President—Major-General Sir Henry Thornton, general manager of the Great Eastern Railway of England. Sir Henry was born in Indiana, U.S.A. in 1871, graduated from the University of Pennsylvania as civil engineer in 1894, immediately entered the service of the Pennsylvania Railroad, of which he became general superintendent in 1911. In 1914 he was called to England as general manager of the Great Eastern Railway, which has the largest passenger traffic of any railway in the world, as well as steamship lines and extensive hotel service. During the war he was a member of the committee of managers who controlled the entire British railway system. He became naturalized as a British subject in 1919, and was knighted in the same year. He is regarded as a very capable railway man.

Director—John H. Sinclair, lawyer, Antigonish, Nova Scotia. Liberal member Nova Scotia legislature, 1894 to 1904. Liberal member House of Commons, 1904 to 1921.

Director—Tom Moore, of Ottawa, president Trades and Labor Congress of Canada.

Director—James Stewart, Winnipeg, president Maple Leaf Milling Company and former chairman of Canadian Wheat Board.

Director—Ernest R. Decary, Montreal, ex-president Montreal Civic Commission.

Director—Richard B. Gough, Toronto, fur dealer.

Director—Fred G. Dawson, Prince Rupert, B.C., wholesaler.

Director—Graham A. Bell, Ottawa, deputy minister of railways.

Director—Gerald G. Ruel, general counsel for the National Railway System.

The new president arrived in Ottawa from London on the day of his appointment, and immediately left for England to clear up his business so that he can take active charge of the National Railway system within thirty days. The new board will have charge of the entire National Railway system of Canada, including the Canadian Northern, Grand Trunk, Grand Trunk Pacific, National Transcontinental and the Intercolonial, totalling 22,000 miles and representing a public investment of over \$1,500,000,000. The expenditures of the National system last year was \$343,000,000, which is practically equal to the ordinary expenditures of the government of the Dominion.

Information available indicates that Sir Henry Thornton is a man with ability and experience of the highest order in railway administration. At 51 years of age he is in the prime of his mental vigor. The task which he has undertaken is probably the greatest in Canada today and his position ranks with the premiership of the Dominion. If he makes a success his salary of \$50,000 per year will be well earned. He has tackled a real man-sized job.

Among the directors are men of outstanding ability but they are scattered from coast to coast, and there are indications that political considerations were not ignored in some of the appointments. James Stewart will be heartily approved as the representative from the prairie provinces. It is difficult to see how a body of men gathered over a 4,000-

mile territory can attend to their own business and still give the very considerable attention to the National Railways which will be required for the next few years at least. However, the public will give a generous welcome to the new board, realizing they have a gigantic problem upon their hands, and will judge them solely upon results.

Two Sovereigns Dethroned

It is safe to assume that King Constantine of Greece and the Sultan of Turkey, both of whom have been forced to abdicate during the past few days, are firm believers in that old adage, "Uneasy lies the head that wears a crown." The Greeks seem finally to have gotten rid of Constantine and to have realized that the German influence on their throne has been decidedly detrimental to their national welfare. Only a couple of years ago Tino returned from his enforced exile to a Greece greatly enlarged in area and in prospects, and in this short space of time, largely due to his own blundering, Greece has steadily dwindled in area and importance. Now Tino and his wife, who is a sister of ex-Kaiser William of Germany, have been forced into permanent exile and their eldest son established on the ancient throne.

The political situation in Greece is decidedly mixed and it is difficult to keep track of prevailing conditions. According to latest reports they have three of their ex-premiers, one ex-minister of war and two of their former leading generals in prison awaiting trial. Their most famous ex-premier, Venizelos, recognized as one of the ablest of European statesmen, is in more or less voluntary exile. Under such conditions as have prevailed in Greece of recent years it is difficult to feel any deep sympathy with the Greeks. They have been pursuing a grasping policy with ambitions far beyond what they are entitled to, and have not shown any

scruples in their desires to attain their ends. Until they become more reliable, more reasonable and more willing to follow a course in keeping with their just pretensions there seems to be no good reason why the nations of the earth should make sacrifices on their behalf.

The Eastern Situation

At the time of writing (Saturday) the situation at Constantinople is not very encouraging. The news which is coming to the world from the peace conference for the settlement of the Turko-Greek snare is undoubtedly being censored. Yet it is clear that all parties and powers are of one accord in maintaining the neutrality of the straits in peace and war. Aside from this the chief trouble is the conflicting national ambitions of the Turks and the Greeks and the disagreement in matters of policy between Britain, France and Italy. For ages past the Turks have gained by dividing the European powers, and the same game is being played today. European diplomacy in the Balkan states has been unfortunate for the world. It is based too much on the desire for economic advantage and too much biased by racial and religious prejudice. If the Balkan peoples insist upon maintaining a perpetual cockpit, there is no vital principle at stake which should precipitate another world war. It is not today, as in 1914, when a great military and naval power seriously threatened the domination of the earth. There is nothing in the Turko-Greek row to warrant any sacrifice of life or money in support of either of them.

18 months is also affecting the revenues of the United States. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922, the total collections from income and profits tax were \$2,088,000,000, as compared with \$3,228,000,000 for the previous year, or a reduction of more than one-third. It is anticipated that the current year will see a greater falling off, as the surtax rate on incomes has been reduced and the excess profits tax on corporations abolished in favor of a straight tax of 12½ per cent. on profits. For the year 1920 these two items amounted to \$3,570,000,000, or nearly two-thirds of the entire national tax receipts. These figures indicate some of the reasons why even in the great republic pressure is being brought to bear for greater economy in government.

It is interesting to note that four Americans paid taxes on incomes of over \$5,000,000, while 33 had incomes of \$1,000,000 or more and 123 between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000. Of a total of 7,259,944 who filed income reports for 1920, however, 6,578,382 had incomes of \$5,000 or less, and the most numerous class of taxpayers was that with incomes from \$1,000 to \$2,000.

A slow but steady settlement of the idle lands along our railways will give us better schools, better churches, better community life, better organizations and better facilities of all kinds that go to make up a really happy and contented existence.

The development of co-operative grain marketing institutions will be an important subject of discussion among the farmers' organizations during the coming winter.

When we have not the money to pay it is amazing how well we can get along without certain things that we thought were absolutely necessary and indispensable when times were good and money was plentiful.

U.S. Income Tax Falling

The financial depression which has been felt in Canada very keenly during the past



The Belle of the Ball

A Blind Romance

By John Cameron Martin

THERE was unwonted silence between Carter and Dawson as they drove homewards from the Sunday afternoon service in the little country school. But it was a silence quite in keeping with the scene around them. The air rose from the prairie in shimmering waves of heat; at intervals there came a gentle breeze, its course visible in the shadows it made among the brown grass as it passed over. Their buggy, the only moving thing upon the landscape, wound along a trail which twisted about as though it had been "made by a blind snake on a dark night," and the sluggish movement seemed only to enhance the drowsiness of the scene.

While their acquaintances would have regarded the silence of the two men as being in itself sufficiently remarkable, it was not at all due to the influence of external nature. Dawson felt—rightly it may be said—that Carter had something on his mind, and thoughtfully preferred to let him take his own time to talk.

The two, as close friends so often do, presented a marked contrast. Dawson was the typical rural American, tall, angular, square-jawed. A short mustache, which looked as if it had been chewed by mice, hid the humorous turn of his broad mouth, but the lively gleam of his restless grey eyes relieved an otherwise drooping expression of countenance. Carter was cast in a heavier mould than the other, and a pair of fan-like ears set off the roundness and redness of his face. His was a temper more quickly roused than Dawson's, but he was less tenacious of resentment. He came from the county of Bruce, where Ontario is.

Chance had made them neighbors and loneliness had made them friends. Each was alone and approaching a vigorous fifty years of age. Dawson, while in less comfortable circumstances than Carter, was still a moderately successful farmer. Both were fond of telling, in the manner of self-made men, slightly hyperbolic stories of their struggles, and liked to refer to themselves, with exaggerated modesty, as "homesteaders." Their common interests, common occupation and common age drew them more and more together as time went on.

If Dawson could have known what scenes were being projected upon the screen of his friend's recollection it is most probable that he would have been moved to surprise and even to derision. Reel one discovered a village school-house; in the foreground a freckled boy and a fair-haired little girl giggling at a caricature labelled so as to bring home a resemblance to "Teacher," which was lacking in the artistry itself. To the boy descended swift retribution as "Teacher's" wiry hand seized him from behind and administered punishment fitted to the crime. When he returned to his seat the little girl, with a shy smile, smuggled to him the half of a fat doughnut. At this point tingling memories took on a sudden pleasurable quality. The boy bore the same resemblance to Carter, as the ear of green corn bears to its mature self, its few dried strands bearing mute witness to a vanished abundance of golden floss.

Reel two—a shady street. There might be a leader here, "Three Years Later." A youth and a girl (the same as in reel one) came up the street hand in hand. The youth, it must be confessed, looked a little sheepish and kept a sharp look-out, but except for themselves the street was deserted. They stopped at a gate. Suddenly he drew the girl towards him and before she could recover herself he kissed her on the ear. She broke from him and entered the gate. He resumed his way alone with the air of a conqueror.

Up to this point there had been a growing wistfulness in Carter's eyes, but his expression changed as Reel Three unfolded itself. The scene was in a church—five years later. The minister waited as a bride walked up the aisle and the groom entered through a side door. The bride was the girl of reels one and two, but the groom, alas, was not the boy and youth depicted there. He was down in a back seat near the

door, biting his nails and trying to look unconcerned.

Carter came back to the present with an impatient exclamation, and Dawson looked at him curiously as he suddenly slashed the plodding horses with his whip. But neither spoke. When, however, they were seated in his house, shirt-sleeved and with pipes aglow, Carter was moved to speech.

"There was a good deal in what the minister said this afternoon," he remarked tentatively.

"You mean about the books?" Dawson asked. "About St. Paul sending 300 miles to tell the fellow to bring his books?"

"No, not that," said Carter, clearing his throat in embarrassment. "About gettin' married. You remember his sayin' that a man shouldn't get married nowadays unless he was goin' on a homestead and then he should get married first."

"Yes, and I suppose you noticed that them women was wild with enthusiasm," Dawson rejoined with heavy sarcasm. "That may be all right for the homesteader, but what is there for the woman?" He threw open the door and indicated with a sweep of his hand the broad vista of prairie which spread before them. "Nothin' to see but nothin', and nothin' to do but work, work, work, from one week's end to the next."

Then the explanation of Carter's unusual silence dawned upon him. "You ain't thinkin' of gettin' married, are you?" he asked abruptly.

Carter shook off his embarrassment with a visible effort. "Why-er, I was kind of turnin' it over in my mind," he admitted.

Dawson walked deliberately to a cupboard in the corner and peered inside. "Ain't it a little late in the day to go holdin' out on me? You needn't be afraid I'll tell where you got it."

"You know better than I do why I couldn't keep any liquid refreshment here—even if I could get it," retorted the other darkly. "But I'm talkin' serious," he went on defensively. "Seems like I never had time to think of gettin' married, and I was always too poor, anyway. But now it isn't as if I'd be askin' a woman just to help me make my way. That preacher kind of made me think, with his talk about books and marriage and so on, that we don't get much out of life after all."

"You can afford it, all right," hastened Dawson, "but if you take my advice you'll stick to interest-bearin' bonds that you can unload any time and not go snarl'n' yourself all up in the matrimonial kind."

"What do you know about it?"

"I know a-plenty. But let me ask you somethin'. Have you picked out the feet you're goin' to lay your throbbin' heart at? In other words, who are you goin' to marry?"

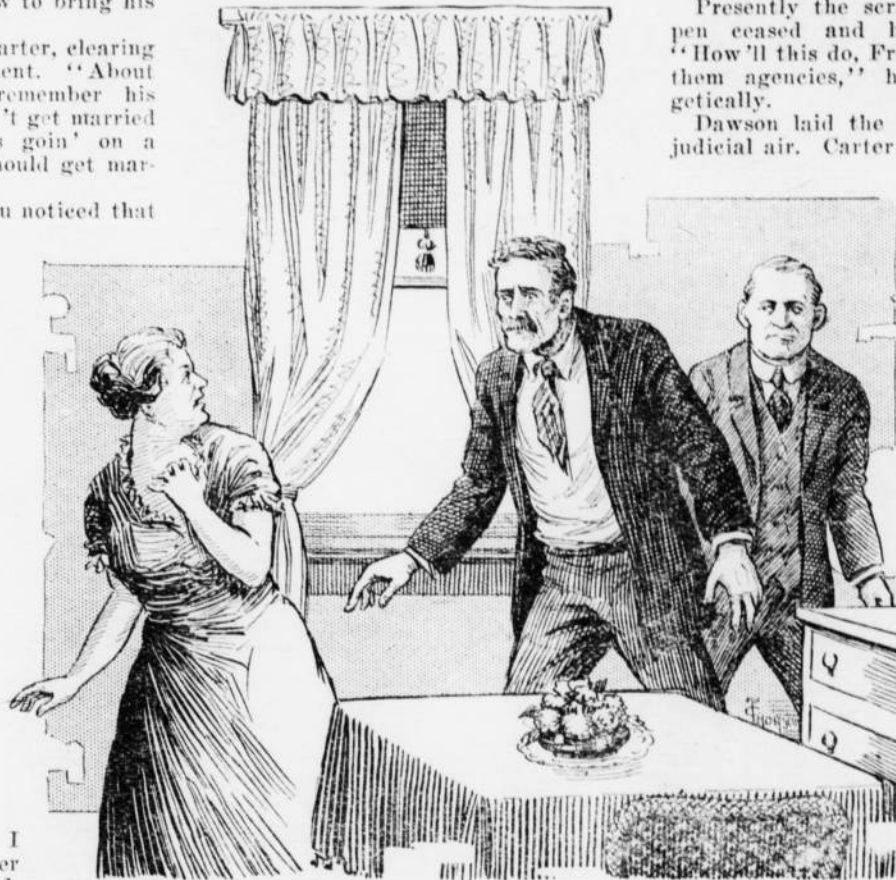
For answer Carter picked up a newspaper which lay upon the table near by. He thumbed his way to the classified advertisements and then to the heading, "Personal."

"Will you write lonely maiden, worth \$60,000 cash. Object matrimony. Write Miss So-and-so," he read. He gave Dawson a challenging look over his glasses.

"Age not specified," said Dawson. "And, anyway, would you want to marry a woman who expected to be married for her money?"

"Well, no," assented Carter. "I don't guess I would. But listen here: 'Marry. Join our bureau. Largest in the States.' And here: 'Marry, marry rich. Write Miss So-and-so.' You see how easy it is."

Dawson groaned. "That's just the trouble. It's too danged easy. But if that's the way you feel about it I suppose I'll have to warn you. I was married once over on the other side." He paused to let his statement take effect. "We got along fine for a while, but by and by I begun to find out how many relations my wife had. They were droppin' in all the time to visit us. You remember how the preacher said the other Sunday that the unit of society used to be the family and then it got to be the tribe. Thinkin' about my



"But the look of expectancy was abruptly replaced by one of blank amazement."

wife, I kind of thought that that didn't mean no change. Anyway, when I said somethin' like that and suggested that some of these travellin' relations might work out their board, she landed on me hard and took their part. And, mind you, I married for what they call love." He paused to run his handkerchief around inside his flaring wing collar.

"I was doin' pretty good, and I think everythin' might have been all right if it hadn't been for them relations. They were always after me to turn property over to her. They always hung around with a kind of patronizin' air, criticisin'. Everythin' I done was talked up one side and down the other and nothin' was ever right. I couldn't help but bust out once in a while if it did mean trouble with Miriam. And when she started she would nag and nag and nag."

"And then about seven years ago I got interested in this here Canada land and came up here pretty often. I was making pretty good money one way and another, farmin' and dealin', but I told her I had taken up a homestead and pre-emption and asked her to come up and live on them. I just wanted to see what she'd say, and if she would've been willing I'd have told her different. But them relations put up an awful howl about me askin' her to come up to this wild, frozen country. I bet what was worryin' them was the soft thing they would be losin'. And before that they'd been chewin' about how awful it was for me to leave her alone so much while I was runnin' around like a young blood and havin' a good time. Anyway, she said she wouldn't come, so I came alone."

"Then, about a month later, I saw in the paper a notice where she was applyin' for a divorce. I didn't pay no attention to it, but afterwards I wrote down there and learned that she had her divorce, all right. And when they

got through selling me up and down there for the alimony there wasn't much left."

"That's too bad," conceded Carter, but in a tone which lacked the ring of deep conviction. He had a feeling that Dawson was not being quite candid.

Dawson glanced at him sharply. "No, it ain't too bad," he retorted. "I was only tellin' you for your own good. I wasn't lookin' for no sympathy. You just go ahead and make as big a darned fool of yourself as you like."

Carter got pen, ink and paper from a shelf in the corner and began to write. Dawson glared at him a moment. Then he settled himself ostentatiously behind the newspaper.

Presently the scratching of Carter's pen ceased and he coughed loudly. "How'll this do, Frank? It's to one of them agencies," he explained apologetically.

Dawson laid the paper down with a judicial air. Carter began to read. "I

am a well-to-do farmer, approaching middle age and have never been married. Though not young, I am still handsome. My disposition is kind, generous and loving, and I would be a good husband. I would like to communicate with some good-tempered woman who is a good house-keeper with a view to matrimony. I don't care whether she has money or not. If you want to look me up you can write to the United Bank at the address given below."

Dawson sat for a moment in silence. "Well," he pronounced slowly, "the letter is all right as a letter. I would pretty near buy a horse on that guarantee. But all I can say is you have sure given yourself the benefit of every reasonable doubt. That 'approachin' middle age' is good, and there may be places where a bald head, for instance, is a sign of beauty like a ring in the nose or somethin' like that, but if so I never heard of them."

"A long time ago," answered Carter, flushing slightly, "I learned by experience that it ain't the modest applicant that gets the job. This is just the same. I can't hide my light under no bushel."

Neither of the two was sufficiently au courant to have any acquaintance with the newly-risen stars of the moving pictures. Which was perhaps as well, for in due time a letter arrived from a lady to whom the agency had referred Carter's communication. Dawson choked over the beginning of the letter, which read, "Dear lonely farmer boy," and could get no further, but when he saw the photograph which accompanied it he was almost converted. The lady of the photograph was to outward appearances so wholly desirable that he felt a vague uneasiness and could not but wonder why she was compelled to resort to means so unromantic to find a husband. But for the ignorance mentioned at the beginning of this paragraph, his uneasiness would have been greater.

But there was no cloud in Carter's sky. He saw no fatuity in the lady's letter and hastened to betroth himself in terms as fulsome as her own. He began to be very careful about his personal appearance, or, as Dawson phrased it, "to put in overtime on the titivation." He tended his remaining hair as if it were grown from seed at \$17 a bushel. He even went to such lengths as a red necktie and a natty straw hat with a variegated band.

Continued on Page 31

"What Tickles My Palate Most"

I DON'T usually act upon dining car steward's suggestions in ordering a meal. I have heard of reckless people who consult their appetites and order accordingly, maybe soup, corned beef and cabbage, pie and tea, right off, just like that. But long practice has cultivated in me a dignified deliberateness in ordering a train meal. I look over both sides of the menu card carefully, and if I find viande refuse saute compagne is listed at 85 cents and corned beef and cabbage at 95 cents, I take a chance. Maybe I have a gleam of hope that if I turn the card over I may find something for 80 cents tucked away in some obscure corner, but furtive investigation only reveals a colored picture of some uneatable

Good Farm Management, Discriminating Appetites and Devising Housewives All Agree that the West should Raise and Eat more Lamb and Mutton---

By P. M. Abel and Margaret M. Speechly

number of American settlers we have adopted. Your New England Yankee appreciates lamb. He eats one pound of lamb or mutton for every five pounds of beef. But the Iowan or Kansan would much prefer in hot weather to kill a "hawg." Twenty pounds of beef go through his pantry for every pound of lamb or mutton, according to the figures

esteemed by educated palates. Beef, chicken, venison, rabbit, or any other kind of flesh, each have their own peculiar flavor. Much has been written and said about the so-called "wooly" taste of mutton. In order to get at the truth of the allegation the U.S. Department of Agriculture carried out an elaborate experiment. The report summarizing the

findings states that contact with wool did not impair the quality of the meat. But it is true that lamb does not have to be seasoned like beef, and carcasses which have been kept too long, or those in which gas has accumulated in the entrails after killing, do develop an unpleasant odor and flavor. With reasonably careful slaughtering and storage of a mutton carcass, there is a practical certainty of having a wholesome, appetizing and economical meat for family use. Some eggs are added, but that is not offered as a general argument against egg consumption. That wooly taste affords a parallel.

Continued on Page 35



Side cut for distribution to circle members

mountain resort to humor me, and on the back cover a formidable list of railroad officials daring me to say something about their scale of prices.

But on this occasion I did take the steward's suggestions. Never mind why I was having a little trouble in trying to appear at ease; the travelling public has become so low-browed since the rise of the profiteer and the bootlegger that it will whisper audibly "hick" if you pass by with some honest threshing machine chaff in your hair. Anyway I nodded as unconcernedly as possible while that suave steward with the million-dollar ideas sold me a contract for a grubstake that would have won me the respect of the most abandoned profligate, and then I settled back to mouth contemptively the meal which had crippled my financial standing.

Now the "piece de resistance" of that meal was lamb fricasse and I own to being descended from a long line of English lamb-eaters. But that burnished silver cover shielded a sad remains which brought visions of a bugle call, an expectant scurry to the field kitchen, and a disappointed cry of "mulligan again" passed down a line of two hundred clattering mess tins. And mulligan, let me say for the uninitiated, is neither fish, flesh nor fowl, but an indistinguishable compound of tendinous scraps floating in a repulsive mucilaginous brew.

In Canada the annual per capita consumption of lamb and mutton is 10½ pounds, while in Great Britain it is 26 pounds. One of the chief causes for this difference is because on the whole we do not appreciate the extent to which lamb can be used in the diet, nor is the art of preparing it so generally understood as it is by the British housewife. There are many households where lamb is never seen, and particularly is this true of western farm homes, the last place where it should be so. Sheep raising has established its right to a place in the economy of most western farms, and the product ought to make a welcome addition to a menu not overly varied.

Another reason for the relative unpopularity of lamb is that cold storage lamb, often of foreign origin, is sometimes offered to the consumer in this country. Such a product is of course invariably inferior to fresh-killed, home-grown Canadian lamb.

Ten years ago a large percentage of the lambs that came to Canadian markets were range-bred, unfinished beasts, strong in the blood of fine-wooled sires. In seasons of lush grass and favorable fall weather conditions these were fairly acceptable from the butcher's standpoint. Then at other times they were far from prime. Sheep ranching has dwindled before the encroachments of the grain farmer, and the range lamb has given first place to the farm-bred product. Winter feeding, while not developed to anything like the extent to which it may be profitably practiced, is gaining in popularity. The net result is an increase in the quality of lamb offered on city markets, and increasing consumption.

Another fact which helps to account for the low lamb consumption of the prairie provinces is undoubtedly the large

of the American Bureau of Animal Industry.

That Wooly Taste?

There is a characteristic taste in cooked mutton or lamb, due to the chemical contents of the fat, which is highly

Making the Most of Mutton

Braised Lamb

Select any cut of the forequarter that is a solid piece of meat. Sear with a small amount of fat in a hot frying pan. Place in a covered pan or casserole, add a small amount of water, cover tightly and simmer gently on the top of the range or in the oven. Use only enough water to prevent the meat from burning. Replenish if necessary. Cook for three hours, allowing it only to simmer and uncovering during the last half hour.



A rolled shoulder of lamb

After two hours' cooking, season and add sliced potatoes, carrots or other vegetables.

Mutton Loaf

2 lbs. lean mutton. 2 tsp. salt.
1 c. stale breadcrumbs. Few grains pepper.
¼ c. melted fat. Juice ½ lemon.
2 eggs.

Put meat through the chopper and add other ingredients in the order given. Beat eggs slightly before adding. Shape into a loaf and place in a pan, pouring in a small amount hot water. Bake in a moderate oven for 45 minutes, basting frequently. Serve hot with peas and tomato sauce.

Crown of Lamb

Use the rack or rib cut and scrape the flesh from bone between the ribs as far as the lean meat. Trim off the backbone. Shape into a circle with ribs outside and sew firmly together to form a crown. Trim ends of bone evenly, taking care that they are not left too long. Wrap each bone in a thin strip of fat salt pork or insert in cubes of fat salt pork to prevent the bone from burning. Cover with greased paper and roast one and a quarter hours.

Scalloped Lamb

Take thin slices of cold roast lamb and remove skin, gristle and fat, sprinkle with salt and pepper. Place a layer of breadcrumbs in the bottom

of a greased baking dish and lay slices of meat on top of them. Put in a layer of macaroni and add another layer of meat. Continue in this fashion until the dish is full. Pour over the pulp from one jar canned tomatoes. Cover with buttered crumbs and bake in a hot oven till crumbs are brown.

Heart Stew

Simmer lamb or mutton hearts until tender. Remove and cut into two-inch pieces. Cook sliced onions in fat in a frying pan for five minutes. Add hearts and raw potatoes cut the same size as hearts. Cover with boiling water and cook until potatoes are done. Thicken the liquid and serve.

Lamb's Liver and Bacon

Cut liver in slices one-half inch thick. Cover with boiling water, let stand for a few minutes to drain out the blood, drain and wipe. Remove thin outer skin and veins. Sprinkle with salt and pepper, dredge with flour and pan-fry in bacon fat for five minutes, turning often. Serve with bacon. If cooked too long, liver becomes hard and leathery.

Tongues in Aspic

Cover five or more tongues with boiling water and simmer gently until tender. Remove and skin. Press into a deep bowl. Let the liquor boil down until sufficient to cover the tongues. Season and to each two cups add one and a half tablespoons gelatine softened in cold water. Pour over tongues, cool, and set away to harden.

Lamb's Kidneys

Soak, pare and cut six kidneys in slices. Sprinkle with salt and pepper. Melt two teaspoons fat in hot frying pan. Put in kidneys and cook five minutes. Dredge thoroughly with flour and add two-thirds cup boiling water or hot soup stock. Cook five minutes and if desired add lemon juice as flavoring. Kidneys must either be cooked for a short time or for several hours. A few minutes cooking will make them tender, but they soon toughen and need hours of cooking to make them tender again.

Lamb Stew

3 lbs. lamb. 1 pt. jar tomatoes.
2 onions. ½ c. rice.

Choose meat from forequarter or other stewing piece. Cut in small pieces, brown in a frying pan with chopped onion in a small amount of fat. Cover with boiling water and simmer for one hour. Add rice and cook for another hour. Add tomatoes and if desired thicken gravy with flour.

Savory Lamb

Cold sliced lamb or 1 tsp. salt.
mutton. 2 T. fat.
8 medium onions. 1 tsp. curry powder.
3 c. water. Few grains pepper.

Slice onions and place in the bottom of a saucepan. Lay the cold meat on the onions and add water. Cover pan tightly and simmer for one hour. Rub together the salt, fat, curry powder and pepper. Add to the meat and cook five minutes. Add lemon juice just before removing from the fire.

Time Table for Cooking

Roasting—20 minutes per pound.
Boiling—25 minutes per pound.
Stewing—25 minutes per pound.
Pan Frying—14 minutes for chops.
Allow quarter to half more time for mutton.

What to serve with lamb or mutton:—
Mint sauce with roast lamb (hot or cold).

Currant jelly with roast mutton (cold).
Caper sauce with boiled lamb or mutton (hot).

Roast potatoes with roast lamb.
Parsley sauce with braised lamb.

Mint Sauce

½ c. chopped mint. 1 T. vinegar or lemon juice.
2 T. brown sugar. 2 T. lemon juice.
1 T. water. A pinch of salt.

See that the mint is chopped finely. Add sugar and salt to vinegar and water. When dissolved pour over the mint and let stand at the back of range to infuse for 30 minutes.

Mint Jelly

½ c. chopped mint. 1 c. boiling water.
1 T. granulated gelatine. 2 T. lemon juice.
1 T. cold water. 2 T. sugar.

Soften gelatine in cold water and pour the boiling water over it. Add sugar, finely-chopped mint and lemon juice. Let cool and pour through a strainer, pressing the mint through with a wooden spoon. Rinse out a shallow granite plate with cold water, pour in the mixture and put in a cold place to set. When firm cut in small cubes and serve in place of mint sauce.

Horseradish Sauce

1 c. milk. 1 tsp. salt
¾ c. grated horseradish. 2 T. fat.
2 T. breadcrumbs.

Heat the milk and horseradish in a double boiler with the breadcrumbs for 20 minutes. Season, add fat and serve either hot or cold. This is excellent with either mutton or lamb. A half a cup whipped cream is a nice addition.

Continued on Page 35



Ribs and lamb chops with garnishings

Spending \$1,000 in the Farm Home

WHEN The Guide asked its women readers the question: Do you in the light of your experience on the farm want your daughter to marry a farmer?

there were 82 per cent of the replies in the affirmative. The Farmer's Wife, published in St. Paul, which has a very large farm circulation in the United States, asked its readers the same question, and of over 7,000 replies, 94 per cent. were favorable to farming. That showed that generally speaking farm women love rural life, love it so well that they believe that their children will be happy if they choose farming as a life's occupation. In a country as new as Canada, many farming districts labor under serious drawbacks to a satisfying rural life. Some of the letters, both favorable to farming and against it, pointed out the factors which militate against satisfying rural life. These were generally two things: the lack of money and the hard physical work.

Our women readers were then asked this question: Supposing someone were to give you \$1,000 on the one condition that you must spend it to make your life on the farm more happy and contented, what would you do with it? We seemed to have struck a vein thought familiar to many women, for the letters poured in with answers to our question. "Thank you, dear editor," writes one of the many, "for giving me this happy hour. I have taken the keenest delight in spending that wonderful \$1,000 on paper. I know it is not real, but it is such a pleasure just to imagine what I would do if I had it."

The condition was made that the woman must spend it herself on things that she most wanted, and the information gleaned from the letters throws interesting lights on conditions in the farm homes in Western Canada. Almost every woman sought to make working conditions in the house better. The lifting and carrying of water looms as one of the heaviest household tasks on the average farm, and 70 per cent. of the women mentioned either a water system, a cistern or a pump in the house. Possibly it was the fact that so many did not want to spend the bulk of that imaginary \$1,000 on one article that the cistern stood the second highest in the list of the most desirable articles. The pump in the house and the kitchen sink ran it a very close race. Water in the house, ready for use at the turn of the tap, is the dream of a great many farm women.

The most popular demand in the letters received was some form of a power washer. Second to carrying water the "family wash" on the farm looms large. In some cases a machine to run by hand was wanted to replace the tub and board, which one is apt these days to think a thing of history. The women saw in the power washer a labor-saving device that would lighten the physical strain of house work and which would also give them more time for more properly carrying on the business of homemaking—the better care and attention to their children and more leisure for themselves for their health, social and intellectual needs. Approximately 30 per cent. wanted either an electric plant or gasoline engine for power.

Following the carrying of water and the family wash, came the task of caring for the floors. One third of the women would spend part of the money on flooring, floor finishing or floor covering. Linoleum was the most in demand as so many of the floors are made of soft wood and are difficult to clean and finish. Very close to floors came wall finishing, and the items under this head ran all the way from lumber to finish walls left in rough, to plaster, wall board, paper and paint.

In building additions or making alterations to house the screened porch or verandah was most in demand, with the kitchen following a close second. Built-in cupboards and kitchen cabinets were among the step-saving articles asked for in the building. Over 8 per cent. wanted cellars built or the cellar improved. Over 20 per cent. wanted pro-

A Summary of the Information Gleaned from Letters from Farm Women—By Amy J. Roe

vision made for a bathroom or bathroom fixtures, many naming the bath tub alone as something very badly needed.

Among the smaller priced labor-savers the coal oil stove and gasoline iron and mantle lamps were the most in demand. Others asked for were: dishwashers, the dumb waiter, bread mixer, canning outfits, butter mixer, refrigerator, kitchen utensils, floor mops, and screens for windows and doors. Less than 4 per cent. would use part of the imaginary \$1,000 for hiring help in the house. Fourteen per cent. would spend money on articles of machinery which are of such necessity in the farm house, that one would expect to find them there already, namely the churn, sewing machine and cream separator.

Only about 25 per cent. of the number writing would spend part of the money

sixth of the women mentioned church and charitable donations.

It must be remembered that the question asked expressly stressed what the woman wanted in her own home to make her happy and contented with farm life. A great number mentioned things which women are interested in, but which are not in the home. Approximately 30 per cent. would make a capital investment of some kind. Poultry and livestock were the most popular investments, and 16.2-3 per cent. would put part of the money in the bank. There were 12½ per cent. who would buy either a car (this was usually a second hand car) or a horse for driving. Of the number answering 20 per cent. would spend some of the money on fixing up the grounds with flowers, trees and shrubs, or by painting the exterior of the farm buildings. And practically the same percentage would



Lifting and carrying water is one of the heaviest household tasks in the farm home. Running water or a pump in the house is the dream of a great many farm women.

on clothes, either for the woman herself or her family, while over 30 per cent. would buy furniture. The most-to-be-desired piece of furniture was the easy chair—usually a couple of them. These were not chairs to be bought and put away in the parlor or living-room and used only for company and special occasions, but they were wanted in most cases in the room commonly used by the family, where the tired woman and man of the house might rest after a heavy day's work. Close to the easy chair came the couch, and from that on the demands varied with the needs of the writers. About 16.2-3 per cent. wanted hangings or linen, while 12½ per cent. wanted dishes.

Over one half mentioned music, either a musical instrument, sheet or record music or lessons for some member of the family. The gramophone stood the highest among the instruments asked for, the piano second and the organ third.

One-quarter of the women would use part of the money for books, and one-sixth would buy magazines or daily papers. One-sixth would spend part on a holiday or trip for themselves or some member of the family. One-eighth wanted to use part of the money for their children's education. One-tenth would spend some of it for medical treatment, either with the dentist or doctor. One-eighth would spend a little on some form of social entertainment or game equipment for the home. One-

buy fences of some kind, either for the house yard, gardens or poultry runs.

This contest was one of the most difficult to judge which The Guide has ever attempted. The conditions under which the writers wrote varied so widely. One woman might easily spend the whole sum on her kitchen and spend it wisely, while another who had a well equipped house have an equally as good a plan for spending by putting in some of the finer comforts such as pictures, books, etc. The letters were not comparable as the conditions were so different. The judges finally awarded prizes to the following letters:

First Prize Letter

The average farm wife could quite easily spend \$5,000 and spend it economically too. But since the sum allotted to her is but \$1,000 she must practice stringent economy and spend only on such things as she deems necessary for

the welfare and happiness of her home and children.

An enormous amount of money may be spent in furnishing the home; by this I do not mean that the home should be crowded with rich luxuries. The home need not be necessarily pretentious, but pleasing for the sake of repose of mind of its inmates, and a workshop that will be as adequately convenient as possible to secure the well-being of the housewife's body. In order that the women of the house may have strength and leisure for reading and intellectual advancement, it is necessary that the housework be modified so as not to take up all her time, or overtax her strength and physical well-being. With these views in mind, my first expenditure would be for labor-saving devices and furnishings.

One of the farm wife's greatest burdens is wash-day. The average farm wife does her washing by a hand washer, and when she has to wash for a large family and hired help, the task is overly strenuous for the good of her health. My first expenditure then, would be in a power washer and wringer. A washer and wringer with an engine to run them would cost \$100. Besides running the washer, the engine would be an invaluable labor-saver for doing other work, such as running the cream separator and churn, etc. Besides the power washer, other necessities of the kitchen are—a kitchen cabinet, a refrigerator, and linoleum for the floor. These would cost another hundred dollars, but would mean a tremendous saving in time, labor and worry. Moreover the price of these would be saved by the cost of hired help, which I would then be able to dispense with.

An attractive and happy home is decidedly necessary, for the peace of the father and mother, and in order to keep the children within the family circle. In recognition of these facts, I would, therefore, purchase some good, attractive furniture. A good dining-room suite, and a living-room suite, together would cost about \$270, and a few attractive rugs \$50. I would consider this money well spent, because of the satisfaction it would afford me and my children, and the happy and satisfactory home life which it would engender. For the amusement of the family, and for social purposes, I would invest in a gramophone and a violin, which would cost about \$125.

The educational interests of my children would be an all-important consideration to me. For educational purposes I would set aside about \$300. I have one boy in high school, and this sum would give him a business education, or coupled with what he could earn, would help him through university. Although I could dispense with some of the furniture in order to set aside more money for the education of my son, I think, however, that the best plan would be to let some of his education depend on his own ability, as it would tend to make him more economical, diligent and self-reliant.

I have now reached the limit of my resources. Although I could spend much more money on innumerable articles, I have enumerated those things which I believe to be most necessary and economical, and on which I would spend \$1,000 and feel that it had been economically and well invested.—Mrs. H. M.

Second Prize Letter

To me the secret of being happy is to be contented with one's lot, and only when one's mental attitude is in harmony with its environment can that much-to-be-desired state be attained. The attitude of one's mind towards one's work is dependent on the condition of the body and upon the mind's environment. The long, tedious hours of work in the summer draw heavily on our physical strength, and leave little time for any recreation or reading. Again during the winter, kept indoors by the cold and often shut off for days at a time from intercourse with the outside world, life resolves itself into a

Continued on Page 29

PRETTY FALL STYLES



No. 1445—Ladies' Dress. Cut in sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48 and 50 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 5 yards 36-inch material with $\frac{1}{2}$ yards 12-inch contrasting.

Transfer Pattern No. 616—in yellow only—12c extra.
No. 1511—Ladies' Dress. Cut in sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires $3\frac{1}{2}$ yards 36-inch material with $\frac{1}{2}$ yards 21-inch contrasting; $2\frac{1}{2}$ yards binding and 4 yards ribbon for sash.

No. 1347—Ladies' Dress—Cut in sizes 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires $4\frac{1}{2}$ yards 36-inch material with $\frac{1}{2}$ yard 27-inch contrasting.
No. 9442—Boys' Blouse. Cut in sizes 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. Size 8 requires $1\frac{1}{2}$ yards 36-inch material.

No. 1462—Ladies' Dress. Cut in sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, and 44 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires $2\frac{1}{2}$ yards 36-inch dark material with $\frac{1}{2}$ yards 36-inch light material.

No. 1075—Ladies' Dress. Cut in sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires $3\frac{1}{2}$ yards 36-inch material.

No. 1474—Ladies' Dress. Cut in sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48 and 50 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires $3\frac{1}{2}$ yards 36-inch material with $\frac{1}{2}$ yards 36-inch contrasting.

No. 9805—Ladies' and Misses' Bloomers. Cut in sizes 24, 28, 32 and 36 inches waist measure. Size 28 requires $2\frac{1}{2}$ yards 36-inch material.

No. 1301—Ladies' House Dress. Cut in sizes 36, 40 and 44 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires $3\frac{1}{2}$ yards 36-inch material with $\frac{1}{2}$ yard 36-inch contrasting.
No. 1287—Child's Dress with Bloomers. Cut in sizes 2, 4, 6 and 8 years. Size 4 requires $2\frac{1}{2}$ yards, 36-inch material with $4\frac{1}{2}$ yards binding.

~~~~~

**HOW TO ORDER PATTERNS.**—Write your name and address plainly on any piece of paper. Enclose 15c in stamps or coins (wrap coin carefully) for each pattern ordered. Send your order to FASHION DEPARTMENT. Our patterns are furnished especially for us by the leading fashion designers of New York City. Every pattern is seam-allowing and guaranteed to fit perfectly.

**OUR FALL AND WINTER BOOK OF FASHIONS** is perhaps the most interesting fashion magazine obtainable. In addition to over 300 styles for women, girls, children and men, it contains four pages of embroidery designs, three pages of styles worn by Photoplay Stars, a course in dressmaking, and valuable articles telling the stout woman how to dress so as to take off thirty pounds in appearance, how the very slim woman can appear heavier, and what colors are most suitable for the blonde, the brunette, etc. The price is 10c per copy. Address your order to FASHION DEPARTMENT.

No. 1143—Girls' Dress. Cut in sizes 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. Size 8 requires  $1\frac{1}{2}$  yards 36-inch material with  $\frac{1}{2}$  yard 36-inch contrasting for dress and  $\frac{1}{2}$  yards 36-inch material for guimp.

No. 1302—Ladies' House Dress. Cut in sizes 36, 40 and 44 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires  $3\frac{1}{2}$  yards 36-inch material with  $\frac{1}{2}$  yard 30-inch contrasting.

No. 1255—Child's Pajamas. Cut in sizes 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. Size 8 requires  $2\frac{1}{2}$  yards 36-inch material.

No. 1354—Ladies' Apron or House Dress. Cut in sizes 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires  $3\frac{1}{2}$  yards 36-inch material with  $\frac{1}{2}$  yard 36-inch contrasting and  $6\frac{1}{2}$  yards binding.

No. 8782—Girls' Bloomers and Underwaist. Cut in sizes 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. Size 8 requires  $1\frac{1}{2}$  yards 36-inch material for bloomers and  $\frac{1}{2}$  yard 36-inch material for underwaist.

No. 1095—Ladies' and Misses' Dress. Cut in sizes 16 years, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires  $2\frac{1}{2}$  yards 36-inch material for dress and  $1\frac{1}{2}$  yards 36-inch material for guimp.

No. 1130—Girls' Dress. Cut in sizes 6, 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. Size 8 requires 3 yards 36-inch material.

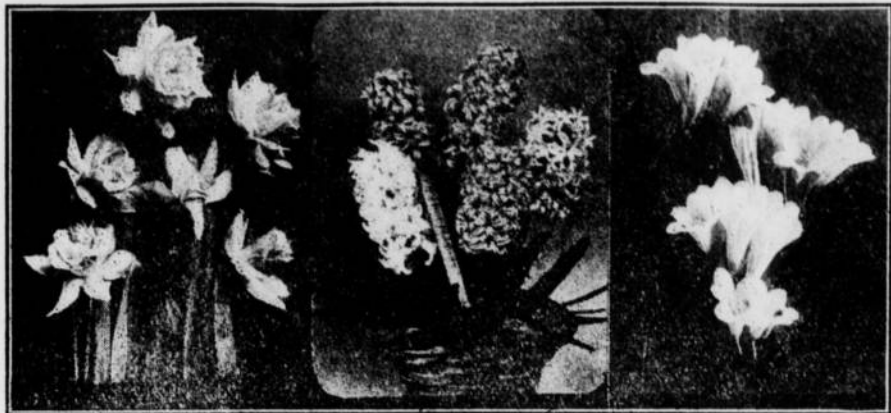
No. 1358—Ladies' and Misses' Dress—Cut in sizes 16 years, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires  $3\frac{1}{2}$  yards 36-inch material.  
Transfer Pattern No. 608—in yellow only—12c extra.



# Potting Bulbs for Winter

*Selection and Care of Bulbs for Winter Flowering—*

*By Dr. H. M. Speechly*



Left: Double Van Sion daffodil. Centre: Hyacinths. Right: Freesia Purity.

**B**EFORE you begin to ask the question, I may as well say—“No, the root systems of Gladiolus, dahlia, red hot poker (tristoma), or that beautiful Chinese plant, Incarvillea, are not bulbs, nor are they hardy for the West. Gladiolus grows from a corm, and the others are tuberous-rooted. If you have any of these in the garden, dig them up now and put them to rest in a cool dark place in a frost-free cellar, with their own soil clinging to them or covered with some sand until next May.”

Bulbs? Well, onions are bulbs and consist of a central bud wrapped around with layer upon layer of fleshy leaf-like scales. Bulbs such as Scilla Sibirica (blue squill), tulips, tiger-lilies and some other lilies are so hardy that they should be fall planted in the garden. So we will not talk about them.

What our readers want to know is first how to pot bulbs, and then what kind of bulbs to buy. First, it should be understood that there are two methods, both of which have their attraction and convenience, potting in water or in some solid material. Let us take the water-method first. Specially made glasses with a long neck can be bought for thirty or thirty-five cents in Winnipeg, Regina or Calgary for this purpose; or you can use any glass vase that will hold the bulbs conveniently. In the latter case you should put a few stones, pebbles, clinkers, or even hard coal in the bottom of the vase and sit your bulbs on the stones, so that the roots may get a hold and sufficient space to operate. The special glasses have a circular top on which you place your bulb after filling the glass up to the neck with water. Whichever way you use this method, put your vases all in a dark cool place to start the root systems reaching down into the water. After a month or six weeks for the early bulbs and two months for the later you can bring them up to light and warmth. The bulbs best treated this way are Paper White Narcissus, the Polyanthus Tazettae, known as Chinese lily, Roman hyacinths, and Dutch hyacinths—the Dutch hyacinths blooming latest, after Christmas. As the bulbs sprout an inch or two of green bring them up to the sitting-room.

## Potting in Soil or Moss Fibre

Remember that all these bulbs are pretty hardy, and prefer low to high temperatures. While rooting in water or soil they like a temperature round about 50 degrees Fahr., and total darkness until they are ready to put forth leaves and flowers. Bulbs while rooting are easily spoiled by temperatures above 55 degrees, and that is one reason why they won't flower sometimes. Want of moisture is another cause. Most people pot either in moss fibre or in soil. Potting in moss fibre without drainage is nice and clean. Moss fibre is a mixture of cocoa-nut fibre, charcoal, and crushed oyster shell sold by most bulb dealers. Surround the bulb with moss fibre firmly packed up to the neck in a glass or china vase of sufficient depth. Moisten the fibre enough to feel moist to the finger tips and keep it like that, not soaking wet, until the flower spike develops. The late Robert Sydenham, of

Birmingham, England, first introduced this method about 20 years ago. It is not as popular, of course, as the ordinary method of planting bulbs in soil contained in pots of any size from three inches across the top and up-upwards. Five-inch pots are, perhaps, the most handy for the ordinary home. Over the hole in the bottom of the pot place any clean pebbles, stones, crocks, or clinkers for drainage. If during the summer you have stacked a pile of old sod for this very purpose or have an old sod stable, put two or three small chunks of the rotten sod on the stones and cover these with ordinary good garden soil to the depth of an inch or two, the size of the bulb governing this detail. If you have some good sand available, use one part to two parts of soil as an excellent mixture. Sit your bulbs on this level, pointed end upwards. Then fill in the rest of your pot with soil so that the bulb is firmly packed with soil up to the neck, the final level of the soil being left an inch lower than the rim of the pot. I usually water the filled pots with enough moisture to soak them thoroughly and then sprinkle a loose layer on the top. Finally, whether in moss fibre or soil, you put your bulbs into a dark, dry, but cool place to root for two months or more. Water them once a week. Later on the leaves will thrust out an inch or two, some earlier, some later, and then it is time to bring them to light and warmth thus obtaining a delightful succession of bloom.

## Season for Flowering

Paper-white narcissi, sweet scented, elegant and graceful, bloom early in December. Roman hyacinths fill in the latter half of that month and after January 1, expect your Freesias to bloom. Then later in January come the Daffodil Narcissi such as Princeps, Victoria Bicolor, Emperor and Empress, and the double Van Sion. Dutch Hyacinths occupy January and February. Get Gertrude (pink), Yellow Hammer, Madam Kruger (white), Grand Maitre (blue) and King of the Belgians (Red)—have singles and doubles. The last bulbs to bloom are the single and double sweet scented Narcissus poeticus and Narcissus Orange Phoenix and the Jonquils. Please note two exceptions to the above. Freesia bulbs and crocus corms are these, requiring the following treatment. A wide shallow pot or an eight-inch pot is filled in the same way as the other pots, but the bulbs or corms are not planted till the soil is all in. Then you plunge them base downwards until the pointed tips are just visible. As both of these have grass-like leaves, surround the outer rim of the pot with some form of support.

## Lilies

You might like to grow some lilies in pots, such as the Golden-rayed lily of Japan, or the Lancifolium lilies, red or white, or the so-called Easter lilies (L. Harrisii). These are wide, flat bulbs, usually needing at least a 5-inch pot to each bulb. Carry out the same plan for planting them as for hyacinths, allowing the sharp ends of the bulb to appear just on the surface. Pack the soil firmly and leave them in the cellar for three months at least. They will not bloom earlier than April.

## Use This Coupon for a Trial Package



S. C. JOHNSON & SON LTD., Dept. G.G.G. 10, Brantford.

Please send me postpaid the item checked below. I enclose 10c to cover mailing and wrapping cost.

- ☐ A Trial Can of Johnson's Paste Polishing Wax.  
(Sufficient for a small floor or piece of linoleum)  
☐ A Trial Bottle of Johnson's Liquid Polishing Wax.  
(Sufficient for polishing several pieces of furniture)

My Name \_\_\_\_\_

My Address \_\_\_\_\_

My dealer is \_\_\_\_\_

(If you want both the Paste and Liquid Wax, send 20c).

## JOHNSON'S POLISHING WAX

*Paste - Liquid - Powdered*

**E**VERY room needs the brightening touch of Johnson's Polishing Wax. It will rejuvenate your furniture, woodwork, floors and linoleum, and give your home that fine air of immaculate cleanliness. It imparts a beautiful, lustrous polish which will not show finger-prints.

Your linoleum will last longer and look better if you polish it occasionally with Johnson's Prepared Wax. Johnson's Wax prevents cracking and blistering—brings out the pattern and color and protects linoleum from wear.



Johnson's Liquid Prepared Wax is the ideal furniture polish. It gives a hard, dry, oil-less polish to which dust and lint cannot cling. Takes all the drudgery from dusting. Protects and preserves the varnish, prolonging its life.

## Are You Building?

If you are building or remodeling you should have our Book on Wood Finishing and Home Beautifying. It tells how to finish inexpensive soft woods so they are as beautiful and artistic as hardwood—includes color charts, gives covering capacities, etc. We will gladly send it free and postpaid for the name of the painter you usually employ.

Insist upon Johnson's Polishing Wax. For Sale at All Good Stores.

S. C. Johnson & Son Ltd. Dept. G.G.G. 10 Brantford

"The Wood Finishing Authorities"

## No Other Telephone has all these Features

**Durable Oak Case, handsomely finished; an attraction in the home.**

**This switch hook is built for durability and quick action.**

**Loud clear ringing gongs announce incoming calls.**

**You hear distinctly and with comfort through this receiver.**

**A powerful generator that will ring several telephones at once or call Central as desired.**

**This push button allows calling of Central without disturbing others on the line.**

**This local and long distance transmitter projects your voice to the outer world.**

**Flexible and durable receiver cord of convenient length.**

**A screw-driver only is needed to mount this telephone or make any adjustment.**

**Comfortably sloped writing shelf enables you to note important information as received.**

**Properly Packed. Packed individually in substantial cases ready to install, complete with screws and battery connectors. Weight—32 lbs.**

**If your community has no telephone system write us. Our experience is at your disposal. We will help you organize.**

**Northern Electric Company**  
LIMITED

"Makers of the Nation's Telephones"

|          |          |          |           |
|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Montreal | Toronto  | Windsor  | Calgary   |
| Halifax  | Hamilton | Winnipeg | Edmonton  |
| Quebec   | London   | Regina   | Vancouver |



**Bovril**  
helps you to  
"turn the corner"

**Fairy Soda**



IN THE BIG  
FAMILY SIZE  
PACKAGE

Look for  
the Striped Label

**NORTH-WEST BISCUIT COMPANY LTD**

## 60,000 YOUNG AMERICANS DIE

Each Year—From Old Age Diseases  
—Due Largely to Faulty Food

**P**ROFESSOR McCOLLUM, of Johns Hopkins University, says these old age deaths, from diseases of the heart, blood vessels, kidneys, brain, digestive organs etc., have doubled in thirty years, and that younger persons are every year being attacked. McCollum also says 10% of all deaths are due to tuberculosis, and "this condition is largely due to faulty food."

*Conditions are identical in Canada and all civilized countries where the same foolish food habits prevail.*

The food mistakes of civilization and therefore of us Canadians—of me and mine—of you and yours—are too much "denatured," "deficiency," "excess-acid," white flour, refined cereals, meats, and sweets; too little whole grain cereals, milk, eggs, leafy vegetables and fruits, the immemorial natural food of the human race.

McCollum has demonstrated that a combination of whole grains is even superior to one whole grain—because bet-

ter balanced. Roman Meal is the only combination of whole grains cereal known. It supplies the deficiencies of white flour, other cereals, meats and sweets. It was designed by a food scientist for that purpose. For this reason it nourishes better than meat, relieves most forms of indigestion and positively relieves all forms of constipation.

*Because of its Flaxin, Roman Meal contains more bone making salts and protein than even milk, thus it is the best possible food for your child and for the nursing and expectant mother.*

Buy Roman Meal at  
Grocers and try this  
Delightful Recipe  
to-day

### ROMAN MEAL BROSE-O

Icy-Cold! Steaming Hot!  
Stir 1 rounded cup  
Roman Meal into 4 cups  
boiling, salted water. Boil  
slowly for 10 minutes.  
Set in a cool place to jelly,  
or in ice chest. Serve cold  
with milk or cream and  
sugar, honey, preserves  
or jelly or bananas or  
berries, etc. (If hot foods  
are preferred, reheat in  
double boiler after it has  
jellied by standing over  
night.)

**Add ROMAN MEAL to Your Daily Diet.**



ROMAN MEAL is the only balanced combination of whole grains—wheat, rye, Flaxin, and comminuted bran. It is a delicious family food, to be used as porridge, or baked into anything half and half with flour. By using Roman Meal in some way every day, with plenty of milk and some leafy vegetables (preferably uncooked) you provide your body—and the bodies of your children—with every element necessary to sturdy health and long life, and correct the "deficiencies" of modern "excess acid" and "deficiency" foods. Roman Meal aids digestion, positively relieves constipation.

**With one exception the most economical cereal sold.**

ROMAN MEAL COMPANY, TORONTO.

## Manitoba's Child Welfare Act

*A Summary of the Provisions of the Act Passed Last Session—*

*By Mildred B. McMurray*

**T**HE Child Welfare Act of Manitoba passed the House at the close of the session of 1922, after a somewhat stormy and perilous voyage, and only awaits the proclamation of the lieutenant-governor to become law. It does not embody any very new or startling legislation, but is designed rather to correct both the over-lapping and uncovered territory which resulted from the several existing acts and their administration through several departments. As may be expected, the act does not go far enough to satisfy some elements, and is too radical to suit others, but at the same time it is characterized by a spirit of fair play, and the few alterations that have been made in the existing law are of such far reaching importance that they alone justify its existence and should win for those who gave so much time, thought and labor to its preparation, the hearty appreciation of Manitoba womanhood.



Miss Mildred McMurray, LL.B.

Juvenile Delinquents Act of the Dominion, 1908, by which any child who has been guilty of a breach of any Dominion or provincial statute may be tried in juvenile courts where the procedure is better suited to the needs of children than that of the ordinary courts. The Child Welfare Act therefore passes over

this phase of the subject very briefly, merely providing for the appointment of deputies and the establishment of a detention home where such children may be placed pending the disposition of their case.

Section three is directed to neglected children and was a question which brought forth a great deal of discussion. What constitutes "a neglected child"? The answer is found in some seventeen sections, which in general include any child who has been abandoned or is being neglected, as evidenced by being found begging or association with disreputable persons, or who being under the age of 12 years

is found employed between the hours of 10 p.m. and 6 p.m. Such child may be apprehended without a warrant by any police officer or person acting under the authority of the Child Welfare Department and placed in the receiving home for proper consideration. The executive shall then immediately notify the parents and bring the child before a judge for investigation of the case within two days. If the judge finds that the child is a neglected child within the meaning of this act, he may order the child placed under the care of the department or in an industrial school.

### The Illegitimate Child

Section four deals with children whose parents have not been legally married, and is in general a re-enactment of the Illegitimate Children's Act. It provides that if an unmarried woman is pregnant and her child likely to be born while she is unmarried, she may lay any information before a magistrate, setting out the facts and giving the name of the alleged father. The alleged father may then be brought before the magistrate and required to give a bond. If such bond is not forthcoming he may be committed to gaol pending trial, until such time as the child is born. As soon as convenient after the birth of the child, the father and mother shall be brought before a magistrate for hearing of the evidence. If the accused is adjudged to be the father of the child, the magistrate may order him to pay (a) the hospital expenses of the mother, and (b) the funeral expenses of the child if it has died, or (c) if living, maintenance in accordance with the means of the father. This latter clause is a marked improvement on the former law by which the father could free himself from all responsibility by payment of a lump sum of approximately \$400 without regard for his means.

This section further provides that no such order shall be made against an accused unless the mother's evidence be corroborated. If no order is made against the father he shall be entitled to his costs of defence against the person who laid the charge, thus recognizing the fact, whether we like to admit it or not, that there are unscrupulous women as well as men, and justice must be afforded all parties concerned. Either party may appeal against the decision of the trial judge to a judge of the county court. The Vital Statistics Department or any institution caring

### Department in Charge

The first of the eleven sections comprising the act deals with the creation of a department of public welfare presided over by a minister of public welfare. To assist him there shall be a director and such staff as will be appointed by a lieutenant-governor-in-council. The duties of this department are set forth in detail, but in general may be summed up as follows: 1, the dissemination of knowledge of care of children through Children's Aid Societies and Child Welfare Commissions throughout the province; 2, the supervision of all children placed in foster homes throughout the province, either as wards of the province, committed by a judge or brought into the province for settlement by charitable organizations.

The head office of the organization is to be in Winnipeg, and is to include a "receiving home" into which may be received any children who come within the jurisdiction of the act. A psychiatrist, together with a board of not less than five nor more than seven, are to be appointed to study the needs of the cases received, and to make recommendations to the minister with regard to institutions, custody, education and care of such children. Of the board only the psychiatrist receives remuneration.

Section two deals with juvenile courts. Adequate provision in this regard has already been made by the

Continued on Page 27



## Sealing Wax Craft

*Old Articles Take on a New Lease of Life when Covered with Wax.—Fascinating Color Schemes in Beads can be Quickly Developed—*  
By Margaret M. Speechly



Some examples of sealing wax work—15-cent candlestick, medallion with roses in relief, paste pot, beads, olive bottle, wax-cent salt and pepper shakers, cherry bottle, ink pot and vase.

UNTIL lately the only place for sealing wax was on the back of a letter. Now, it is employed for making a large number of useful and ornamental things at a small cost. The colors in which it is manufactured are so varied that an ordinary person can in a short time produce most artistic effects with very little trouble.

At this time of the year, people of forethought are planning their Christmas remembrances so that there will be no rush at the last minute. By using sealing wax it is easy to make gifts that will be most acceptable, not only for their beauty but because they were made by the donor.

The equipment for doing this most fascinating work is neither expensive nor elaborate. A small alcohol lamp is necessary for melting the wax—denatured or wood alcohol is used as fuel. "Canned heat" may be substituted but is more expensive and does not do the work as well because a small pointed flame is needed to produce good results. A candle is too smoky for use. A knitting needle about size 12, a cup of water, a piece of cotton cloth, and some soft paper are also needed. If you wish to make flowers or other designs in relief, you should get two small instruments called a moulder and a spatula which cost very little. The nearest mail order house will furnish you with the necessary supplies.

### Many Articles Coated with Wax

Sealing wax can be used for covering olive bottles, jam jars, pantry tins, candlesticks, vases, flower pots, inkstands, paste pots, toilet sets, salt and pepper shakers and many other articles. It is well, however, to select only those which can be washed in cold water for warm or hot water takes off the lustre of the wax. It is also unsafe to cover celluloid with wax as it is highly inflammable.

Beads of most beautiful hues can be made to match any dress, while hatpins to tone with the winter or summer chapeau are effective and unusual.

Suppose you have a pair of candlesticks of plain glass, or a vase which does not harmonize with the color scheme of the living-room. Select a shade that blends with the furniture or hangings and coat the article with wax. To do this, warm a section of it in the flame of the alcohol lamp and heat the end of a stick of wax. Beginning at the top apply the soft wax with short brushlike strokes. It will be uneven at this stage, but will be beautifully smooth when finished. As soon as the stick becomes cool, put it back into the flame taking care to avoid burning. Continue to dab it on every half inch or so until enough has been applied to cover the surface when heated.

Next, hold the article over the flame,

revolving it slowly to make the wax run over the surface, and removing it if the wax becomes too soft. Always turn in the same direction so that the finished product will look like glazed pottery. It may remain one solid color or other shades may be introduced at this stage. Care should be taken to select those that harmonize with the furnishings of the room. When the article is quite cool, dab on the other colors in small amounts and return to the flame so that they may mingle with one another. Always turn in the same direction.

It is often a real problem to know what to do with flower pots when stained and unsightly. After covering them with a coat of dark green, or blue wax they can hardly be recognized as the same articles. Blue birds or other suitable designs cut from paper serviettes or decorative paper and pasted on to the pots make a good pattern for decoration. When dry, the birds are "worked over" with wax of the same color. Festoons of flowers in relief can also be applied if desired. Directions for making these designs are given later in this article. Bulb pots may be treated in the same way as flower pots.

Serviette rings of metal or bone are also made respectable members of society by dressing them in wax. If you happen to have a seal with your initial on it, press it on the ring while the wax is still warm. The ink pot and paste pot in the illustration were very ordinary in appearance until I treated them with wax. By covering the lower section with black and the upper part with coral, a very artistic effect was obtained. The two colors were allowed to run into each other slightly.

### Beads of All Colors

Sealing wax beads can be made in an unlimited variety of colors and shapes. Break off two pieces of wax about the size needed for the finished bead. Heat the end of a knitting needle in the flame for about an inch and a half. Press a piece of wax on either side of it until they stick together. Return to the flame, revolving slowly until a smooth bead is formed. If the wax becomes too soft, immediately put the bead into cold water until hard. On removing it, wipe it thoroughly for if moisture remains, tiny bubbles or pin holes will form when the bead is put back in the flame. Mould the bead into the desired shape. Additional colors are applied at this stage and are allowed to run into each other.

To remove the bead from the needle, heat it at either side of the wax, taking care not to let the ends melt. When enough heat has been applied the bead slides off easily, leaving a clean-cut hole. Thread the beads on fine silk cord or corded ribbon. When only a few are used they can be held in place by

Continued on Page 25



## A Delightful Test

To bring you prettier teeth

This offers you a ten-day test which will be a revelation to you. It will show you the way to whiter, cleaner, safer teeth.

Millions of people of some forty races now employ this method. Leading dentists everywhere advise it. You should learn how much it means to you and yours.

### Clouded by a film

Your teeth are clouded more or less by film. The fresh film is viscous—you can feel it with your tongue. It clings to teeth, enters crevices and stays.

Old methods of brushing leave much of that film intact. The film absorbs stains, so the teeth look discolored. Film is the basis of tartar.

### How it ruins teeth

That film holds food substance which ferments and forms acids. It holds the acids in contact with the teeth to cause decay.

Millions of germs breed in it. They, with tartar, are the chief cause of pyorrhea. So most tooth troubles are now traced to that film, and they are almost universal.

Made in Canada

**Pepsodent**  
REG. IN CANADA

The New-Day Dentifrice

Endorsed by modern authorities and now advised by leading dentists nearly all the world over. All druggists supply the large tubes.

### Now we combat it

Dental science, after long research has found two film combatants. Many careful tests have proved their efficiency. Leading dentists everywhere urge their daily use.

A new-day tooth paste has been created, called Pepsodent. It complies with modern requirements. And these two great film combatants are embodied in it.

### Two other effects

Pepsodent brings two other effects which authority now deems essential. It multiplies the starch digestant in the saliva.

It multiplies the alkalinity of the saliva. That is Nature's neutralizer for acids which cause decay.

Send the coupon for a 10-Day Tube and watch these effects for a while. Note how clean the teeth feel after using. Mark the absence of the viscous film. See how teeth whiten as the film-coats disappear.

Then judge the benefits by what you see and feel. You will be amazed

10-Day Tube Free

THE PEPSODENT COMPANY  
Dept. 340, 191 George St., Toronto, Ont.  
Mail 10-Day Tube of Pepsodent to

Only one tube to a family.

"It-raises-the-dough"

49




Gold Standard Baking Powder  
The Bodville Co. Ltd.



# BLUE RIBBON TEA

In comparing BLUE RIBBON with other packet teas, do not compare it with tea offered at the same price.

BLUE RIBBON claims to be the best in Canada regardless of price, and a teapot test will make good this claim.



**PURITY FLOUR**  
"More Bread and Better Bread"  
and Better Pastry too  
**USE IT IN ALL YOUR BAKING**



**EDDY'S SILENT MATCHES**  
(REGISTERED)  
TREATED TO PREVENT "AFTER-GLOW"  
**NON-POISONOUS**  
**STRIKE-ANYWHERE**

**Canadian Clean Through!**

**Always Everywhere in Canada ask for**  
**EDDY'S MATCHES**

**The E.B. EDDY Co., Ltd. Hull, Canada.**

AGENTS: TEES & PERSSE LIMITED, Winnipeg and Branches

## Helps for Mother

Readers Tell How They Save Time and Labor

**A**n expensive hand-embroidered centrepiece had a hole about the size of a dime burned in it as the result of a cigarette laid carelessly down. I put a small patch of netting over the hole, then worked a leaf over the patch with silk of the same shade as that used in the design. The result was very satisfactory.—S.S.M., Man.

As I did not own a wardrobe trunk for my summer trip with a family of four, I secured about six good-sized shirt boxes. In each one I put different articles—thin summer dresses in one, men's shirts in another, baby dresses in another, etc. When we reached our destination, not only were the clothes easy to find, as I marked on each box the contents, but they were in perfect condition, and not at all mussed up as is common after a trip.—Mrs. L.O., Man.

A discarded toothbrush is just the thing to use for dampening seams for pressing. The brush opens up the seam as it is drawn along and the work can be done quickly. The brush is also effective to use on other parts of a garment.—Miss K. J., Alta.

To regulate the amount of flavoring needed when pouring out extracts, cut a small notch in the cork and insert a toothpick in the opening. It is necessary only to remove the toothpick and shake the bottle to get as many drops as are needed. When using oil of peppermint for flavoring there is no danger of having it too strong if a tiny bit is taken up on the end of a toothpick.—Grandma, Sask.

When ironing in hot weather, a great deal of it can be done with the clothes-wringer—all flat pieces, pillow-slips, towels, sheets, aprons, underwear, and stockings, if carefully smoothed out or folded neatly may be put through the wringer with tight rollers and made smooth enough for ordinary uses.—Mrs. B.F.E., Man.

Before storing silver away for months at a time, I find it a good plan to clean it well with silver polish, put a good thick coat of vaseline on, then put it away in tissue-paper. It will come out without a tarnish mark.—M.E.L., Alta.

To keep the toes of Baby's shoes from wearing through while he is creeping, make little caps of heavy cloth (canvas or ticking are good), sew elastic on to go round the back of the shoes. They are similar to grown-ups' foot-holds.—Mrs. Jas. P., Man.

Try covering the starch bowl on wash day. This prevents a skin being formed on top and keeps the starch free from lumps.—Mrs. T.Y., Sask.

Two flat-irons placed flat side down on the table are splendid holders for yarn when winding it. This does away with the necessity of having someone to hold the wool.—Knitter, Man.

When pitting cherries for canning, I discovered that a common writing pen placed point first in the holder made a good pitter. The rounded end inserted in the stem end of the cherry will bring out the stone and leave the cherry whole.—Mrs. P.V., Alta.

Try using white oilcloth to line the bottoms of the drawers in the kitchen. This is much better than paper and can be cleaned readily.—Mrs. D.E.G., Sask.

When stringing beads I find the fine, thread-like wire that comes on spools the safest and best. Strong enough for the heaviest of beads, it is as pliable as the finest thread and yet does not break.—D.R., Alta.

To use up the very small potatoes, wash without peeling and boil. Put four or five at a time in the potato ricer. The skins stick to the top and can easily be scraped off. This is a quick and economical method.—Mrs. R.M.W., Sask.

A kitchen table top of linoleum can be held in place with a few thumb tacks or a small molding can be tacked on the table top to keep the linoleum from slipping. The molding should not extend more than a trifle above the top, so that it will not catch dirt. Hot dishes do not stick to linoleum.—Mrs. P.T., Man.

When putting on dome fasteners, sew the ball section on first and cover it with chalk. Place the other side on top of the chalked balls and press slightly. The spot where the socket section should be sewed is easily and accurately marked in this way.—R.C., Alta.

Many cooks think that a jar full of sifted flour will remain "sifted" until used up. This is not so. The flour must be sifted immediately before using to make the measurements of a recipe correct.—Mrs. D.J.C., Man.

When hard up for money, I lined a bushel basket with white oilcloth and used it in place of a clothes-basket. It costs much less and is easier to handle.—Janey, Sask.

Use half-yard lengths of elastic corset lacing for the knees of bloomers. The ends run through the hem so easily that I have found them preferable to the use of piece elastic and a tape needle.—Mrs. L.M.J., Man.

To make an inexpensive table pad, take enough newspapers to make a layer one-fourth of an inch thick, paste them together so they will not slip apart, cut it to fit the table, cover both sides with an old sheet.—Miss C.B., Alta.

If you have no fireless cooker, use the reservoir of the range for keeping food hot. Place it in glass jars, seal tightly and set them in the hot water. I have cooked dinner at breakfast-time, let my fire go out and had a hot meal six hours later.—Mrs. H.S., Sask.

In severe cases of illness where the patient is disturbed by the noise made in closing the door, tie one corner of a handkerchief around the knob on one side of the door, and the opposite corner around the knob on the other side. The door will then close noiselessly on the folds of the handkerchief.—Mrs. F. de B., Man.

Artistic vases can be made from cereal boxes and cretonne scraps. I use either round oatmeal boxes with empty baking-powder cans inside for holding the water, or oblong cereal boxes with empty cocoa tins inside. In covering the boxes, paste a strip of cretonne around each box, allowing two inches to be turned in at the top and to fold under at the bottom. In filling the vases with water, the inside cans can be removed very easily without disturbing the boxes themselves. In arranging flowers in the various vases, take particular care that the color of the flowers harmonizes with the color scheme of the vases.—Miss G. M.H., Sask.

Instead of putting a whole top on your pie, after rolling out the top crust place a circular plate or pan on it which is a little smaller than the top of the pie to be covered and cut around it; then place on top of pie. There should be a circle without any crust next to the edge of the pie. This makes a very pretty top and is quite a saving of crust.—Q.P., Man.



# Johnny Canuck's Lunch

He and Janey Need the Right Kinds of Food at Noon in Order to Keep Their Bodies and Minds Active—By Margaret M. Speechly

EVERY Canadian mother has great ambitions for her children—in fact she has visions of Johnny as a premier in the dim and distant future, and of Janey making a name for herself in other ways. It is doubtful, however, if every homemaker realizes how much the success of her family depends upon the noon lunch. A furnace poorly stoked with the wrong kind of coal, will not heat a house. A child with an under-nourished body simply cannot do the best work physically or mentally, for he is laboring under a tremendous handicap. Children going to school must depend upon their lunches for at least one quarter of the day's food supply. It is therefore of utmost importance that they should have the right kinds of food in sufficient amounts.

It is alarming to note that there are more under-nourished children in the country than there are in the cities. The findings of public health nurses, the Red Cross and other child welfare organizations prove this fact conclusively. There are several things which may be responsible for so many country children being below par. They may eat large meals three times a day and yet be under-nourished. Unsuitable foods such as pickles, olives, doughnuts, rich cake and others that are hard to digest do not provide the right kind of fuel for growing bodies. Again, the children may be eating too much of one kind of food—to the exclusion of others that are needed for a properly balanced diet. This also retards physical development.

No matter how carefully selected and attractively packed a lunch may be, full benefit is not derived from it if it is gulped down hurriedly in order to get out onto the baseball diamond. It is not an uncommon thing to see a boy chasing gophers with a sandwich in one hand and a stick in the other. This does not give food a chance to digest, and has a far greater tendency to make Jack a dull boy than hard work. What is needed in our rural schools is better supervision of the noon lunch. The teacher, if she is the right kind, will see that it is eaten in an orderly manner, and will take the opportunity to encourage suitable conversation. The backing and support of the mothers in the community will greatly strengthen her in this connection.

## A Warm Drink Works Wonders

Lack of warm food at noon has direct bearing upon the under-nourished child. In cold weather, lunches often get frozen and do not become properly thawed until the food is inside Johnny, so it stands to reason he will not get full value from it. A drink of warm milk, cocoa, or soup (not tea or coffee) works wonders for a school child. It makes digestion easier and more rapid, it increases mental activity and gives the pupils a comfortable feeling. Many a child has been considered stupid when the real trouble lay with an inadequate lunch. Every thoughtful teacher realizes this and sees that her pupils have a warm drink at noon.

Besides the things already mentioned which help to cause under-nourishment of school children, there are other factors that must be taken into consideration when planning their lunches. Country youngsters are up early, and most of them do chores before leaving home, while many have a considerable distance to travel in order to reach school. This additional expenditure of

energy demands an increase in nourishing food if the children are not going to be under their normal weight.

This brings us back to the necessity of homemakers giving thought to the lunches their children take to school. A little planning in advance ensures nourishing meals that give Johnny's body and brain a chance to do their best work.

Every lunch should contain proteins, sugars, starches, fats, minerals and vitamins. The kinds of food to choose are those which nourish the body most efficiently and satisfy the appetite. It is necessary to take into consideration the likes and dislikes of the children, for they will naturally leave food uneaten if they have a prejudice against it.

## Variety in Sandwiches

Sandwiches afford a satisfactory way of serving a large variety of foods. Bread, at least 24 hours

old, cut in slices not thicker than one-quarter inch and buttered lightly, makes the nicest sandwiches. Fillings depend on what is already on hand. Cheese (cream, cottage or cheddar), nut butters, minced meat, chicken, baked beans and hard cooked eggs chopped finely are splendid sources of protein or muscle-building foods. Raisins or dates put through the food chopper, jam, jelly, honey, marmalade and brown or maple sugar are attractive sources of sugars. These, together with the bread of the sandwiches and sweets, such as plain cake, gingerbread, cookies or a few dates provide valuable starches and sugars (carbohydrates). Simple cup custards and cornstarch desserts flavored with vanilla, chocolate or caramel may be packed in jelly glasses with covers.

Do not forget to include an apple, orange or banana if possible, for in fruits are found minerals and vitamins which are absolutely necessary for growth. Stewed or baked apples, apricots, pears, peaches and other fruits are good substitutes for the fresh article.

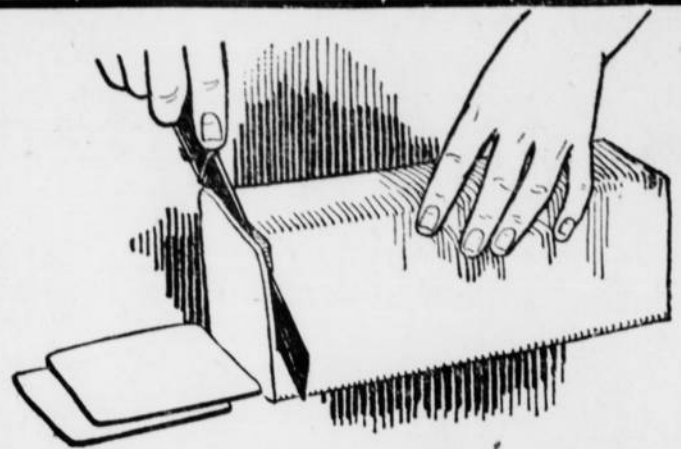
Milk in cool weather and fruit juices (canned or fresh) in the summer, should have a place in each day's lunch. Milk may be heated at school, or can be made into a variety of dishes that are easily prepared which will provide the warmth so necessary. With proper planning, this hot dish can be prepared in a very few minutes just before noon or at recess. Among the large number of attractive things that can be quickly made are cocoa, cream soups of beans, corn, tomatoes, potatoes, carrots, celery, peanut butter or fish. Escalloped corn, potatoes and other vegetables, creamed fish, carrots, or potatoes, and chowders are other examples of nourishing dishes. One only should be served each day, prepared if possible entirely by the pupils. Supplies may be provided by the families in turn, according to the number of children attending. A plan worked out by the teacher, allotting each family its share will make things run smoothly.

Of course the interest of the trustees should be secured. If the school stove is unsuitable for heating cocoa or making soups, the officials should be only too glad to provide an oil stove and a few necessary utensils.

With suitable nourishment in satisfying amounts at noon, there is sure to be an increase in the future in the number of premiers and members of parliament who call the country their home.



These young Canucks enjoy their lunches



## Buy Your Winter Cheese Now!

### Kraft Canadian Cheese by the Box

By a little foresight today you can enjoy fresh, nourishing cheese—and all the many delicious cheese dishes—through the long winter months. Write for free recipe book and next time you are in town buy a box of Kraft Canadian Cheese.

Each loaf is pasteurized, and wrapped in tin-foil, which keeps it moist, and appetizing, prevents it turning rancid, and enables you to keep it for months in any cool dry place. Freezing does not injure it. It is all cheese, no rind, no waste.

Kraft-MacLaren Cheese Co. Limited, Montreal



1-922

# FREE

There is waiting for you a copy of HALLAM'S BEAUTIFUL FUR FASHION BOOK for SEASON 1923, containing about 250 illustrations of FUR COATS AND SETS, amongst which is

THIS BEAUTIFUL

## Hallam Canadian Wolf Set

finest Quality  
your Choice  
of Black or Lucille Brown



This handsome CANADIAN WOLF SET is an example of HALLAM "trapper to wearer" values.

SCARF measures about 35 inches long and is lined with Crepe de Chine, can be fastened with Chain, Domes, or by Spring Jaw on the head.

MUFF is large ballshape about 33 inches round and 16 inches across, velvet lined, crepe cuffs, soft brown bed, wrist cord and ring, trimmed with Heads, Tails, and Paws, as shown.

|        |                                     |         |
|--------|-------------------------------------|---------|
| M. 300 | Black Wolf Scarf, delivered to you, | \$28.50 |
| M. 301 | " " Muff, " " "                     | 26.50   |
| M. 302 | Brown Lucille Wolf Scarf " " "      | 28.50   |
| M. 303 | " " Muff " " "                      | 26.50   |

Hallam's Fur Fashion Book contains a wonderful showing of FUR COATS in MUSKRAT, RACCOON, HUDSON SEAL, BEAVER, ELECTRIC SEAL, PERSIAN LAMB, MARMOT, in latest styles at extremely low prices, ranging from \$59.00 to \$435.00.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON AND MAIL TO-DAY

Please send me FREE the 1923 Edition of the

HALLAM FUR FASHION BOOK

Your name in full.....

Street or Rural Route.....

Post Office.....

Province.....

To **John Hallam** Department No. 657, TORONTO





## Your Daintiest Things

Can be worn every day without losing their fresh pretty appearance. Simply wash the fine fabrics in Lux. The gentle Lux suds properly cleanse the garments, and your daintiest things, washed the Lux way, will keep their sheen, their soft fine texture, after innumerable launderings.

# LUX

Lux cannot harm anything that pure water itself may touch. The thin, white, silky Lux flakes are made by our exclusive process and dissolve as quickly as snow—into a rich bubbling lather.

Lux stands supreme for washing fine garments.  
Sold only in sealed packets—dust-proof!

LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, TORONTO

221

## How to Look Slender

*It is Easy for a Large Person to Appear Pounds Lighter and Years Slimmer by Choosing the Right Kinds of Clothes—By Anne Deane*

**M**ANY a woman of too generous proportions makes the mistake of trying to wear the ruffles, frills and colors so becoming to her slim sisters. She must realize that certain things are appropriate for the large figure while others will apparently add still more bulk to her body.

An authority on clothing has recently said that "the keynote to distinctive dress is to know yourself, your good points as well as your shortcomings." This may be done with the aid of a looking glass. Such is not vanity but a desire for truth.

When once familiar with one's silhouette it is possible to select becoming styles. In *The Grain Growers' Guide Fashion Magazine*, there are two whole pages devoted to the stout woman and her problems. Upon studying any fashion book you will notice that nearly all of the styles are built on long, straight lines. This is a great comfort because they help to make the wearer look pounds lighter and years younger.

Vertical lines from neck or shoulder to the ankle carry the eye up and down the figure, giving it the appearance of greater length in proportion to its width. Panels, vertical seams, rows of buttons and plaits all have the same effect. Ruffles, frills, rows of braid, or other trimming running around a dress emphasize breadth and so must be avoided by a large person.

To make the chest seem smaller, use lines meeting in an angle. V-necks ending near the belt give length to the upper part of the body. Long, narrow collars of the same material as the dress have a similar effect. Large square or round collars make a big person less slim than ever. A dress is always more attractive if there is a little white, cream or ecru at the neck, but it is a mistake, however, for a large figure to wear light colored vestees as they only increase the apparent size of the bust. Surplice effects usually suit a stout person very well.

The set-in sleeve is the best for a large woman to wear. Kimono or raglan styles are not suitable because their lines lead to the neck and emphasize the size of the shoulder. Long sleeves are the most desirable type as they extend the length of the arms making them appear narrower. Short sleeves have a way of giving extra breadth to the waist and bust so should never be worn by the stout. If the shoulders are very large, tucks, plaits or a long narrow collar will help to break the line, and to make the shoulder seem smaller.

### Choose Belts Carefully

The waist line is another strategical point in a large woman's make-up. Narrow belts of the same material as the dress are always suitable. On many figures it is often advisable to make the belt curve downwards in front. It is also a good plan to break the girdle where possible as this does away with the circular line around the waist. Metal girdles and those of colored beads or celluloid are positively taboo for they draw attention to the size of the waist. Belts of white or colors have the same effect.

Although many styles show the belt over the hips, the large woman should adjust it to the point where it gives the dress the best line. The low waist line is really a very good feature for it gives length to people with short waists and disguises many unattractive curves. It is a great mistake to have a dress fit too snugly at the waist for this only accentuates the lines which must be disguised if possible. Neat, loose garments hide a multitude of irregularities in figure. The back of a dress should fall gracefully from shoulders to hips in order to obtain a slender outline. This effect is spoiled when the belt is drawn in tightly.

Without a doubt the one-piece dress is an ideal garment for a large woman. A light blouse and a dark skirt break the long vertical lines of the figure and tend to make it look bulky. When this type of costume is worn, the belt must fit in order to hold everything together. As stated before, garments which fit snugly at the waist emphasize the curves of the body. Moreover there is always the danger of "pulling out at the waist," while a one-piece dress does away with these undesirable features. If a blouse and skirt must be worn, let both garments be of the same color so that the break in line will not be so noticeable. Over-blouses are becoming to many large figures. A three-piece costume consisting of a skirt and over-blouse with coat to match is a very serviceable outfit.

It is surprising how a large woman can decrease her apparent size by choosing the right kinds of materials. Coarse weaves, rough, wooly surfaces, large patterns and figures, plaids, checks, wide stripes, wiry fabrics, and cloth with a high lustre make a big person more huge than ever. On the other hand by wearing serge, gabardine, French twill, tricotine, broadcloth and silk crepes she will make herself far less conspicuous. Satins, shiny silks, plushes, moires should never be worn by anyone stout.

### Bright Colors Add to Size

Colors also play a tremendous part in minimizing size. The general background of one's surroundings is grey in tone, so if a person wears white or startling colors her outline stands out with alarming clearness. An intense red actually makes a bulky figure look about one-third larger. Therefore, everyone of too generous proportions should select colors of neutral hues which will blend with the grey background of life. Navy blue, dark brown, taupe, black, dark green, dull purple, and grey blues, are all good choices. Colors with grey in them are more artistic than those which are intense and crude.

No matter how well designed a dress may be or how attractive its color, the whole effect will be spoiled by poorly fitting underwear. The wrong kind of corset is probably to blame for more ungainly figures than anything else. One mistake large women often make is to lace the corset too closely at the waist. This forces surplus rolls of flesh over the top and under the lower part making a most unattractive line. A small waist on a large figure accentuates the size of hips and bust. It is also a mistake to choose a corset that is too high for it pushes up the bust instead of allowing it to fall naturally. When next in the nearest city do not fail to have a corset fitted at a reliable store by an expert who can advise you concerning the right model to choose. There is no charge for this service and the result will be greater comfort and more graceful lines. Next in importance is the brassiere which should be fitted at the same time as the corset. All other underwear should be selected for its neat qualities, as bunchiness and ridges spoil the appearance of outer clothing.

It is very important that large people should select the right kind of footwear. Often they wear white stockings and black boots or slippers, with the result that their ankles look half as large again. Black or very dark brown footwear is the only kind suitable for the stout.

The secret of being well dressed and looking one's best lies largely with each individual. Undoubtedly, a slim woman has an easier task than her stout sister, but by giving sufficient thought to the question it is possible for a large figure to dress distinctively. Many women think that the only place where art is found is in a museum. In reality, "the home dressmaker is a potential artist."



A becoming style for large women. Guide Pattern No. 1256. Sizes 36 to 56.

## The Two Supreme Reasons

Advocates of life insurance have advanced all manner of arguments in its favor, but after all the "Two Supreme Reasons" are—and ever will be—the wife and child. If there is more than one child in the household each little brother or sister constitutes one more "reason" for adequate insurance.

Doubtless you carry insurance, but is your household sufficiently protected?

Let us send you our booklet, "Guaranteed Annuities—the Greatest Thing in the World of Insurance."

**The MUTUAL LIFE of Canada**  
WATERLOO, ONTARIO

145

## Women's Low Cut Blucher

An Amherst Shoe, Style No. 0121

Women's Box Kip Blucher, McKay Slip Sole, Solid.



Manufactured in Sizes 2½ to 8.

Just the shoe for the busy farmer's wife and daughter who is constantly slipping in and out of doors. It suggests utility, comfort and durability, and it is economically priced.

If your dealer does not stock Amherst No. 0121, write, and we will send you the name of the nearest dealer who does.

**Amherst Central Shoe Co. Limited**

REGINA SASK.



# News from the Organizations

Reading matter for this page is supplied by the three provincial associations, and all reports and communications in regard thereto should be sent to H. Migninbotham, sec'y, United Farmers of Alberta, Calgary; A. J. McPhail, sec'y, Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association, Regina; or W. R. Wood, sec'y, United Farmers of Manitoba, Winnipeg, and not direct to The Guide office.

## SASKATCHEWAN

### Saskatchewan Provincial Plans

In conformity with the decision of the last annual convention of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association, as readers of this column will already know, organization meetings have already been held in provincial constituencies over one-half the province, and arrangements are in hand for covering those constituencies in which no action has so far been taken. In preparation for these meetings the following circular has just been issued to local secretaries from the Central office, over the signature of A. J. McPhail, the new Central secretary, viz.:

"You are hereby notified that there will be held at.....on.....1922, a meeting of representatives of all the locals in.....provincial constituency for the purpose of organizing the constituency in accordance with the plan as outlined herein. As your local is situated in this constituency, you are requested to call a local meeting, and to use every other possible means to inform members of this meeting. If your local has members in any other constituency, as some have, will you please let our organization department know at once, so that you may be sent notice about the meeting for that constituency."

"You are already aware that the new plans for aggressive organization by the association involve dividing the province into units of organization of a lesser geographical area than now is allotted to the 16 old districts, and that for convenience the provincial constituencies are to be used for the purpose."

"It is not proposed, at least not for the time being, to greatly alter the old districts, or to eliminate them and substitute the new, but rather to adapt the outlines of the former so that none will contain broken parts of constituencies. There is, therefore, being called in each provincial constituency a meeting of all the locals therein for the purpose of electing a constituency or county organizer, of dividing the territory under divisional organizers, and generally forwarding an organization campaign which should aim at establishing a local in every community, and bringing a greatly increased number of farmers into the association as well as assisting the locals to maintain useful activities and to keep in helpful touch with each other."

"At each constituency meeting there will be present, besides the district director and the women's director, a member of the Central executive. While public issues may be introduced and dealt with, the paramount purpose of the meeting is to launch an aggressive organization campaign under earnest and enthusiastic leaders in every part of the province. There is no valid reason why the association membership should not be very greatly increased and its power to protect the interests of the farmers proportionately enhanced. Much new blood has been brought into leadership within the last few months. Many new directors were elected at the last convention. All the directors are full of enthusiasm and zeal for the cause, and if the locals will respond heartily a really great move forward is assured. Such a movement as the association cannot stand still; it ever moves, either forward or backward. With your earnest co-operation these new plans are destined to result in a great stride forward."

"Those constituency meetings will be within easy driving distance for all. They were designed with that end in view. Every member should make it a point to attend; it is an opportunity to hear a responsible Central officer, to discuss association problems and to help make the organized farmers just what he desires them to be. At its last meeting, held June 14 and 15, the Central board decided that it would be better, for purposes of these constitu-

ency meetings, to set aside the usual requirements regarding the appointing of delegates and to allow every member in good standing to be present with full delegate powers. This would make for more representative meetings and for a good deal more interest in them. It is hoped that all members will get together in these meetings and make them real rallies, brimful of enthusiasm and inspiration for effective work. See that every ear going from your local is filled to capacity. Nothing will help so greatly in creating that mutual understanding and confidence so essential, if the association is to be strong in the farmers' behalf, as getting together in these meetings and talking over matters. Members should take a day off, bring their families and meet those from other locals. Aim at making your constituency meeting the biggest and best in the province."

"As soon as it has been definitely arranged we will let you know what speakers will be present at your convention."

"Membership fees for 1922, if not

already remitted, should be collected and sent in at once so as to make your showing as good as it can be in the report to the constituency meeting."

Meetings have already been arranged in a number of constituencies, of which the following is a list:

#### District No. 10

Pelly Provincial Constituency, at Pelly, on Tuesday, October 24.  
Canora Provincial Constituency, at Preeceville, on Wednesday, October 25.  
Wadena Provincial Constituency, at Kelvington, on Thursday, October 26.  
Humboldt Provincial Constituency, at Watson, on Friday, October 27.  
Vonda Provincial Constituency, at Howell, Saturday, October 28.

#### District 13

Cutknife Provincial Constituency, at Cutknife, on Wednesday, October 25.  
Wilkie Provincial Constituency, at Unity, on Thursday, October 26.  
Kerrobert Provincial Constituency, at Kerrobert, on Friday, October 27.

## ALBERTA

### Want Municipality

Norway Valley U.F.A. local at a recent meeting discussed the desirability of the formation of a municipal district, and passed a resolution expressing their dissatisfaction with the sessional indemnity. This local has lately begun to ship cattle co-operatively.

Continued on Page 33



**OMEGA**

The Watch That  
Combines Sturdy  
Attractiveness  
With Dependable  
Accuracy at a  
Moderate Price

Sold by  
Leading  
Watch Shops  
in  
67 Countries  
AT YOUR JEWELLERS

**The Weyburn Security Bank**  
Chartered by Act of the Dominion  
Parliament  
Head  
Office: **Weyburn, Sask.**  
Twenty-five Branches in Saskatchewan  
**H. O. POWELL, General Manager**

# Fall Bargains in U.G.G. Machinery



## LETZ Grinders

Give large capacity and low cost in grinding feed. Grinders as illustrated, except G80 which is supplied without balance wheel.

|                                  |                                  |         |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------|
|                                  | F.O.B. Calgary<br>Wpg. or Edmtn. |         |
| G80—6-in. plates; wt. 115 lbs.   | \$15.00                          | \$16.00 |
| G81—6-in. plates; wt. 175 lbs.   | 18.50                            |         |
| G82—8-in. plates; wt. 280 lbs.   | 25.00                            | 26.00   |
| G83—9½-inch plates; wt. 300 lbs. | 30.00                            | 32.00   |
| G84—Baggers, for above grinders. | 5.00                             | 5.00    |
| 10-ft. Elevators                 | 10.00                            |         |

## Get a Tank Heater

Now, Before Cold Weather Sets In.

|                               |                                            |  |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--|
|                               | F.O.B. Winnipeg,<br>Calgary or<br>Edmonton |  |
| T1—Cast-iron, weight 110 lbs. | \$ 7.00                                    |  |
| T2—Cast-iron, weight 155 lbs. | 9.00                                       |  |
| T3—Sheet-iron                 | 3.75                                       |  |
| T5—Cast-iron, submerged type  | 15.00                                      |  |

A few Corrugated Galvanized IRON TANKS at greatly reduced prices. Write for prices and say what size required.

## Hand or Power Feed Cutter

A splendid machine for the farm with a limited number of stock. \$18.00, shipped from Winnipeg. Power Pulley, \$1.50.

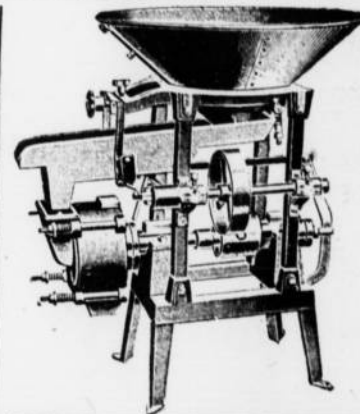
## Some Alberta Specials

Here are a few special offerings, available for shipment from Calgary or Edmonton only:

|                                |         |
|--------------------------------|---------|
| Power Washer                   | \$35.00 |
| Double Tub Washer              | 50.00   |
| 16-inch Breaking Plow          | 25.00   |
| 16-inch Steel Beam Plow        | 19.50   |
| 5-Section Boss Harrows         | 25.00   |
| 45-gallon Steel Shipping Drums | 6.90    |
| 55-gallon Steel Storage Drums  | 4.90    |
| 25-gallon Steel Storage Drums  | 3.90    |

## Tandem Engine Disc Harrow

40 discs, 18 inches diameter; cuts 10 feet. Platform between sections. Built extra strong and sturdy. Weight 1960 lbs. \$90 shipped from Winnipeg; from Calgary or Edmonton, \$100.



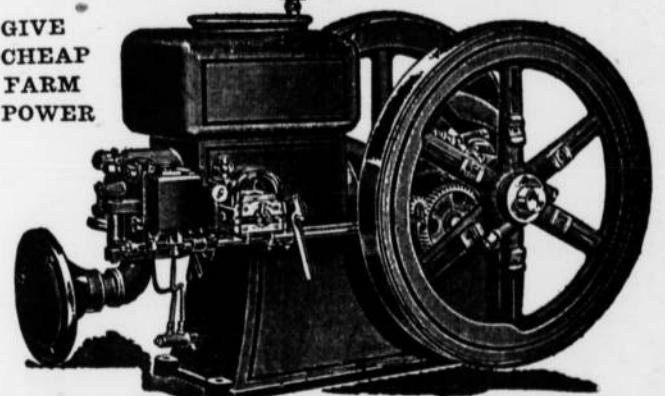
## U.G.G. M-RE Grinders

Grind with emery plates. An extremely high-class machine at a very low price.

|                          |                                  |       |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|
|                          | F.O.B. Calgary<br>Wpg. or Edmtn. |       |
| G25—8-in.; wt. 360 lbs.  | \$40.00                          |       |
| G26—10-in.; wt. 492 lbs. | \$60.00                          | 65.00 |
| G27—12-in.; wt. 638 lbs. | 125.00                           |       |

## Hercules Engines

GIVE  
CHEAP  
FARM  
POWER



|                                     |                 |                        |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
|                                     | F.O.B. Winnipeg | Calgary or<br>Edmonton |
| A Webster Magneto with Every Engine |                 |                        |
| 3 h.p. Engine, weight 625 lbs.      | \$ 95.00        | \$150.00               |
| 5 h.p. Engine, weight 912 lbs.      | 140.00          |                        |
| 7 h.p. Engine, weight 1346 lbs.     | 185.00          | 195.00                 |
| 12 h.p. Engine, weight 2340 lbs.    | 285.00          | 300.00                 |

Engines are supplied full base for mounting on stationary platform, or half base, mounted on all-steel truck. Truck is furnished free with these portable engines.

## Wagon Gears

Wagon Seat and  
Wagon Trees and  
Yokes.

Extra low prices on wagon gears, because a heavy sale of wagon boxes has left us without any to supply with gears. These are exactly the same gears as we have been supplying with our complete standard farm wagon. Gears are specially built for Western Canada, of selected, long-seasoned wood. Supplied complete with pole, but without trees or yoke.

|                                                                                 |                 |                        |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
|                                                                                 | F.O.B. Winnipeg | Calgary or<br>Edmonton |
| V123—Gear, 3½-in. arm, 2½x½-in. tire; wt. 805 lbs.                              | \$70.00         | \$80.00                |
| V125—Gear, 3½-in. arm, 2½x½-in. tire; wt. 845 lbs.                              | 75.00           |                        |
| V126—Gear, 3½-in. arm, 3 x½-in. tire; wt. 890 lbs.                              | 80.00           |                        |
| V118—Trees and Yoke, for standard wagons and gears, no stay chains; wt. 35 lbs. | 3.75            | 4.00                   |
| Lazy-Back Seats, for standard farm wagons                                       | 3.75            | 4.00                   |

SEND FOR OUR SPECIAL BARGAIN PRICE LIST

**UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD.**

The Organized Farmer in Business  
WINNIPEG EDMONTON CALGARY





## Help your MOULTERS MOULT

If you want your hens to moult naturally—

If you want them back on the egg job promptly—fall and winter laying—

Then you must make sure that your moulters are healthy and hungry.

They must eat lots, and be able to digest what they eat.

That's just what

**Dr. Hess Poultry**

## PAN-A-CE-A

does for your moulting flock.

It's a tonic that begins with the appetite—improves a hen's whole system.

It has Iron that keeps the paleness away, makes the combs and wattles red—the blood rich.

Pan-a-ce-a starts the food the egg way as soon as the moult is over.

No time lost.

No dormant egg organs after the moult, where Pan-a-ce-a is fed.

Tell your dealer how many hens you have. There's a right-size package for every flock.  
100 hens, the 12-lb. pkg. 200 hens, the 25-lb. pail  
60 hens, the 5-lb. pkg. 500 hens, the 100-lb. drum  
For fewer hens, there is a smaller package.

GUARANTEED

**DR. HESS & CLARK Ashland, O.**



*I spent 30 years in perfecting Pan-a-ce-a.*  
**GILBERT HESS**  
M.D., D.V.S.

## Dr. Hess Instant Louse Killer Kills Lice

## The Money You Pay

for Insurance Premiums is not an expense, it gives immediate protection to your family—if you die, and will earn good profits for yourself—if you live. No matter what happens you do not lose.

Send date of birth and let us send you particulars of this Splendid Policy.

**The Western Empire Life Assurance Co.**  
WINNIPEG DEPT. G. MANITOBA

## Always Uniform in Quality

Delicious

# "SALADA"

TEA

H 314

**HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PACKET TEA IN NORTH AMERICA.**

Classified ads. make money for others—why not you?

## The Flock Prepares for Winter

*Some Cold Weather Suggestions From Practical Poultry Raisers*

**E**VERY fall my flock is culled to about 25 hens. These I like to keep for early sitters in the spring. They are marked by punching the web in order to tell them from the pullets, thus being sure to get rid of all old hens when culling, as after two years the average hen will not pay for her keep.

After selecting the best pullets and keeping as many as the house will accommodate, I get them all into winter quarters as early as possible. By good care and feeding the pullets and many of the hens should be laying through the winter.

On the farm in the fall the flock will rustle a good living on waste grain. They also like the green tops from the roots in the garden, and if the scatterings are raked from the fields, stacked in a convenient place for the hens to run to, they will scratch their own living, and not require feeding until shut in for the cold weather. After they are shut in, provide a litter in which all grains are fed. Oats, barley and wheat mixed give the best results for winter egg production.

I feed grain ration morning and night; at noon vegetables are fed for green food. Milk is good if you have it. Meat scraps and crushed bone can always be had on the farm in winter, and good clean water at all times.

Keep the litter changed and dry, see that they have oyster shell and grit, fine coal slack is good for hens if they do not have charcoal, and a teaspoonful of permanganate of potassium in a pail of water for their drinking water, is a good plan. This acts as a tonic, and may be used once in two weeks all through the year. Save all egg shells, dry and crush and give to the hens. If their house is comfortable, by following this you will have a healthy flock and they will do their share towards paying the grocery bill.—Mrs. R. A. Everett, Gadsby, Alta.

### Turkeys Breakfast at Home

As the summer months go by and September comes, and the flock of turkeys have free range of the stubble grounds, you can see them grow every day. Mine come home every night just as full as can be of grasshoppers and grain that would go to waste if they did not pick it up. I have roosts in the yard for them and they are always good to come home at night.

In the fall they are very early risers, just at the peep of day they are off their roosts and ready to strike out to the fields, but I do not let mine go away so early, I always throw out a pail of feed around the yard at night after they all go to roost. This coaxes them to stay around the yard in the morning, for where we live there is prairie on three sides of us and the wolves are bad in the fall. They are always sneaking around when you least think of it, and it is disheartening when a wolf carries off a fine big tom out of the flock.—Alice E. Leadbeater, Benson, Sask.

### Encouraging Timid Pullets

The production of winter eggs is not really so difficult as it would seem to the average farmer. I have never had any trouble in getting a good yield all winter, my average during the past few winters being around 60 per cent., sometimes a little lower and very often going higher. Lots of farmers have a surplus of separated milk during winter, and I know of no more profitable way of feeding this by-product than to the laying hens.

Hens must have a plentiful supply of animal food to lay eggs, and unless this is supplied their results will fall away below profitable production. Practically any high protein food will do such as beef heads, liver, etc., but I find separated milk the most convenient and beneficial. For green feed in winter probably the best is sprouted oats, but I have tried several different kinds of green stuff, cabbage, turnips, etc., but the fowl relish the sprouted oats most, and for this reason I use

them if time permits of getting them started. If the above details are carried out, house is comfortable, and lots of good clean litter on floors for the hens to work in, you should get eggs in winter and lots of them. Try it out this next winter, and you will find it is not so difficult after all. These eggs taste fine when the weather is 40 degrees below zero.

I would draw the attention of readers to the fact that it is sometimes difficult to get the pullets started laying. They will cackle and sing, and their faces will be bright red, but there seems to be something holding them back from laying their first egg. When pullets act this way, mix up a real soft mash of table scraps, bran, shorts, oat chop, etc., and put in lots of raw meat, but add a tablespoonful of epsom salts to every ten hens to the water or milk that you soften the mash with. This will get them going, and once started will continue right on through winter to breeding time.—Ernest A. Brown, Wolseley, Sask.

### Winter Feeding

My method of feeding in winter is usually to give them a feed of boiled oats mixed with some oat chop the first thing in the morning, just what they will clean up nicely, then about ten o'clock I hang up a cabbage head so they can reach it, or they are very fond of sunflower seed, and if the heads are hung up about 18 inches above the floor so they have to jump to get the seeds it affords exercise. About noon I give a feed of sprouted oats and as the days are so short in winter between three and four o'clock a feed of whole grain, a mixture of wheat, oats and barley is good, thrown in the litter so they will have to work to find it. Corn would be my choice as a scratch food, but since coming to Alberta find it is too high priced a food, cannot afford to buy it.

I find they like cabbage about the best of any green food I can give them, but have also fed beets, mangels and even Ruta-bagas with good results. In winter I fill their drinking dishes with slightly warmed water several times during the day, thus preventing them having to break the ice, or their drinking dish being frozen full of ice. I also keep their dry mash hoppers full with the following ingredients which I buy and mix in 100 pound lots:

- 100 pounds bran.
- 100 pounds shorts.
- 100 pounds oat chop.
- 100 pounds coarse corn meal.
- 80 pounds beef scrap.
- 30 pounds ground bone or granulated bone.
- 5 pounds fine table salt.

Mix all thoroughly and keep before hens all the time in hoppers. I have been assured by a poultry expert who culled my flock for me, and gave me the above formula for mixing dry mash that it was equal to any of the commercial poultry foods offered on the market.—Mrs. L. E. Seymour, Donalda, Alta.

## A Peony for Every Garden

*Special Offer for Thirty Days Or as Long as They Last*

### 2,000 PEONY ROOTS

Red, Pink, White—Manitoba Grown.  
3 and 5 Eyes, 75c Each, or 3 for \$2.00.  
Large Clumps—\$1.50 and \$2.00 Each.

**EXTRA! EXTRA!**  
40,000 Caragana for Planting Hedges. Only \$2.00 per hundred as long as they last.

**FALL PLANTING THE BEST**  
Lilacs, Honeysuckles, Spiraea, Perennials, etc.

### BIRCH, Landscape Gardener

614 PORTAGE AVE., WINNIPEG  
Phones: Sher. 720; St. John 7, ring 13.  
Plans and prices given for Lay-out of Grounds.  
Remittances must be mailed with order.



# BOOSTERS' CLUB CAMPAIGN

## Officially Opens Wednesday, October 25

You can enter your name or the name of a friend today or at any time during the Campaign. Every wide-awake booster must win a Prize or Cash Commission. It makes no difference if you live close to The Guide or far away, your chances are equal.

The Campaign, as announced, will open officially Wednesday, October 25, although you may send in your Entry Blank as soon as you receive this paper or at any time during the Campaign. Receipt Books and additional information will be sent you immediately your Entry Blank is received at this office. Boosters are wanted from every place in our territory, namely, from the Great Lakes to the Pacific Ocean. Fifty-five prizes, every one worth working for, are to be given away during the next few weeks, together with a large amount of cash to non-prize winning candidates. No one candidate will have an advantage over any other. There will be no favoritism shown in any way—absolute fairness is the key-note to this Campaign.

### Reasons for Campaign

The main reason for this big prize distributing event is to open the doors of Western Canada's best farm paper to thousands of new readers, and to win a place in the heart of every farmer of Western Canada for this, his own paper. At the same time we are finding our most persistent, and let us say, successful helpers. Competition is the life of success—it makes winning worth while. The ability to go in and win are the qualities developed in men and women day after day throughout our lives—live competition creates business ability and makes success worth while. The Guide wants a great many more readers, and what would take in the ordinary way twelve months and a considerable outlay in cash, we believe, can be accomplished in as many weeks by distributing \$10,000 in prizes to subscription boosters of The Guide. This contest is open to everyone. You do not need to be a subscriber to The Guide to compete in this contest. If you appreciate these facts your name will be entered now or before the end of the Campaign.

### An Early Start for Big Winners

One of the dominating features of a short Campaign such as this is that the earlier you start the higher you should stand at the close of the Campaign. Larger votes are given at the beginning than will be allowed at the end of the Campaign, and this undoubtedly gives you an encouraging lead over those who enter later.

### Prizes to be Awarded in the Following Order

First Prize will be awarded the candidate who secures the largest number of credits during the entire Campaign.

Second Prize will be awarded the candidate who secures the second largest number of credits during the entire Campaign.

Fifteen per cent. Cash Commission will be paid to candidates who secure at least \$15 worth of subscriptions during the entire Campaign and who do not win a prize.

### Get Off With the Gun

Everything is ready for the largest subscription Campaign ever run by a weekly paper. We are confident that great results will be obtained, as we know our thousands of readers will help us in one way or another during the short period of this tremendous offer. Our readers know the value of this paper to them and will be anxious to jump in and see that their numerous friends are given an opportunity to subscribe to The Grain Growers' Guide, and thereby derive the benefits of this entertaining and helpful paper. Thousands of new and renewal subscriptions are received by us every month, and this offer gives you, as a reader and booster of this paper, an opportunity to show your initiative by securing these, together with other subscriptions, and sending them in so that you can derive a direct benefit by reason of the fifty-five beautiful prizes and the unlimited Cash Commission money offered. Taking subscriptions for The Guide you will find is agreeable and entertaining work, you will meet and make many acquaintances which will in time develop into a strong bond of friendship both for you and this paper. No farming family in Western Canada can afford to be without sound advice, and this, you will find, is suggested in the columns of The Grain Growers' Guide each issue. Without the power of the press they lack the opportunities to become progressive farmers, and farming, as any other business today, needs up-to-date methods. These suggestions, too, you will find in the columns of this paper, together with many helpful items to the housewife, and, in fact, every member of the family.

## Campaign Information and Rules

1. Every man or woman, married or unmarried, young or old, who is of good character, is eligible to enter this Campaign and compete for the Prizes offered.
2. Candidates may nominate themselves. Entry Blanks must be filled out plainly with name and address.
3. No employee of The Grain Growers' Guide or member of their immediate families is eligible to enter this Campaign to compete for any of the Prizes offered. The Grain Growers' Guide reserves the right to reject any nomination.
4. Nominations may be sent in immediately or at any period of the Campaign. Candidates are not confined to their own community, but may secure subscriptions anywhere in Canada west of the Great Lakes.
5. All credits issued for subscriptions will be voted at the discretion of the candidate or The Grain Growers' Guide. Credits will not be issued on receipts covering past payments.
6. All subscriptions sent in for the purpose of securing credits must be accompanied by cash. There are no exceptions to this rule.
7. Candidates who seek to lessen competition by discouraging competitors will be disqualified, and thereby forfeit all right to a Prize or Commission.
8. Credits cannot be purchased. Every cent accepted through the Campaign Department must represent a subscription secured by the candidate. No subscription will be accepted for less than one year. Only subscriptions of farmers or people interested in farming will be accepted.
9. Credits are transferable only under the following conditions: Candidates who through sickness or other reasons are unable to continue as active contestants may change their credits to a suitable substitute, but said substitute must be a new candidate whose name has not been entered in the Campaign.
10. A complete list of candidates together with their accredited standing will be published from time to time during the Campaign.
11. All Campaign records will be open to candidates or their friends the day following the Judges' final count.
12. Every candidate is guaranteed a Prize or Commission for his or her efforts, providing he or she secures and turns into the office of The Grain Growers' Guide \$15 in subscriptions. All Prize-winning candidates are guaranteed that their prize will be of higher value than 15 per cent. cash commission offered non-prize-winning candidates.
13. No statement or promise made by any agent or solicitor, varying from the rules of the Campaign, will be recognized by The Grain Growers' Guide.
14. In case of typographical or other error, it is understood that The Grain Growers' Guide will not be held responsible, other than to make the necessary correction upon discovery of the mistake.
15. The Grain Growers' Guide reserves the right to change the rules of the Campaign at any time during the Campaign, if necessary for the protection of both the candidates and this paper.
16. Every candidate entered in this Campaign is recognized by The Grain Growers' Guide as an authorized agent, and as such may collect arrears and advance subscription charges from present subscribers, as well as entirely new subscriptions.
17. The Grain Growers' Guide guarantees fair and impartial treatment to all candidates, should any question arise, the decision of the management will be final and absolute.
18. In accepting nominations, candidates agree to abide by the above rules.

## Subscription Books Ready

A large supply of these books are ready for the use of Boosters and their friends, in order that they may give subscribers a receipt for money received and also have a complete

check themselves on all work turned in during the Campaign. These books will be mailed out immediately your name is received and entered as a candidate in the Campaign.

### ENTRY BLANK

Use this Blank to enter yourself or a friend. Fill out as directed and mail to the Campaign Manager.

**Good for 15,000 Free Credits**

I Nominate

Name .....

Address .....

As a candidate in The Grain Growers' Guide Boosters' Club Campaign. Please send receipt books and full particulars.

This Blank counts 15,000 free credits. Only one entry blank will be credited to each candidate. The nominator's name will not be divulged if so requested.

### FIRST SUBSCRIPTION BLANK

TO HELP YOU GET AN EARLY START

Return this coupon with any subscription payment, either old or new, for one year or more to The Grain Growers' Guide and you will receive in addition to the regular number of credits as shown in the schedule (on Page 22)

**15,000 Free Credits**

Name of Subscriber .....

Address .....

Candidate's Name .....

This coupon, accompanied by the entry blank and a subscription, starts a candidate in the race with 4,000 credits or more.

Only One of These Coupons Accepted for Each of the Candidates Named.

**100—Free Credits—100**

**COUPON**

**BOOSTERS' CLUB CAMPAIGN**

Must be Voted on or before Oct. 30, 1922

Candidate's Name .....

Address .....

Any number of these coupons will count 100 Credits when properly filled out and sent to the Campaign Department of The Grain Growers' Guide. Coupons must be trimmed and put in a package or envelope with number of credits written on top. These coupons will not appear regularly during the Campaign.

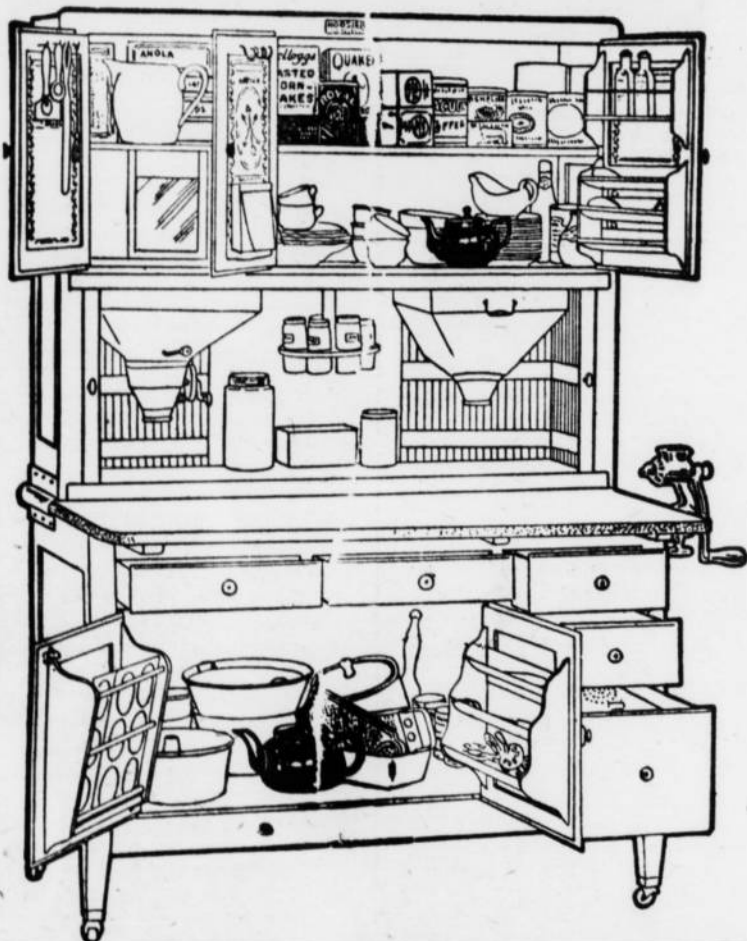
**ADDRESS ALL MAIL TO THE CAMPAIGN DEPT., THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE, WINNIPEG, MAN.**



# \$10,000<sup>00</sup> FOR SUBSCRIBER

## 15 PER CENT. CASH COMMISSION TO

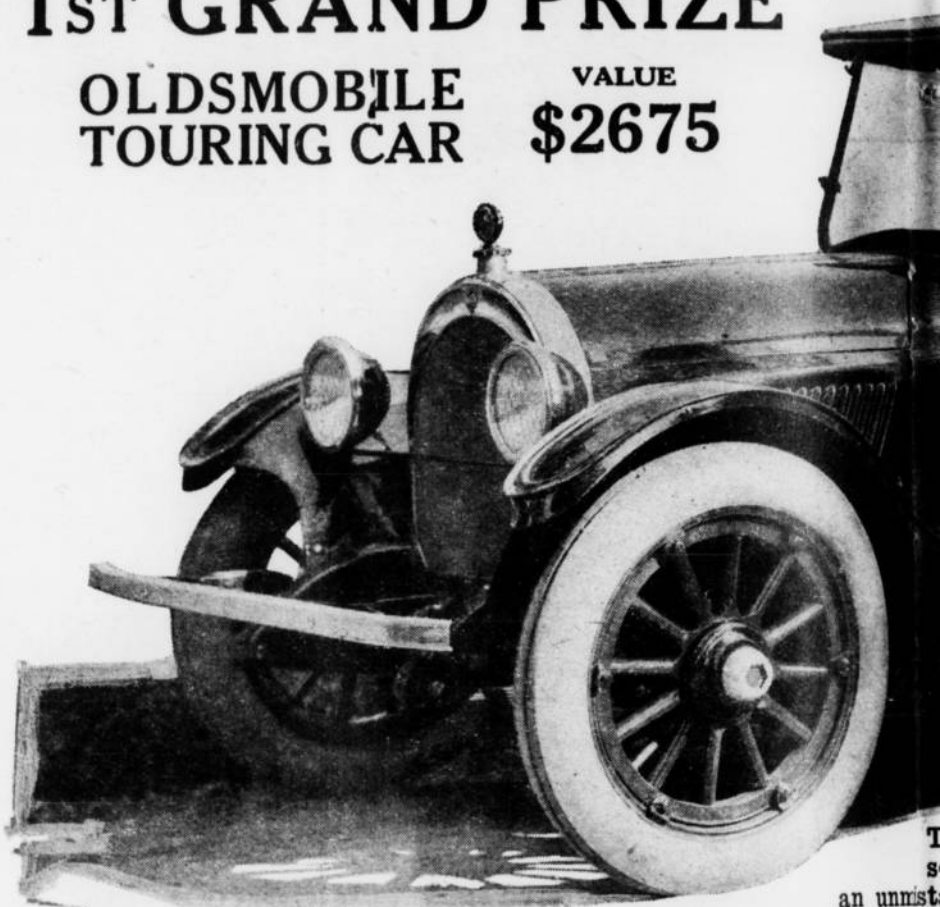
7TH PRIZE, Hoosier Kitchen Cabinet, Value \$100



The new Hoosier Kitchen Cabinets are the most wonderful labor savers for the kitchen of today. You will find this cabinet includes every convenience for the housewife, and among its many exclusive features is a table top just high enough to be convenient for comfort in her daily work. These cabinets are equipped with every necessary article, and its many compartments enable the Hoosier owner to get the exact tool she needs in an instant. These cabinets are finished in light golden oak and will be a pleasant addition to any home in Western Canada.

1ST GRAND PRIZE

OLDSMOBILE TOURING CAR VALUE \$2675



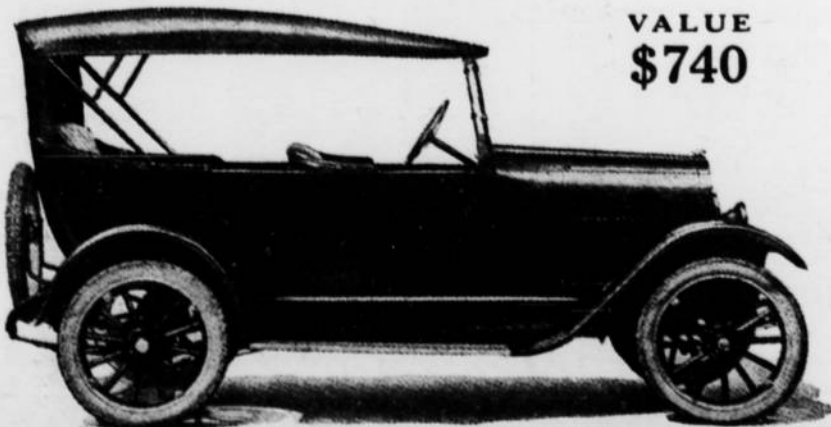
UNIVERSALLY ADMIRE. Purchased from Breen Motor Co., and is o

8TH PRIZE, Hoosier Kitchen Cabinet, Value \$85



3RD GRAND PRIZE STAR TOURING CAR

VALUE \$740



What You Are Working For

Oldsmobile 8 cyl. 7-passenger Touring Car

Oakland 6 cyl. Touring Car

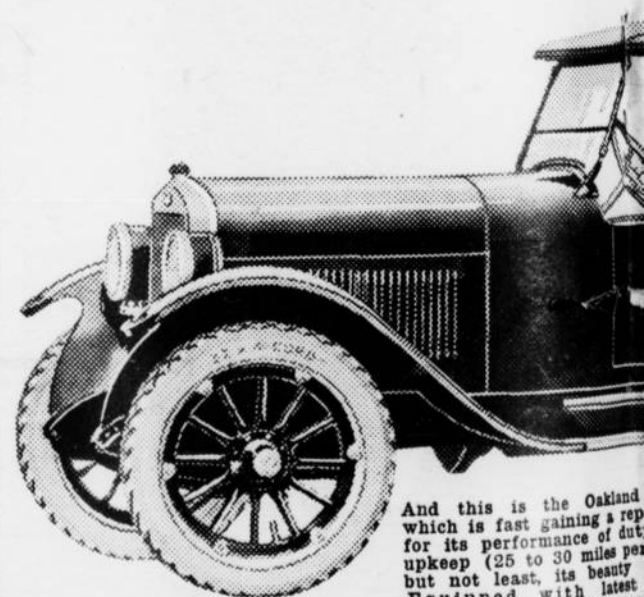
Two Star Cars

Bell Piano

Hoosier Kitchen Cabinets

Dingwall Silverware

2ND GRAND PRIZE



And this is the Oakland which is fast gaining a reputation for its performance of duty, upkeep (25 to 30 miles per hour) but not least, its beauty. Equipped with latest lamps, alemitte greasing sys and cord tires. The smooth riding comfort is a revelation. car, too, has been purchased by Co., and is on display in their Bureau, Winnipeg, Man. W. PROUD OWNER OF THIS B. THE CLOSE OF THE CAMPAIGN

TWO STAR CARS  
THIRD AND FOURTH PRIZES

The Star Car is the latest automobile to be placed on the market. Its inception marks another step in this great industry. Designed and built by W. C. Durant, the pioneer builder of automobiles. It is a quality automobile, standardized in construction and operated for a small sum of money. Purchased from and is on display at Dominion Motor Car Co., Fort St. at Graham Ave., Winnipeg, Man. YOU WILL FIND THESE CARS WELL WORTH A LITTLE OF YOUR SPARE TIME. GET BUSY—MAKE SURE OF YOURS.

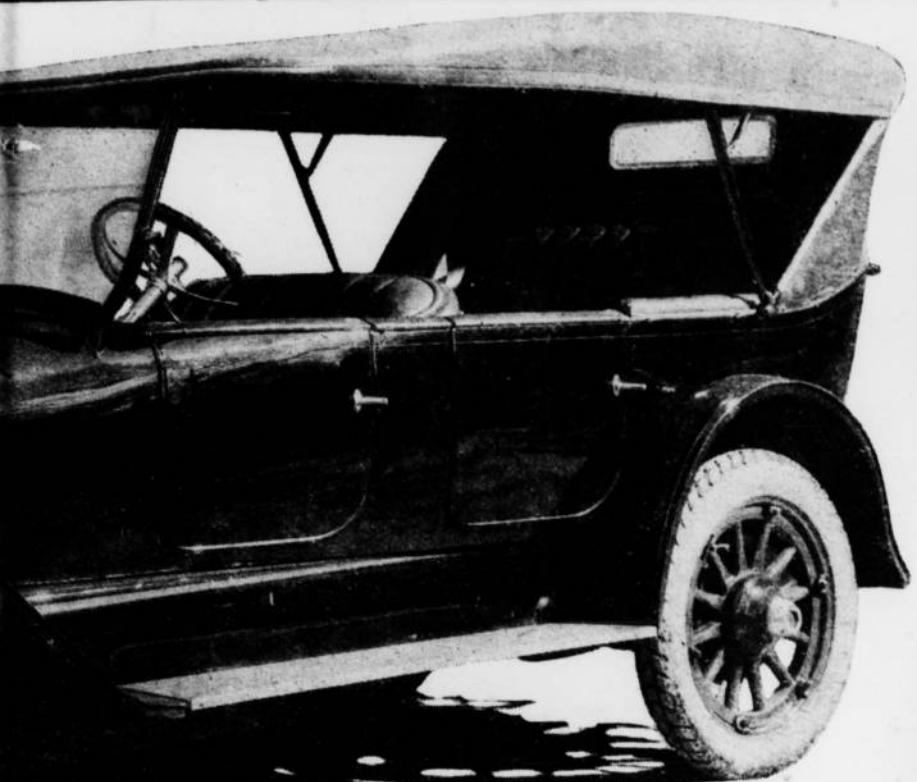
Additional Information

As to rules of Campaign fact everything is explained on pages 19 to 22. Don't miss everything carefully, and this you will know our thing on a Campaign of what we expect from Boosters.



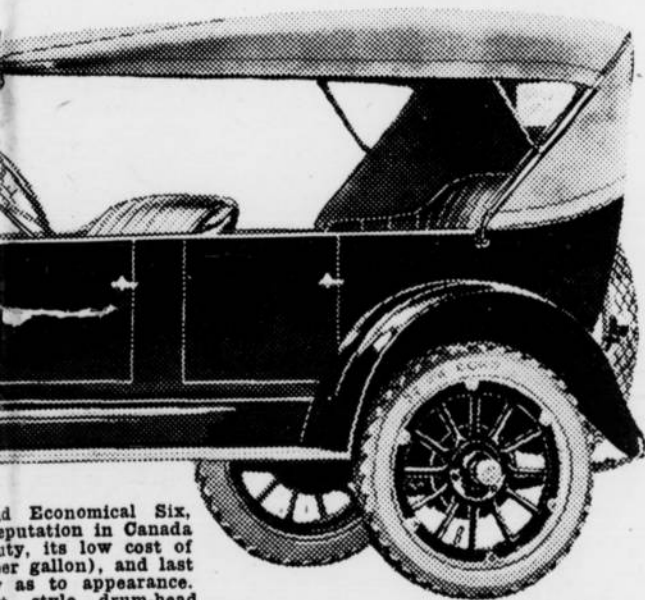
# CANDIDATES-55 PRIZES

## NON-PRIZE-WINNING CANDIDATES



This is the Oldsmobile, 8-Cylinder, Thoroughbred Model 46, 7-Passenger Touring Car. The product of 24 years' experience, it possesses a stakable air of character and refinement, and as to performance, it is the best. IT IS TRULY WORTH WHILE OWNING A CAR SO on display at their showrooms, Industrial Bureau, Winnipeg, Man.

**OAKLAND TOURING CAR**  
VALUE \$1,650



and Economical Six, reputation in Canada (its low cost of per gallon), and last as to appearance. It style drum-head system, 6 1/2-inch frame with running engine and on to motorists. This from the Breen Motor showrooms, Industrial WILL YOU BE THE BEAUTIFUL CAR AT FAIGN?

### Information

gn how to win, in explained in full on n't fail to read as in going over r reasons for put- this size and just our Subscribing



**32 BUFFET SETS**  
Value \$45 Each

Anniversary Set in Plush-lined Cases

Dozen Teaspoons  
Dozen Dessertspoons  
Dozen Tablespoons  
Dozen Dessert Forks  
Dozen Dessert Knives,  
Stainless Blades.

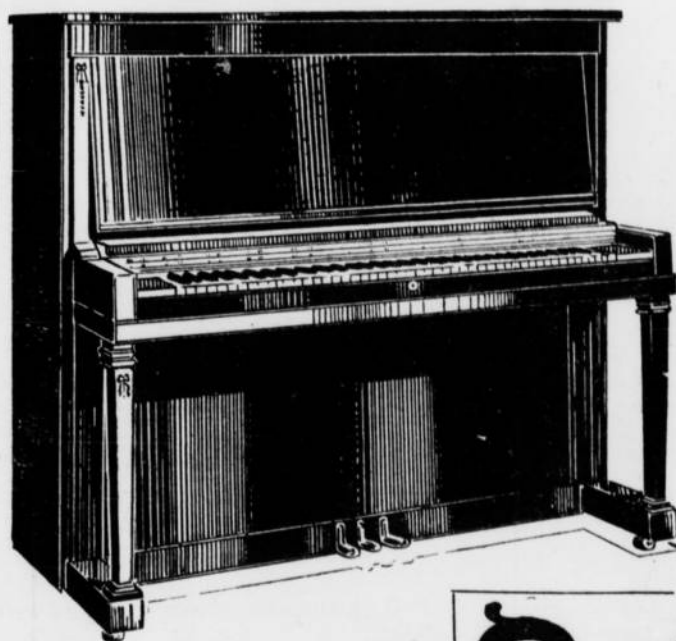
Rogers 1847 Ambassador Pattern



**6TH PRIZE VALUE**  
**CABINET OF SILVER \$225**

Solid Golden Oak Cabinet, velvet lined, with separate block for each piece. Monogram plate on cover, lock and key. Contains:

1 Dozen Small Teaspoons.  
1 Dozen Large Teaspoons.  
1 Dozen Dessertspoons.  
1 Dozen Tablespoons.  
1 Dozen Dessert Forks.  
1 Dozen Table Forks.  
1 Dozen Dessert Knives, Stainless Blades.  
1 Dozen Table Knives, Stainless Blades.  
3-piece Carving Set, Stainless Blades.  
Butter Knife.  
Sugar Spoon.  
Famous Rogers 1847 Ambassador Pattern.



**BELL PIANO**

Style X Colonial Design

So well known is the Bell Piano that any lengthy comment on the superb qualifications of this instrument is hardly necessary. It's a Bell—that's all.

This particular model is double veneered in Mahogany (as with all Bells), the case design is the work of artists of renown, a feature which has placed the piano in a position by itself among Canadian pianos.

PURCHASED FROM AND IS ON DISPLAY AT THE WINNIPEG PIANO CO., WINNIPEG, MAN.

**5TH PRIZE**  
**BELL PIANO - Value \$550**

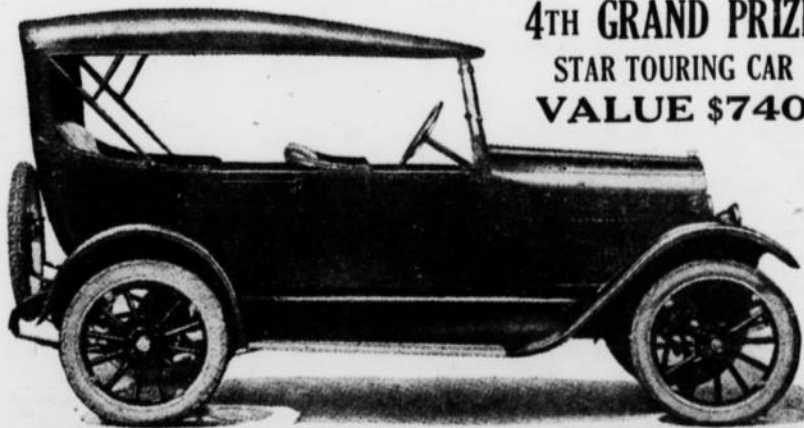
**15 TEA SETS**

Value \$65 Each

Four-piece, extra fine quality Dingwall Silver Plate with ebony handles. One of the finest sets ever produced, both from the standpoint of the quality of the metal and the artistry of the design.



**4TH GRAND PRIZE**  
**STAR TOURING CAR**  
**VALUE \$740**





# 55 BEAUTIFUL AWARDS

**For Subscriber Boosters who have the Ability and Initiative to Get Out and Win. The Larger Prizes are a Challenge to Our Workers**

## Canada's Largest Weekly Subscription Campaign

Over \$10,000 in awards to be distributed among our readers who, as boosters of The Grain Growers' Guide, enter this Campaign and secure subscriptions during the next twelve weeks. This Campaign is open to any reputable man or woman, boy or girl, residing anywhere in our territory. You have nothing to lose by entering this tremendous Campaign, as there is positively no cost to you other than giving up a little of your spare time. These prizes have never been duplicated by a weekly paper, and this opportunity may not occur again. Read everything on Pages 19, 20, 21 and 22, and make your decision as quickly as possible. There is a large prize to win and nothing to lose by entering your name today.

**55 Prizes and Cash Commissions to the Value of \$10,000 to be Given Away to Circulation Boosters of The Grain Growers' Guide.** In making this splendid offer to our thousands of readers we feel and in fact know that we will get their combined support in making this the greatest Campaign ever conducted by a weekly newspaper on the North American continent.

This is a tremendous undertaking for any paper, but we feel sure that with the support of our readers, we can go over the top with the success hoped for. To say that this is but a brilliant idea hardly expresses this big Campaign. This plan has been considered for many months by the officials of this paper, every angle being discussed with the utmost care before it was decided to go ahead, and in place of securing circulation by ordinary methods, we are giving our subscribers the opportunity to secure this circulation for us in a way that would not only pay them handsomely for their time and services, but will give them an opportunity to get around and make friends for both The Grain Growers' Guide and themselves.

Our readers will realize to just what extent we are going in order to make their efforts worth while. \$10,000 is no small sum of money, and coming, as this Campaign does, at a very opportune time of the year for our readers, inasmuch as it will enable them to get out and around and win a beautiful

prize, which will surely fill in your idle moments. We expect to get the co-operation of all wide-awake Boosters, as someone is going to win the Oldsmobile 7-passenger Touring Car, and that someone can be YOU if you take advantage of this splendid opportunity by entering your name as a Booster today.

We want to draw the attention of our readers to the fact that this Campaign is what may be termed as open and above-board in every respect. Everything is made as clear as possible to you in this issue, and what you do not understand will be explained if you but give this opportunity to the Campaign manager. Credits are issued on subscriptions as explained on another page of this issue, and the winning candidates will be awarded their prizes according to the number of credits they have at the close of the Campaign. No one will be allowed to use unfair means in securing subscriptions, as all subscription records will be closely checked and candidates not living up to the rules of the Campaign will be disqualified immediately. In short, this is an opportunity for our readers to show their ability to secure subscriptions in a way that will be satisfactory both to them and The Grain Growers' Guide. Persistency means continued effort, and continued effort means one of the larger prizes in this Campaign for you.

### Boosters, Attention!

We wish to draw the attention of our candidates to the fact that this scale of credits is positively the largest of the entire Campaign. After this date (Wednesday, November 29th, 1922) the credits allowed for subscriptions will be reduced 10 per cent. Make your efforts count now when you receive larger credits.

### Schedule of Credits and Subscription Rates

These credits apply on subscriptions sent in at any time up to and including Wednesday, November 29, 1922:

|                                                 | Amount | Credits |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------|---------|
| 1-Year Subscription to The Grain Growers' Guide | \$1.00 | 10,000  |
| 3-Year Subscription to The Grain Growers' Guide | 2.00   | 30,000  |
| 5-Year Subscription to The Grain Growers' Guide | 3.00   | 80,000  |

## How to Win An Automobile

**FILL OUT** the **ENTRY BLANK** and mail or bring it to the Campaign Department of The Grain Growers' Guide. This counts for 15,000 **CREDITS** and starts you as a candidate. Only one Entry Blank accepted for each Booster.

The Entry Blank accompanied by the First Subscription Blank (which is also good for 15,000 credits), and a new or renewal subscription, starts you in the race with 40,000 credits or more.

Ask your friends and neighbors to help you. Write, call or telephone everyone you know; tell them you are a candidate before they promise their help to a more ambitious Booster.

You are not confined to your own territory; in fact, you may secure subscriptions anywhere in the large district covered by this paper.

Credits will be issued on all subscriptions to The Grain Growers' Guide, paid in advance.

When in need of assistance, write The Grain Growers' Guide and they will be glad to give you a full explanation of anything you don't understand.

**REMEMBER**, the biggest **BOOSTERS** will be the largest **WINNERS**, as the **CREDITS** issued on **SUBSCRIPTIONS** secured by your own efforts is all that is necessary to win. **YOU CAN DO IT—ENTER TODAY.**

## Information and Assistance

It is our desire to help our Boosters as much as possible in their efforts to win. We will be glad to give additional information on any or all points of the Campaign, and Boosters may be assured of every assistance possible if they will but ask for it at any time during the Campaign.

## LIST OF PRIZES

|                                                         | Value      |
|---------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 1. Oldsmobile, 8-cylinder, 7-passenger Touring Car..... | \$2,675.00 |
| 2. Oakland, 6-cylinder, 5-passenger Touring Car.....    | 1,650.00   |
| 3. Star, 4-cylinder, 5-passenger Touring Car.....       | 740.00     |
| 4. Star, 4-cylinder, 5-passenger Touring Car.....       | 740.00     |
| 5. Bell Piano (Colonial X Design).....                  | 550.00     |
| 6. Cabinet of Silver (Dingwall).....                    | 225.00     |
| 7. Hoosier Kitchen Cabinet.....                         | 100.00     |
| 8. Hoosier Kitchen Cabinet.....                         | 85.00      |
| 9. Silver Tea Set (4 Pieces).....                       | 65.00      |
| 10. " " " ".....                                        | 65.00      |
| 11. " " " ".....                                        | 65.00      |
| 12. " " " ".....                                        | 65.00      |
| 13. " " " ".....                                        | 65.00      |
| 14. " " " ".....                                        | 65.00      |
| 15. " " " ".....                                        | 65.00      |
| 16. " " " ".....                                        | 65.00      |
| 17. " " " ".....                                        | 65.00      |
| 18. " " " ".....                                        | 65.00      |
| 19. " " " ".....                                        | 65.00      |
| 20. " " " ".....                                        | 65.00      |
| 21. " " " ".....                                        | 65.00      |
| 22. " " " ".....                                        | 65.00      |
| 23. " " " ".....                                        | 65.00      |
| 24. Buffet Set (Rogers 1847 Anniversary Set).....       | 45.00      |
| 25. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 26. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 27. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 28. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 29. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 30. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 31. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 32. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 33. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 34. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 35. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 36. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 37. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 38. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 39. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 40. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 41. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 42. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 43. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 44. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 45. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 46. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 47. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 48. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 49. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 50. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 51. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 52. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 53. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 54. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 55. " " " ".....                                        | 45.00      |
| 15 PER CENT. CASH COMMISSION MONEY SET ASIDE.....       | 1,500.00   |

**CAMPAIGN CLOSES Wednesday, January 17, 1923**



# Care of Oil Lamps and Stoves

No Need for Ill-smelling Lighting and Heating Equipment if a Little Trouble is Taken to Keep Them in Order—By Marion Hughes

WHEN evenings become longer the eternal coal oil lamps seem to assert themselves in a most unpleasant way. No one claims to be fond of keeping them in order, yet by using the best methods they become more bearable to live with. Their cousin the oil stove needs just as much care, especially in the busiest season. The portable oil heater which is such a boon for heating a chilly room in winter or "between seasons" should be thoroughly overhauled now. If it is made ready for use at an early date there will not be an exasperating rush when a cool spell suddenly arrives.

When lamps or stoves are being constantly used, daily care is essential. One of the reasons why people hate cleaning them is that often they receive attention only when burned dry or when the lamp chimney is black. The job is then actually unpleasant and the ensuing odor is decidedly disagreeable. Much of the happiness in a home depends on the lighting, so it is economy in the end to keep the lamps in good condition. If they smell strongly, if the wick is pointed, and if the glasses are smoky, it is an impossibility to read with any degree of comfort, and it is putting an unreasonable strain upon the eyesight.

Bowls of lamps and reservoirs of stoves should be kept filled to about one inch from the top of the container. It is not wise to fill them to the brim as there should be some room for expansion. The outside must be kept free from oil or the first person who picks up the lamp will have an oily hand with a strong smell. In case of any oil being spilled it is a good plan to stand the lamp on newspaper while filling it.

It is a great mistake to trim wicks by rubbing or with scissors, as a pointed, ragged flame will nearly always result. Instead, a piece of soft paper wound around the forefinger will enable you to smooth down and pack the layer of carbon on top of the wick. This treatment ensures an even flame which can be turned high enough to produce its full quota of light. A pointed wick can never be raised sufficiently to ensure good illumination.

## One Cause of Unpleasant Odors

A wick that is allowed to burn dry is practically spoiled, for, until a new one is put in, the lamp or stove will give off an unpleasant odor. Carbon particles which will be found around the burner after burning dry should be removed with a small brush, or the result will be a disagreeable smell. If the brush fails to remove all the pieces of foreign material, the burner should be boiled in a solution of washing soda and water. If you have an old wash-boiler or discarded kettle several lamps can be treated at a time. It is a good plan to give the burners a soda treatment at stated intervals to act as a purifier.

Wicks, if boiled in vinegar before using, will burn with a brighter flame than would otherwise be the case. Nearly everyone knows that a wick will burn to the last couple of inches if a piece of cotton cloth is attached to the end. Even though the wick is out of the oil, the fuel is sucked up through the cloth.

Lamp chimneys are most successfully cleaned by using tissue paper or dress patterns which are now out of fashion. A steaming kettle is also useful when looking after lamps. I have found a discarded raw silk blouse or child's dress very useful for giving a nice polish to glasses, after the soot has been removed with soft paper. Soapy water, followed by a rinse in clear warm water, is preferred by some people for cleaning lamp glasses, but special care must be taken to dry them

well, or moisture on the glass will cause it to crack on being heated. It is a good plan to put new lamp chimneys into cold water, bringing them slowly to a boil in order to make them less liable to crack.

The doors on oil stoves and heaters should be cleaned often so that you can keep an eye on the flame. Wicks should be packed down in the same way as the lamps, and ought never to be rubbed or cut. Wickless burners need attention at least every second morning. A small whisk is an excellent thing for brushing off the metal jackets and flame-spreaders as well as the burners themselves. This should be done gently so that nothing is put out of place. Care should be taken in lighting to avoid leaving a



match-end behind, as it will produce a yellow flame which gives off light but no heat. It always pays to see that food spilled on the stove, or in the oven, is wiped up immediately, for when it dries it is difficult to remove.

## Keep Utensils Together

A basket or box for holding the cleaning equipment is an excellent thing to have. In it can be kept soft paper or old patterns, an old toothbrush, a whisk, a couple of soft cloths, and new wicks. This if placed in a cupboard or corner is always ready for action, saving a search for equipment when it is time to clean stoves or lamps.

Many accidents have occurred through careless handling of lighted lamps by adults and children. The results were often fatal and so it is worth while to impress upon everyone's mind that unlimited care must be taken in carrying lamps and in putting them where they are safe. An oil heater should never be lifted from one room to another while lit, even though the distance is short. It is also unwise to leave it in a room without any ventilation for it needs oxygen as much as we do. In a room that is "hermetically sealed" the atmosphere becomes stuffy and undesirable for breathing. The same thing is true of lamps but to a lesser degree.

# PEASE "ECONOMY" FURNACE

## More Heat Per Dollar

The Pease Economy Furnace guarantees a clean, steady fire that consumes every heat-producing atom in the fuel, distributes an even heat, with just the right amount of moisture for health and comfort, and saves enough coal to pay for itself. Write for our free booklet, and state if interested in Warm Air, Hot Water, Steam or Pipeless Furnace. Do it now — the cold weather is coming soon.



PEASE WESTERN  
FOUNDRY LTD.  
Dept. 23  
WINNIPEG, MAN.

Live farmers buy, sell and exchange through Guide Classified advts.

\$**69**  
F.O.B. WINNIPEG

Just think  
of it!

# The NEW "Z" ENGINE 1½ h.p. Battery Equipt



This is what the  
new 1½ H.P.  
Type "Z" will do.

Operate the Pump.  
Run the Grinder. Run the  
Saw. Wash your clothes.  
Milk your cows. Separate  
your cream. Churn the  
butter. Run the grind-  
stone. Spray your trees.

Think of buying a farm engine built up to the famous type "Z" standards for \$69—an engine whose basic design has been proved right by over 300,000 users. The famous Type "Z" Engine at this low price means the biggest engine value obtainable for a small investment. When you think of the number of things that this engine will do on your farm, and the time and labor it will save each day, then you will realize that you cannot afford to be without it.

The simple design and sturdy construction of the Type "Z" makes it more than ever the practical power unit for every farm. This new engine was brought about to meet the needs of those who want a thoroughly dependable engine at a low price. Non-adjustable carburetor, always right, suction fuel feed, control lever giving six speeds, and other

similar features. Wherever the new type "Z" has been shown it has created a genuine sensation. Engine buyers acknowledge it to be all they have wanted in both quality and price.

Get the full facts about this new Type "Z" Engine by asking your dealer or mailing the coupon.

Other Fairbanks-Morse Type "Z" Engines  
1½ H.P. \$103.50 F.O.B. Winnipeg.  
3 H.P. \$151.00 5% discount  
6 H.P. \$252.50 for cash.

Equipped with High Tension Magneto and Throttling Governor

The Canadian Fairbanks-Morse Co. Limited

St. John Quibec Montreal Ottawa Toronto Hamilton Windsor  
Winnipeg Regina Saskatoon Calgary Vancouver Victoria 16

The Canadian Fairbanks-Morse Co.  
Limited  
(Nearest Branch)

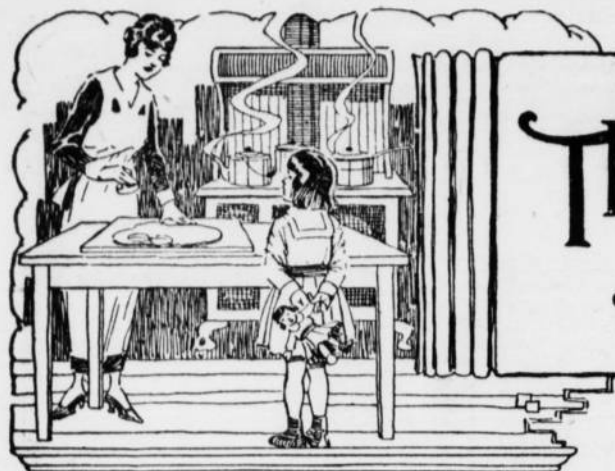
Please send me more free information  
about the new Type "Z" and what it will  
do on my farm.

Name .....

Post Office .....

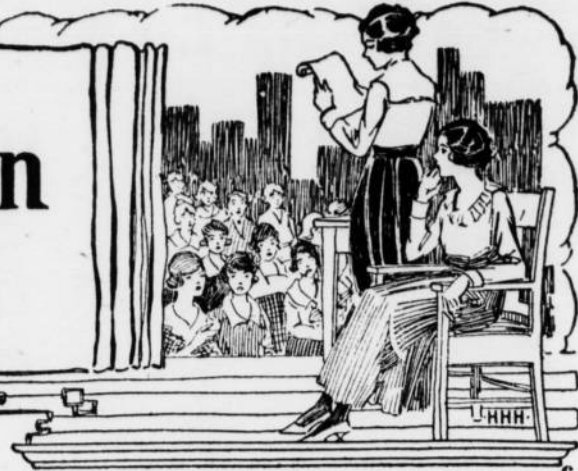
Province .....





# The Countrywoman

## • Editorial Comment •



### Work of a Home Branch

The organized farm women during the past two years have been making a special study of the need for a woman's branch or department in the federal government for giving advice and assistance in the business of home-making. Resolutions recommending that the government consider this matter have been passed at the different provincial conventions, and last February, at the meeting of the Women's Section of the Canadian Council of Agriculture, which is the inter-provincial body of the United Farm Women of Alberta, the Women's Section of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers Association, the United Farm Women of Manitoba, and the United Farm Women of Ontario, asked by resolution that the government seriously consider, in the re-organization of work under the Agricultural Extension Act, the establishment of a woman's branch of the Department of Agriculture.

In view of the above it is interesting to note developments in the Office of Home Economics of the United States Department of Agriculture. Secretary Wallace has recently announced that it is his intention "to strengthen the scientific work of the department as it may be related to Home Economics, and to make Home Economic work an independent bureau of the department, and to place at its head a woman of executive ability with scientific training and a broad and sympathetic understanding of what is needed to make such a bureau most helpful to the women of the country."

This means that in the United States the woman's work in the home is to receive the same attention from the Department of Agriculture as is now paid to livestock, crops, dairying, soils and other farm interests now represented by bureaus.

The Office of Home Economics is the only office where the home is recognized in its entirety. Its investigations form the basis for the agricultural extension work among the farm women. The function of the office is to study and investigate:

(a) Food products, their preparation and their uses from every standpoint.

(b) Clothing, household textiles and other household supplies with regard to their economy and usefulness.

(c) Household activities, methods of performing same and means of reducing the labor connected therewith.

The study of these subjects is both technical and practical. Bulletins are sent out giving the information gleaned from the investigations and statistics are compiled that form very valuable records concerning women's work.

Canada has no department of its federal government which pays particular attention to the needs of the woman in the home. The provincial governments, through the extension service departments and the colleges of agriculture, do some investigational work and send out literature, but there is need today of some central office with a woman in charge heading up and giving policy and direction to this important work.

### Lifting a Ton a Day

There are some tasks which must be and are performed every day in the routine of housework. These are so common that often we fail to stop to analyze their significance when taken in bulk and to place on them the blame for the exhaustion of the strength of the woman worker in the home. If we did pause to think these things out to the end, we would in all likelihood spend more thought, energy and yes, money, towards the solution of the problems which they present.

A prominent engineer after having made a very careful study of the water supply situation on the farm, makes the astonishing statement that many farmers' wives lift a ton of water a day. In his report in which he arrived at this conclusion he says:

"The getting of the water from the source of supply to the point of application requires more manual labor than any other item of housekeeping. The water for the kitchen has to be lifted from the well, carried to the kitchen, poured into a kettle, poured out of the kettle into the dishpan and from the dishpan out of doors. This makes six times the water is handled, and a bucket of water containing two gallons, with the containing vessel will weigh 20 pounds. When this is handled six times, the total lifting is 120 pounds.

"The cooking of three meals a day on a meagre allowance of water will necessitate ten buckets, which will make, for the cooking alone, 1,200 pounds of lifting per day. When to this is added the water necessary for bathing, scrubbing, and the weekly wash it will easily bring the lift per day up to a ton a day. The lifting of a ton a day will take the elasticity out of a woman's step, the bloom out of her cheek, and the enjoyment from her soul."

### Hide and Seek in Autumn Woods

By Margaret Minaker

*Hide and seek in the autumn woods,  
O! for a game that's merry.  
Nestling down in the rustling leaves,  
Like a dryad fairy.*

*All the world's at hide and seek,  
In the autumn weather.  
Little brown nuts in their ruffy burrs,  
Snuggle up together.*

*Saucy red squirrel runs down the tree—  
"I spy," cried the rover;  
A bold little nut was peeping out,  
So he pulled her from her cover.*

*Nancy hid in the colored leaves,  
Tossed them up around her;  
All beneath but a pretty red curl,  
So Mr. Sunshine found her.*

*O! what a merry old  
game it is!  
Don't you wonder  
whether  
Children of the long  
ago  
Played it, in autumn  
weather?*

### Children's Books

The child who has a teacher, kind friend or parent wise enough to see that he has within easy reach a number of good books well chosen for his years is indeed fortunate. Children's reading like many other things is subject to waves of fashion, and it is frequently difficult to distinguish between what is really good and what is merely popular. Most children are voracious readers, and if a child is not already fond of books there is all the more reason that attractive books be given him so that he will develop a love for reading, and so open up new avenues of enjoyment in his life that will last as long as he lives.

Most of us keenly remember the books we read as children. Many that we have read since childhood days have faded from our memory. To the child the characters in books are very real. Their actions and words often have a strong influence on the child's mind. The early ideals formed by the child are more often taken from the stories and the books they read than they are from real men and women and the real events of life. There are some books which if once read will be re-read many times more with the greatest of pleasure. The adult today will find enjoyment out of some of the stories he read as a child, but in some cases he has the regret that no one took the pains to see that he was able to get the books that might have given a taste for the finer things of life.

How is the parent or teacher today to make a wise selection from the sea of material before her. A list of twenty-five books suitable for children from grades one to eight has been made by librarians and teachers of the United States at a conference of the American Literary Association, and the National Educational Association which may be

helpful to those wishing to put a wise selection of books into the hands of young children.

Little Women, by Louise M. Alcott, comes first on the list chosen by librarians and first on the list chosen by teachers. Following this on both lists were, Alice's Adventures in Wonderland and Through the Looking Glass, by Lewis Carroll; Robinson Crusoe by Defoe; Tom Sawyer by Mark Twain, and Treasure Island by Stevenson. The other books which appear on the list are: Nicolay, Boy's Life of Abraham Lincoln; Kipling, The Jungle Book; Anderson, Fairy Tales; Aesop's Fables; Pyle, Merry Adventurers of Robin Hood; Stevenson, Child's Garden of Verses; Lamb, Tales from Shakespeare; Arabian Night; Malory, Boy's King Arthur; Van Loon, Story of Mankind; Wiggin, Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm; Stevenson, Burton E., Home Book of Verse for Young Folks; Dickens, Christmas Carol; Irving, Rip Van Winkle; Mother Goose; Dodge, Hans Brinker; Hagedorn—Boy's Life of Theodore Roosevelt; Hawthorne, Wonderbook; Seton, Wild Animals I have known; Sympri, Heidi. Three books selected by the librarians and are not included on the joint list were: Dickens, David Copperfield; Grimm, Household Stories; Wyss, Swiss Family Robinson.

### The Falling Leaf

Autumn exceeds all other seasons of the year with its appeal to our sense of beauty of color. This year nature has been particularly generous with her paint brush and kind in delaying the rough winds which assist her in putting her blanket of leaves over the brown sod. For almost one whole long month of sunny days we have had the opportunity of feasting our eyes on the vivid picture of autumn in her glorious dress. Even yet tiny scarlet and gold banners, clinging to the parent tree, as if anxious to prolong the touch of color, remind us of her brilliant departure.

There are those who see in autumn a time of sadness and regret. Poets have frequently written that feeling into words, and it seems to be human nature to follow a bent toward melancholy. A leading note in The Christian Guardian gives us a happier and a more true glimpse of autumn's message to us:

"But how do the leaves fade and fall? We are assured in the first place, that the process is a natural one. The falling of the leaves is not a tragedy in nature, but one of its inevitable processes without which there could be no life of fruitfulness. And then the leaves for the most part fade and fall so gloriously. To see the riot of color in autumn woods ought surely to remind us that this process of nature is one which Nature

herself and Nature's God greatly rejoices. We ought rather to joy and rejoice in it, than to let it fill us with regret and the thought of tragedy. And then, too, might it not be possible for us to let Nature teach us a lesson in this matter. The fading and the falling leaf tells us that life ought to have its glorious consummation, that we ought to grow old joyously, hopefully, splendidly and not sadly and regretfully."

"A house is built of sticks and stones and walls and pillars and piers,  
But a home is built of loving deeds that last a thousand years.  
A house, though but a humble cot, within its walls may hold  
A home of priceless beauty, bright with love's untarnished gold.  
The men on earth build houses, halls and pillars, roof and domes,  
But the women of the world, God knows,  
The women build the homes."





## Sealing Wax Craft

Continued from Page 13

knots. It is wise to warn people to whom you are giving wax beads that they should not bend over a hot range when wearing them.

In order to make the work still easier, I am suggesting a few artistic combinations of color. The last named is the foundation of the bead: coral and orange on black; black, green and gold bronze on dark red, gold bronze and dark brown on coral; Alice blue and orange on green; Alice blue and silver on rose pink; black on cobalt blue; apple green and cobalt blue on black; coral and violet on lilac; gold bronze on purple; green bronze, gold bronze and white; Nile green, gold bronze and blue; grey on rose pink; apple green, violet and silver on coral. Plain black beads with small blue, coral or green beads in between are also effective. Many more delightful color schemes can be worked out with a little ingenuity.

Artistic pendants or medallions may be made entirely of sealing wax or by covering card board bases. In the former case, mould the wax into the desired shape and make a small slot in the top through which to thread the ribbons. A hot pin heated in the flame is a handy thing for making this hole. A tiny slide for the ribbon is a nice addition which can be seen at the left of the illustration quite plainly. To make it, break off a small piece of wax and run a hot pin through it several times to form a slot.

If a cardboard base is used, draw or trace a design on to the cardboard, cut it out and cover well the sides and edges with wax. Pendants and other articles may be decorated with raised wax flowers and leaves arranged in attractive designs. Mark the position of the flowers and leaves on the article with a pencil. To make roses similar to those on the black medallion in the illustration, heat a stick of light rose pink and allow a drop to fall where desired. When still soft press it down slightly with a finger. Place a drop of darker pink in the centre. Heat a wax moulder and make a hole in the centre of the mound of wax. Make three cuts around the hole with the edge of the heated spatula, pressing each one out slightly to form a petal. The instruments should be heated and wiped on soft paper after each time they are inserted in the wax.

Leaves and twigs may be made with the wax moulder. Soften a stick of green wax and scrape off a little with the moulder. By pressing it down and using a brush like stroke leaves and stems can be made. It is best to practice the flowers several times on a piece of cardboard before putting a design on an article. Forget-me-nots and daisies are made in the same way using an outward stroke for the petals. A small drop of yellow is used for the centre. Unfortunately, lack of space prevents me from describing many other things that can be done with sealing wax. Makers of this product publish literature which contains many new ideas.

Unusual place cards can be made by making wax flowers or garlands on blank calling cards. One of the prettiest I have seen had a rose in one corner, about three-quarters of an inch in diameter, with a very tiny candlestick in the centre, which was pressed in while the wax was still soft.

Sealing wax can also be used for painting. Into a small jar with screw top, break pieces of sealing wax. Put the jar on an asbestos plate over the alcohol lamp. Allow the wax to melt with the jar uncovered, taking care that it does not boil. Remove it from the heat and add a few drops of wood alcohol at a time, stirring it with a smooth stick.

N.B.—Never put in the alcohol while the wax is heating. If the mixture sputters the wax is too hot. Thin it to the desired consistency and use it in the same way as oil paints. One part of alcohol to two of wax gives a medium thick paint, while equal parts produce a thin mixture. If it becomes too thin, leave the lid off the jar for a few minutes. Use oil paint brushes for applying the paint and take long strokes.



## Beautiful, richly colored rugs at small cost—

There's nothing like a beautiful, richly colored rug for making a room attractive. The popular *Gold-Seal Congoleum Art-Rugs* do this at amazingly small cost. In Congoleum patterns you'll find colors and designs suitable for every room in the house.

What a difference they make in your housework, too. Once and for all the drudgery of sweeping is ended.

Dirt cannot grind into them as it does with woven rugs. A light mopping makes their smooth waterproof surface absolutely clean and as bright as new. No tacks or fastenings of any kind are needed to keep them flat on the floor.

And you are assured long, satisfactory service by the Gold-Seal Guarantee that's pasted on the face of all genuine Gold-Seal Congoleum.



### Look for this Gold Seal

You run no risk when you buy genuine *Gold-Seal Congoleum*.

### Low prices—popular sizes

|            |        |             |         |
|------------|--------|-------------|---------|
| 9 x 3 ft.  | \$4.50 | 9 x 7½ ft.  | \$11.25 |
| 9 x 4½ ft. | 6.75   | 9 x 9 ft.   | 13.50   |
| 9 x 6 ft.  | 9.00   | 9 x 10½ ft. | 15.75   |
|            |        | 9 x 12 ft.  | \$18.00 |

*Gold-Seal Congoleum By-the-Yard*—in roll form, 2 yards wide, for use over the entire floor. . . 85 cents square yard.

Prices: Winnipeg and points West proportionately higher to cover extra freight.

If your dealer does not carry these economical *Gold-Seal Art-Rugs* we will gladly see that you are supplied. Write us for folder, "Modern Rugs for Modern Homes", showing all the beautiful patterns.

## CONGOLEUM COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED

1270 St. Patrick St., Montreal, Quebec

Gold Seal  
**CONGOLEUM**  
ART-RUGS  
Made in Canada  
by Canadians — for Canadians

## OIL LIGHT BEATS ELECTRIC OR GAS

Burns 94% Air

A new oil lamp that gives an amazingly brilliant, soft, white light, even better than gas or electricity, has been tested by the U.S. Government and 25 leading universities and found to be superior to 10 ordinary oil lamps. It burns without odor, smoke or noise—no pumping up, is simple, clean, safe. Burns 94% air and 6% common kerosene (coal oil).

The inventor, T. D. Johnson, 579 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg, is offering to send a lamp on 10 days' FREE trial, or even to give one FREE to the first user in each locality who will help him introduce it. Write him today for full particulars. Also ask him to explain how you can get the agency, and without experience or money make \$250 to \$500 per month.

## GUIDE BULLETIN SERVICE

Such a large number of requests are received by The Guide for information upon a wide range of subjects that a special Bulletin Service has been developed to meet the need. Some of these bulletins are reprints of articles that have appeared in The Guide from time to time and some are new material. The list will be added to in the future. These Bulletins are free to Guide readers upon request when accompanied by a self-addressed and stamped (3-cent) envelope. For convenience please order by number.

1. An Inexpensive Home-made Fireless Cooker
2. How to Make a Paper Dress Form
3. How to Make Old Jars Into Pretty Vases
4. An Empire-Day Program
5. How to Get Rid of Bugs, Cockroaches and Beetles
6. How to be Prepared for Unexpected Visitors
7. Swat the Fly—Why and How
8. A Home-made Dish Drier
9. Short Cuts for Wash-day
10. New Garments From Old Shirts
11. How to Read Patterns
12. Making One Pattern Do for the Girls
13. What to do in Case of Poisoning
14. A Practical Way to Erect a Farm House Section by Section as Finances Permit
15. Growing Plums in Manitoba
16. Preparing for the Hatching Season
17. The Why and How of Incubator Operation
18. Growing Small Fruits
19. Marketing Eggs in Alberta
20. Systematic Planning of Housecleaning
21. Canning Meat
22. Sweet Clover Varieties
23. Securing a Stand of Sweet Clover
24. Harvesting and Pasturing Sweet Clover
25. Harvesting a Seed Crop of Sweet Clover
26. Silage Crops
27. Feeding Silage
28. Practical Experience with Silage
29. Silage Machinery
30. The Trench Silo
31. The Pit Silo
32. Removing Silage from a Pit Silo
33. The Beef Ring—How to Operate
34. Treating Grain for Smut
35. How to Cure Ham and Bacon
36. How to Refinish Furniture
37. The Care of Floor Coverings
38. Kitchen Mending Kits
39. How to Soften Hard Water
40. The Menace of the House Fly
41. How to Plan a Summer Wedding
42. How to Mix Whitewash
43. How to Paint Your Car
44. How to Bake Bread
45. How to Pack Eggs for Winter
46. How to Make an Ice Well
47. Culling Poultry for Egg Production



# NABOB

VACUUM PACKED  
**COFFEE**

**FRESH** from the roaster  
no matter where you buy it.

KELLY, DOUGLAS & CO., LTD



Buy fruits you are sure of. The original **GREEN PLUME** 5 lb. sealed carton guarantees freshness, flavor and cleanliness of Peaches, Pears, Prunes, Apricots, Raisins and Figs. Ask your Grocer.

18

## GET YOUR GUIDE SUBSCRIPTION FREE

Send us the new or renewal subscription of a friend or neighbor and we'll allow half the money sent in to apply on your own subscription. Send \$1.00 for a one-year subscription. Your neighbor gets The Guide for one year and your subscription is extended for six months. Send \$2.00 and he gets The Guide for three years and yours is extended for one year. Send \$3.00—he gets The Guide for five years and you get it for 18 months. Send 50 cents extra on any of these offers and your subscription will be extended for one year, 18 months and three years, respectively.

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE, WINNIPEG, MAN.

## Hurry the Molt- Get Fall Eggs

Molting hens don't pay. Your best layers start molting late. Help them and they will help you by laying more, high-priced fall eggs. Give them

### Pratts Poultry Regulator

—the GUARANTEED conditioner and egg producer that puts vim and snap into droopy, molting birds —gives them strength to force out the old quills and grow new feathers. Starts the pullets laying early. "Pratts" is the original time-tested tonic and invigorator that keeps fowls in laying condition all the time. It prevents most diseases by supplying the natural health to fight them off. Used with a well balanced ration, "Pratts" is guaranteed to make YOUR hens lay more eggs. Try it at our risk.

Your Money Back If YOU Are Not Satisfied

Made in Canada. Sold by dealers everywhere

FREE ADVICE. Our experts can and will solve your poultry problems. Write us fully. Ask for FREE Booklet—worth dollars to YOU.

**PRATT FOOD COMPANY**  
of Canada, Limited  
328T -Carlaw Avenue, Toronto

**pratts**

**PRATTS 51<sup>ST</sup> YEAR OF SERVICE**

## Farm Women's Clubs

Continued from Page 3

their September meeting. Although the day was showery, a goodly number attended—ten members and five visitors. A fine literary program was given. Mrs. W. H. Hunter read current events, gathered from a wife field; Mrs. Wm. Cross gave a couple of humorous readings from a book of poems, by Ben King, the witty American poet; Mrs. Roy Bliss read the fifth chapter in the book of laws governing women and children. The local is making a study of the book this year. An essay was contributed by Mrs. A. W. Samis, Woman—What Has Been Her Influence on the Upbuilding of Our Empire?—a resume of the activities of women in various phases of life in all parts of the British Empire from its commencement till the present time.

## Send Girl to Short Course

The Leslieville U.F.W.A. met in the Community Hall, for the September meeting. The question of reducing the membership fee of the local from \$3.00 to \$2.00 per year came under discussion. It was finally decided to make this reduction.

The principal business of the meeting, however, was in connection with a communication received by the local from the principal of the School of Agriculture at Olds, dealing with the recently-established scholarship offered by that institution to assist some girl of the district to secure the advantage of a year in the Home Economics course of that school.

As this matter comes directly in line with the aims and purposes of the U.F.W.A. as an institution, the meeting unanimously decided to send Miss Muriel McTavish, as the representative from our local, she being fully qualified, according to the requirements laid down by the school for all who enter the competition. While, necessarily, but one girl can win the scholarship, nevertheless the experience can not fail to be of benefit to each girl who attends this short course with the idea of conscientiously doing her best while there.

## Active During Summer

The Storthoaks Women's Section has been very active during the present summer. In July a community picnic was held at which Dr. and Mrs. Arthur, of Redvers, gave helpful addresses. The latter spoke of the work of the university, particularly the free short courses, and the former spoke on the spirit of optimism so necessary to solve local, provincial, and national difficulties.

Plans have also been made by the club to have a short course in Domestic Science and later in Dressmaking and Millinery. Previous to the latter classes it is hoped that one of the meetings will be devoted to the making of paper dress forms.

## Notes

White Star local U.F.W.A., at their September meeting spent their time in making kimono to be donated to the Drumheller hospital.

Davidson W.G.G.A. had as guests for the September meeting the members of Kenwick and Trenton locals. There was some discussion on a winter program and particularly on plans for a re-union in October. At the close of the business, Miss Linfoot, assistant provincial secretary, addressed the members on some of the phases of the work of the association and suggested a few lines of study for the winter season.

Members of the United Farm Women of Manitoba will find the article by Miss McMurray in this issue very helpful in their study of Manitoba's new Child Welfare Act. The U.F.W.M. are intending to make this one of the particular topics for study this fall and winter.

To call to the telephone men who are at work outdoors keep a bicycle whistle hanging near the back door. It is better by far to use a whistle than to strain one's voice, and the whistle will be more easily heard.—F.E.F.



## Order Your New Suit By Mail

Let the world's largest one-price tailors make your new suit or overcoat to measure—guaranteed to fit and satisfy or your money back.

Choose from a wonderful assortment of new, all-wool fabrics; all \$27, to measure.

Fill in, tear out and mail today

**TIP TOP TAILORS.**  
Mail Order Dept. 4  
256 Richmond St. West, Toronto.

Send me, by return mail, Tip Top samples of cloth, new style book and patented self-measurement form.

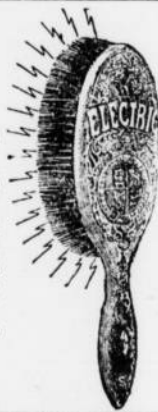
Name.....

Address.....

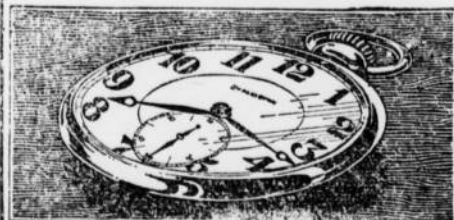
## DR. SCOTT'S ELECTRIC HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS

THEY will positively relieve nervous headache and neuralgia, prevent dandruff, falling hair, baldness and scalp disease. Makes the hair grow long and glossy. Pure bristles, not wire; a compass to test power. Three sizes: \$1.50, \$3.00, \$4.50. Ladies' Combs, \$1.15. See the new Wonder Brush. Makes its own electricity. It relieves pain and invigorates the whole system. Price \$10, postpaid. Send for booklet.

P. MOON, Distributor  
2039 Louise Ave.  
BRANDON MAN.



## 21 Jewel Burlington



Adjusted to the Second 21 Ruby and Sapphire Jewels  
Adjusted to Temperature New Ideas in Thin Cases  
Adjusted to Isochronism Adjusted to Positions  
Your Choice of Dials (Including Montgomery R. R. Dial)

# Only \$1.00 Down

Only One Dollar Down will buy this masterpiece of watch manufacture. The balance you are allowed to pay in small, easy, monthly payments. A 21-Jewel Watch—is sold to you at a price much lower than that of other high-grade watches. Besides, you have the selection of the finest thin model designs and latest styles in watch cases. Write for FREE Watch Book and our SPECIAL OFFER today.

## Write While This Special Offer Lasts

Get the Burlington Watch Book—write today. Find out about this great special offer which is being made for only a limited time. You will know a great deal more about watch buying when you read this book. You will be able to "steer clear" of the over-priced watches which are no better. Write for watch book and our special offer TODAY!

**Burlington Watch Co., Dept. W317**  
311 King Street, E. Toronto, Ontario  
62 Albert Street, Winnipeg, Manitoba

Live farmers buy, sell and exchange  
through Guide Classified advts.



## Manitoba's Child Welfare Act

Continued from Page 12

for an unmarried mother must report the case to the Department of Public Welfare.

The problem of the illegitimate child is one of the most difficult with which we have to grapple, involving as it does the question of penalizing the guilty parties, without undue discrimination against the unfortunate offspring. It was most regrettable that through the determined opposition of one of the members of the legislature that section 72 should have been deleted. The section is as follows:

"Where it is impossible to establish the paternity of a child because of its mother having had intercourse with several men during the period in which the child must have been begotten, each man who had intercourse with the child's mother during such period and who might possibly have begotten the child, shall be liable for the support of the child during its minority, and in proceeding before a judge of the juvenile court, or a police magistrate or justices of the peace, brought by the director to secure the child's support, every such man may be ordered to contribute to the support of the child during its minority in such measure as the court may determine in consideration of the circumstances of the case and the needs of the child, and the provisions of the preceding sections as to enforcing the order of the court shall be applicable. Provided, however, that no such order shall be made unless evidence of the mother is corroborated by some other material evidence implicating the accused."

Under the existing law, if the accused can prove, by means fair or foul, that several men had intercourse with the informant about the same time, all escape liability despite the fact that the joint moral liability is the same.

### Feeble Minded

The ever increasing problem of the feeble minded and mental defective is dealt with in section five. These include all stages of feeble mindedness and provision is made by which the parent of such child may have it examined by the board and psychiatrist of the receiving home and upon this finding may, with the approval of the director, either take the child home again or place it in a proper institution.

Any teacher, nurse or person who has charge of such a child may notify the department and have the case investigated, and if the parents refuse to co-operate they may be ordered to produce the child for examination.

Provision is also made for the trial of adult mental defectives in the juvenile court. For example, a woman of forty-five appears in the ordinary court charged with some misdemeanor. If it appears to the judge that she is a mental defective, he may refer her to the psychiatrist, and if her mentality is under 14 years, he may refer her to the juvenile court for trial without consideration for her age.

Section six, respecting handicapped children, refers to cripples, or those who, from lack of development of any organ, are prevented from receiving education in the ordinary way. All cases reported to the department shall be investigated and fullest co-operation made with the parents or guardians insofar as special education and training may be in the best interests of the child.

In the case of deaf and dumb children between the ages of eight and fifteen it shall be the duty of the director to require that such children shall attend a suitable institution for at least four months in every year.

Section seven deals with immigrant children, meaning those children brought into the province for settlement by any charitable organization, i.e., Dr. Barnardo's Homes. All children so placed must be reported to the Department of Public Welfare, and the child then becomes a ward of the province, and subject to the supervision of this department. The organization that placed the child shall be responsible for the costs involved in placing the child and shall in general make its own contracts, subject always to revision by the Department of Public Welfare. The idea seems to be to allow such organizations to proceed on their own initiative,



# Bread Making is Simple With Quaker Flour

**GIVEN** a little care and good ingredients it is not difficult to make good bread.

It's the flour that makes the difference. Try Quaker Flour with your next baking, and see what nice, light, good looking loaves you can make.

Quaker Flour is made only from the best of selected Canadian wheat. As the carloads arrive at our mills, the wheat that does not come up to Quaker quality is re-shipped. Every sack of Quaker Flour is of the same high grade.

Look for the Quaker on the sack next time you buy flour.

**QUAKER MILLS**  
Saskatoon and Peterborough  
*Also makers of Quaker Oats, Tillson's Aluminum Oats,  
Puffed Rice, Puffed Wheat, etc.*

W207

**Flavor,  
Color,  
Long-keeping**

# Apples

**O.K. means  
Quality Fruit**



## Ask for O.K. Apples..... They're the Best

Delicious — wholesome — healthy O.K. Apples. Get a stock in your basement now. There's a particular O.K. Apple for each month. Ask your dealer about them, he will gladly explain—above all, insist on O.K.'s.

*Order by the Box  
From Your Dealer*

**Okanagan United Growers Ltd.**  
Vernon, B.C.  
GROWERS OF THE FAMOUS "O.K." APPLES  
AND O.U.G. SOFT FRUITS

### Our FREE Book

It contains a bright clean Fairy Story more than interesting to any kiddie—as well as 14 colored pictures of the adventures of "YELLO FELLO." There's a recipe on every page. Send for it—it's free.



**OKANAGAN UNITED GROWERS LTD., VERNON, B.C.**

Please send me "Yello Fello—the Apple Elf"—your Free Book.

Name .....

Address .....

Grain Growers' Guide, Oct. 11



# 1847 ROGERS BROS. SILVERPLATE



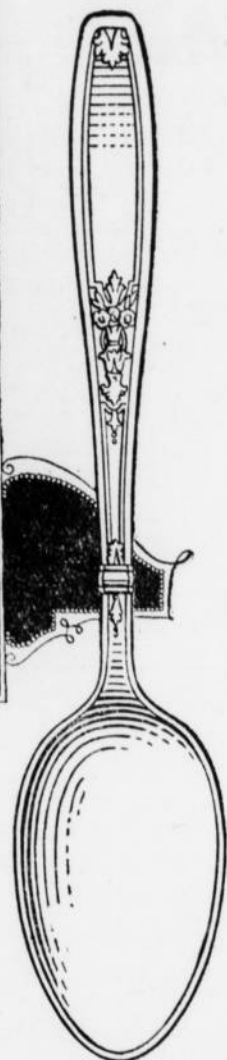
## When the guests arrive

Have you enough table silverplate? Your duties as a hostess call for more than spoons, knives and forks. Niceties of table service are quickly noticed and commented upon. We suggest a sugar shell, butter spreaders, individual salad forks, etc.—all in the time-tested 1847 Rogers Bros. Silverplate. Many beautiful patterns make selection easy. To commemorate our Seventy-fifth Anniversary, they are packed this year, without extra charge, in attractively decorated chests and gift boxes.

To be sure to get what you want, ask for "1847 Rogers Bros." by its FULL name.

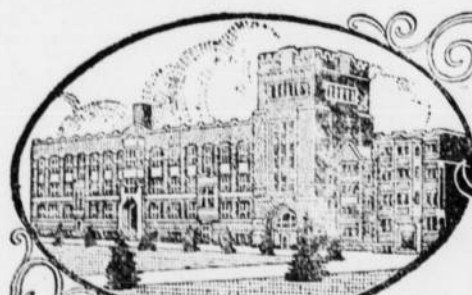
MERIDEN BRITANNIA CO., LIMITED, HAMILTON, ONT.

Made in Canada by Canadians and sold by leading Canadian dealers throughout the Dominion.



The  
AMBASSADOR  
Pattern

## SCHOOL AND COLLEGE DIRECTORY



# Regina College

E. R. DOXSEE, B.A., B.D., Registrar

E. W. STAPLEFORD B.A., B.D., President

A Residential College for Girls and Young Women, Boys and Young Men. Residential life under helpful supervision adds greatly to the cultural value of a College training.

DEPARTMENTS: ACADEMIC—CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC—HOUSEHOLD SCIENCE—BUSINESS—EXPRESSION

Opening of Academic, Music and Business Departments for Fall Term: OCTOBER 3, 1922

SPECIAL COURSE FOR FARMERS' SONS OPENS NOVEMBER 21, 1922.

Write for College Year Book.

Applications are filed in the order in which they are received. We advise early enrolment.

REGINA COLLEGE, REGINA, SASK.

## Alberta College North - Edmonton, Alberta WESTERN CANADA'S OPPORTUNITY SCHOOL

### OFFERS

Public and High School Courses. Correspondence Courses in Grades IX, X, XI, XII, Matriculation and Commercial subjects. Music, Conservatory Courses. Telegraphy, Railroad and Commercial. Expression, Physical Culture and Art. All Graduate Students Have Secured Positions. Thirty-five Experienced Teachers on College Staff. 18,000 Former Students.

Board, Room, Laundry and Tuition Fees for 10 Full Months, \$450

For Calendar and Full Information write to F. S. McCALL, B.A., Principal

but giving the department the right to interfere should the need ever arise.

Regulations for the establishment of child welfare organizations are provided for in section eight.

Any twelve or more persons entitled to vote at the provincial elections may make application to the department for incorporation and all societies already organized under the Children's Act shall be deemed incorporated under this act. The general rules of management of such societies are set out in detail in the act.

### Adoption of Children

Section nine deals with the adoption of children. All applications for adoption shall be made directly to the Department of Public Welfare, and after proper investigation a certificate of adoption may be given, subject always to the child being returned to its own parents. Any newspaper advertising a child for adoption must furnish all particulars at its disposal to the department. The foster parents are to assume all the duties of natural parents and are entitled to all benefits derived therefrom as though the child were natural born. Such homes shall be properly investigated and reported upon annually.

A further improvement upon the former law has been made by the provision that after one year of adoption application may be made to a county court judge for certificate of permanent adoption. Thenceforth all supervision by the department or liability of interference by the parents ceases. Formerly at common law no parent could abrogate his or her inherent right to custody of their child, and no agreement to the contrary afforded any protection to the foster parent.

Questions involving the guardianship of the child are set forth in section ten, and this section opens with the important statement, "notwithstanding any rule of law heretofore in force to the contrary the rights of the father and mother in the custody and control of their children shall be joint, subject, of course, to any order of a judge providing otherwise." The remaining parts of this section are largely technical, dealing with the procedure of legally-appointed guardians acting on behalf of the children in the case of contracts, litigation, real estate transactions and so forth.

The final section contains numerous miscellaneous provisions, and is designed to care for any details so far omitted. Amongst these may be noted the following: municipal councils in cities, towns and incorporated villages may regulate the hours for children to be on the streets at night without proper guardianship. Any children found loitering after the time so fixed may be warned to go home and if such warning is not heeded the child may be taken to one of the public welfare shelters.

By-laws may be passed regulating and controlling the licensing of children engaged as: express or dispatch messengers; vendors of newspapers; shoe shiners; pin boys of bowling alleys; and to prohibit the children from being so engaged without a license. No license shall be given for work after 8 p.m. during the months of December, January or February, or after 9 p.m. for the rest of the year and never during school hours. Every town or city with a population of 3,000 or over must provide places known as shelters for the temporary care of neglected children.

Children employed in public entertainments, circuses, etc., must be licensed and careful supervision made by the department to see that the terms and hours of employment are strictly complied with.

These are the general provisions of the Child Welfare Act. Inadequate as it may be to meet every contingency that may arise in regard to the welfare of children it nevertheless provides us with a good working basis upon which we may build.

Old fruit jar rubbers came in handy last winter when the snow was on the ground. My boy stepped on an axe and cut a big gash in his rubber. I melted a fruit jar rubber to the consistency of wax, poured it into the gash and stuck it back in place. When it became cold, the rubber was as good as new.—Mrs. P.R.

## STAMMERING

or stuttering overcome positively. Our natural methods permanently restore natural speech. Graduate pupils everywhere. Free advice and literature.  
**THE ARNOTT INSTITUTE**  
KITCHENER, - CANADA

## LEARN AUCTIONEERING

at World's Original and Greatest School. Become independent with no capital invested. Write today for free catalog. **JONES' NAT'L SCHOOL OF AUCTIONEERING**, 52 N. Sacramento Blvd., Chicago, Ill. CAREY M. JONES, Pres.

## Your Success WILL DEPEND ON Your Education

Attend the Success College

Special Course—Reading, Writing, Spelling, Arithmetic, Grammar, Letter Writing, etc., for those who have had little chance to go to school.

Business, Shorthand, Clerical, Secretarial, Dictaphone and Other Courses—These equip young people for office work.

Farmers' Business Course—Specially designed to help young farmers to apply business methods.

Home Study Courses—At reasonable cost for those who cannot leave home.

Success Graduates Succeed.

Write for Free Prospectus.

*The Success*  
*Business College*  
Winnipeg, Man.

EDMONTON BLOCK, WINNIPEG, MAN.  
Not affiliated with any other school.

## RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, NEURITIS

and all Nerve Troubles successfully treated at

## The Mineral Springs Sanitarium

ELMWOOD, WINNIPEG

This is also an ideal Convalescent Home. Write for full particulars.

## HOME DRESSMAKING MADE EASY

Send a self-addressed and stamped envelope (3c) for Guide Bulletin No. 2, How to Make a Paper Dress Form. By following instructions you can, with very little expense, make at home a Judy, an exact duplicate of yourself. With its use perfect fitting dresses are easily and quickly made.

Paper Required for Dress Form  
Given Free

We will send you free and postpaid the paper required for making this dress form (sufficient for the largest woman), if you will send \$2.00 worth of subscriptions to The Guide, new or renewal, your own or anyone else's. Subscriptions must be taken at the rate of \$1.00 for 1 year, \$2.00 for 3 years, \$3.00 for 5 years.

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE  
WINNIPEG, MAN.

## Gladden the Heart of Your Child



Is your child getting the same facilities for learning as the city child enjoys? If not, order a Canadian Educator; it will delight any child and stimulate interest in its lessons. It has a closing top, also a chair, and is equipped with five writing and story books, pencils, slate, crayons, paints, alphabet and drawing charts, word builders, etc. We will ship you one on receipt of order for \$10. You owe it to your child. ORDER NOW.

## Calgary Toy Works

130-16th AVE. N.W., CALGARY, ALTA.



Spending \$1,000 in the Farm Home  
Continued from Page 9

monotonous round of feeding fires, and the usual household duties. Neither a weary body, nor a mind cut off from intercourse with other people, is likely to be the home of a soul bubbling over with enthusiasm or joy.

A great number of western farmers' wives, like myself, were city-bred. To these accustomed to the many-sided life of a city, with all conveniences of the present civilization, the severing of all or most of these ties and the apparent isolation of a farm, tend to produce a longing for the "good old days". Work for the body is not lacking, but the mind, severed from its usual sources of food, good music, books, pictures, magazines, church and social activities, is liable to become starved. I would make this \$1,000 do two things, first, reduce the housework and make it more pleasant, and, secondly, provide food for the mind.

I would spend \$250 in purchasing a gasoline engine, with attachments for the washing machine and churn. This would do away with the awful tired-out feeling after a "big wash." My second investment would be \$250 on improvements in the house; the purchase of storm doors and windows, and new stove, and linoleum for the floors, would take that sum. Hereby would be gained far greater comfort in winter, and the floors would be kept clean far easier.

My third investment would be \$200 for the installation of a soft-water cistern (with all its necessary fixtures, including eaves troughing) in the cellar. This would reduce the amount of water to be pumped from the well and carried to the house considerably, without considering the benefit of using soft water instead of hard for washing.

The balance, still using round numbers, of approximately three hundred dollars, I would deposit in a bank so that from time to time I could draw small sums with which to purchase music, books, etc., and as a nest egg, to provide for any sudden emergency, as sickness, accidents, etc.

The spending of the first seven hundred dollars would secure considerable relief from some of the most laborious and trying tasks of the wife of a farmer, and evening would not find her so tired and weary that it is impossible for her to enjoy either reading, music or any other pastime or recreation. She would be able at any rate to appreciate some of the finer things of life, and still enjoy the healthy country air.—Esther Grant

*Third Prize Letter*

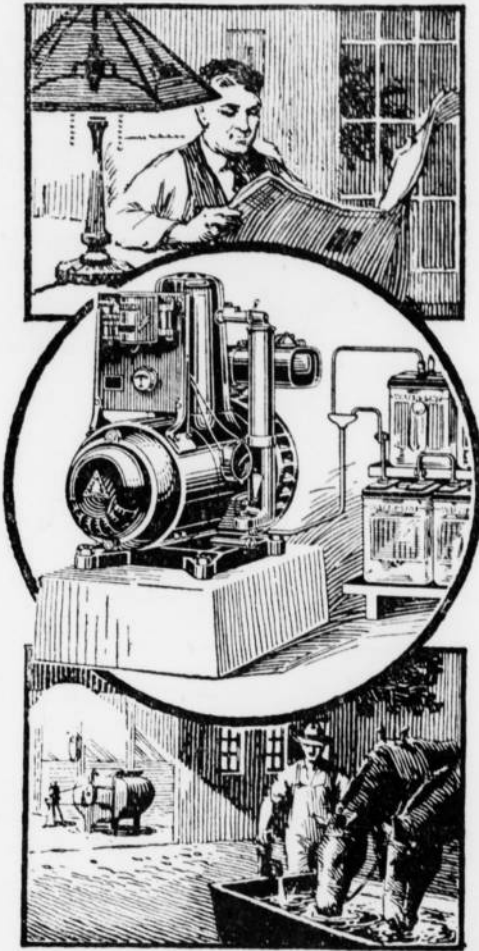
As a consequence of the competition for farm women announced in the June Household Number of The Guide, I am now sitting in a fool's paradise for at least a couple of hours, with my imaginary \$1,000 before me. To think I am to spend it all for myself! I must go shopping, and being so elated over my sudden prosperity I must be strictly on guard lest I depart from the path of wisdom and economy. I must shop with an eye single to durability, comfort and efficiency as labor saving devices.

As a farm woman my kitchen is my great care—it is there I spend my days and most of my evenings. I fortunately have a large, well lighted, airy and cheery room for that purpose, but minus labor savers. I will cover all my floors downstairs with linoleum and upstairs with oilcloth. Then to preserve its beauty and add to its durability, I need a set of treated mops, a can of oil, and a quantity of linoleum varnish.

Secondly, a bath. How I have longed for a real bath, with hot and cold water taps and an outlet pipe. All things come to those who wait. In my attic I will place a galvanized iron supply or feeder tank—then a hot water front in my range and a boiler tank attached. A "T" connection will enable me to obtain hot water for the kitchen as well as the bath. It will not be at all complete if I do not instal a sink, so that comes next; pipes and joints, couplings and clamps, are all important items, they must be included. An indoor toilet is a real necessity from the standpoint of health, therefore one must be placed. I must not contem-

# DELCO-LIGHT

## The Modern Electric Light and Power System



Over 160,000 satisfied users are enjoying the comfort, convenience and economy of Delco-Light. Farms, churches, schools, stores—in every place where an individual electric plant is necessary—Delco-Light is accepted as the modern light and power system.

There are 25 styles and sizes of Delco-Light plants—a size to fit every need exactly. Every plant is equipped with the famous four-cycle, valve-in-head, air-cooled engine with only one place to oil.

Think of the comfort Delco-Light can bring to your home by supplying electric light in your house, in your garage and stables; by supplying power to run the churn, the washing machine, pump the water for the household and the stock. All this you can have at a very low cost. Your nearest dealer will gladly tell you all about Delco-Light—will demonstrate the plant best fitted to your needs right in your home without obligation to you.

Ask him about our easy payment plan.

DELCO-LIGHT CO., of CANADA, LIMITED  
OSHAWA, ONT.

Breen Motor Company, Winnipeg  
Bruce Robinson Distributors, Calgary  
Bruce Robinson Supplies, Moose Jaw

MADE IN CANADA

25  
Styles and Sizes  
a size for  
every need

Over 160,000

Satisfied Users

# MACDONALD'S BRIER



*The Tobacco with a heart*

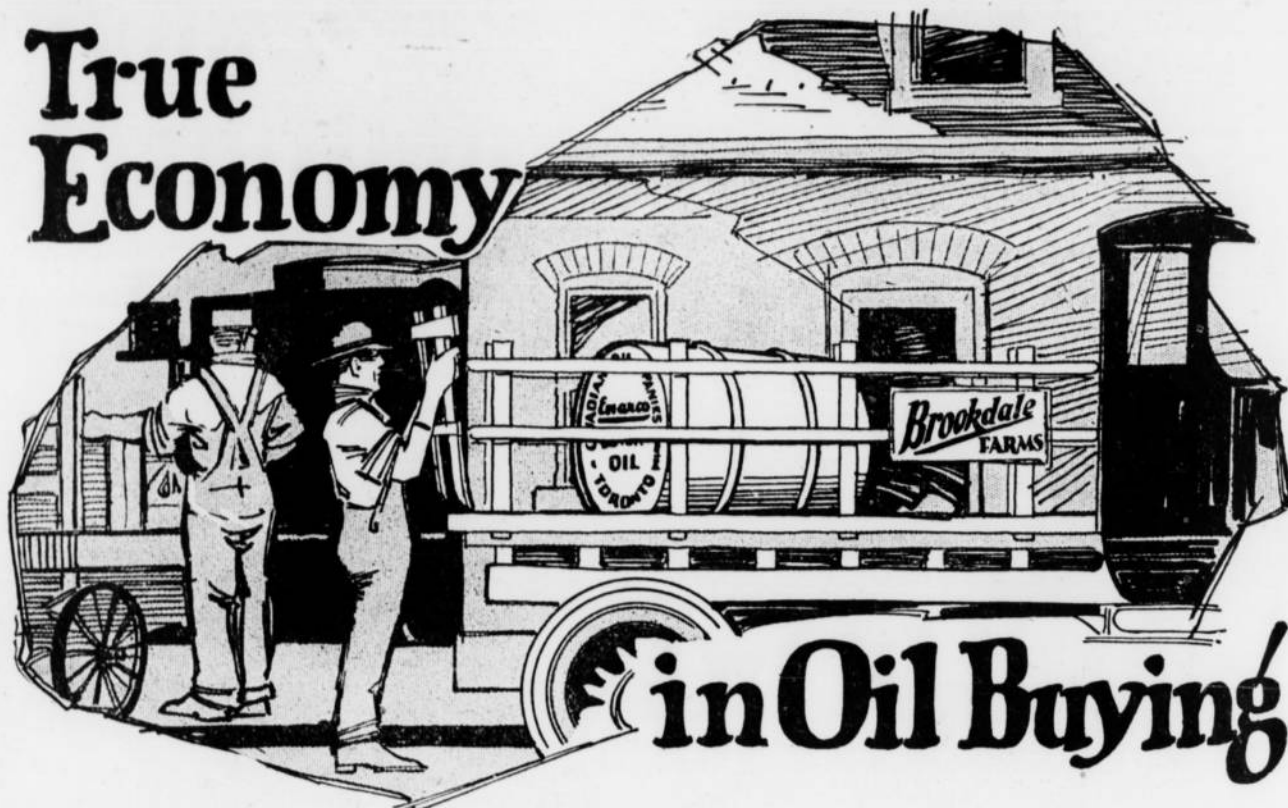
- Canada's Best Buy -  
THE ECONOMY PACKAGE

1/2 lb-Now 80¢ (ALSO PROCURABLE 1/2 lb. PACKAGE 15¢) 102





# True Economy



## in Oil Buying

**L**ISTEN to those who have been buying En-ar-co for years. Hear them say: "En-ar-co lasts longer and therefore goes farther than ordinary oil," and "There are less engine repair bills when En-ar-co is used." This is because En-ar-co maintains its even flow without breaking, under the intense heat of the cylinder walls, thus

eliminating friction and over-heated pistons and cylinders. And it also maintains a perfect piston ring seal, thus preventing loss of compression. These are some of the things which mean true economy in oil buying and which are sure to be obtained by the consistent use of

# En-ar-co

SCIENTIFICALLY REFINED  
MOTOR OIL

Information and prices will be sent from any of our branches. Write the one closest to you—and particularly ask for the cost of En-ar-co in the "lower-cost-per-gallon" containers holding 5, 10, 15 or 45 gallons. A handy, long-spouted oil can will be presented free to those who write at once—simply enclose 3c stamp to cover parcel post.

### CANADIAN OIL COMPANIES LIMITED

Canada's Largest and Oldest Independent refiners of gasoline and lubricants

REFINERIES: Petrolia, Ont.

HEAD OFFICES: Toronto, Ont.

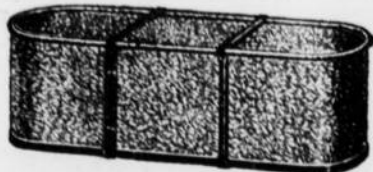
Branches:

Toronto, London, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, Halifax, Winnipeg, Regina, Saskatoon, Edmonton, Calgary

En-ar-co Motor Oils White Rose Gasoline National Light Oil En-ar-co Gear Compound Black Beauty Axle Grease



"QUALITY—SERVICE"



The "RED BOTTOM" line of  
**Troughs and Tanks**  
for  
Drinking - Cooling - Storage  
**ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED**

Round End, Plain Round, Hog Troughs, Gasoline and Water Supply Tanks. Made from heavy Galvanized Iron.

Economically Priced

Write for

Illustrated Price List 71

**The Metallic Roofing Co.**

Limited  
Manufacturers - Winnipeg

814W



## Stockholm Sweden's Masterpiece

**Prices Greatly Reduced!**

Great news for Canadian farmers! Owing to reduced labor costs in the great factories in Sweden, we are able to offer you the famous Stockholm Separator at greatly reduced prices. The Stockholm has back of it the approval of over one million European farmers. Take advantage of this offer. Send coupon today for 1922 prices and full details of our special "direct-to-you" offer.

## No Money Down!

You don't have to pay a penny until you have tried the Stockholm and convinced yourself that it is the cleanest skimmer, easiest to operate, easiest to clean. You, not we, must be the judge.

### Easy Payments

We offer you 30 Days' Free Trial—then, if satisfied, only \$7.50 and the balance in small monthly payments. Trial won't cost a cent. What could be more liberal? You can pay for the Stockholm with money you receive from your monthly cream checks.

### Mail Coupon Today

Act now! Take advantage of the greatly reduced 1922 prices. Send no money—just the coupon for Free Catalogue and full details of our 30 day trial and easy payment plan.

### Guaranteed 10 Years!

We guarantee that at any time within the next 10 years, we will replace any parts that may prove defective on account of either poor workmanship or poor material. No Stockholm is sold without this 10-year guarantee.

Gabson Bros., Dept. 8317  
311 King Street, East, Toronto, Ont.  
62 Albert Street, Winnipeg, Man.

Please send me your catalog. Tell me how I can get the Stockholm Cream Separator on your easy payment plan. Also send me the 1922 prices.

Name .....

Address .....

Post Office .....

plate a flush toilet at this particular time. Now my humble, yet for the present perfect, bath-room is complete.

I now have all my little accessories as labor savers in my kitchen, but what of the water supply and how am I to get it up to the feeder tank. A force pump and a few feet of hose will accomplish all that. Cement underground cisterns are a necessity, and now I can obtain the cement. I work hard and have always worked for my board, so the problem of doing all the work is one of family co-operation. I allow no money for that—those helping may charge it up to my account and I am able to owe.

In an eastern farm paper I have repeatedly seen advertised a farm lighting plant for \$300, complete in all details. Here is where one would be most welcome, and I will therefore have it placed. I have a work or wash house apart from my dwelling. In that I would place a power washer and 1½-h.p. engine. A shaft and a few pulleys will enable me to operate the cream separator, mangle and churn. Every house has a few of these labor machines on hand, but now I see how I may avoid so much arm power—and still not overwork my lighting plant.

Now with all my labor savers I see ahead an opportunity to rest occasionally and to do that properly I must invest in a couple of easy rockers and a couch—for, when weary, to lie down sometimes is as necessary as to sit down, and my life partner who has co-operated so cheerfully in all this work needs a chair beside mine—for who could picture a weary man sliding past an easy chair and depositing himself on a straight back.

With magazines and papers to feed the mind while resting, and a coal oil stove for hot days my haven is complete, and joy of joys I find I have \$141 in reserve for little odds and ends and freight.

|                               |          |
|-------------------------------|----------|
| Lighting plant .....          | \$300.00 |
| Freight on plant .....        | 100.00   |
| Little accessories .....      | 41.00    |
| Power washer .....            | 42.00    |
| 1½ h.p. engine .....          | 64.50    |
| Mangel .....                  | 40.00    |
| Pulleys and shaft .....       | 15.00    |
| Two rockers .....             | 20.00    |
| Stretcher couch .....         | 10.00    |
| Linoleum and oilcloth .....   | 65.00    |
| Mops, oil and varnish .....   | 15.00    |
| Water front for range .....   | 6.00     |
| Force pump .....              | 9.50     |
| Pipes and taps, etc. ....     | 15.00    |
| Boiler tank .....             | 15.00    |
| Feeder tank .....             | 10.00    |
| Bath tub .....                | 15.00    |
| Cement .....                  | 150.00   |
| Magazines .....               | 15.00    |
| Coal oil stove and oven ..... | 30.00    |
| Indoor toilet .....           | 10.00    |
| Sink basin .....              | 10.00    |
| Piping .....                  | 2.00     |

\$1,000.00

—Jane Gordon.

### Fourth Prize Letter

"What would you do with \$1,000?"—When I first read this in The Guide I had visions of myself and three children puffing and steaming across continent and ocean to the "Dear Home Land." The condition, however, brought these thoughts to a full stop, and I place my brain reeled with the countless necessities, and some luxuries I have always wanted but had to do without in my farm home. Crop after crop (of a sort) has been taken off and still those long-promised and much-desired articles of help and comfort have remained "castles in the air." And now \$1,000 are put at my disposal to spend on making my life more happy and contented. The problem now is not what to put on the list, but what to leave off. I want so much. My house of three good sized rooms is quite large enough, whilst the children are small, so I will not spend on adding to its structure except to build a plain verandah the whole length of front, which faces south; each room at present receives the full force of blazing sun. Then, as all the windows face south, I want another window to each room, N.W. or E., so that I can flood the house with any breeze blowing. The whole of outside house I should also paint.

As I look at the lack of furniture, the bare floors, unpapered walls, etc., how my fingers itch to handle that \$1,000 in reality. Each room I should like to paper, lay linoleum on the floor, with a warm rug at the bedside to jump out

Continued on Page 38



## A Blind Romance

Continued from Page 7

At last the day came when it had been arranged that he should meet his fiancée at the nearby town. They were to be married there and go on West for a short honeymoon. Carter tried to enlist his friend's services as best man, but Dawson was obdurate.

"It's too much like aidin' and abettin'," he said. "I've stood for it, but I won't encourage it."

Suddenly his manner changed. "Well, good-bye, Joe," he said solemnly, stretching out his hand.

Carter glanced at him keenly. "What do you mean, good-bye?" he asked shortly. "We'll see each other lots when I get back."

"Joe," said Dawson impressively, "thanks for the kind words. But it's plain to be seen you ain't never been married. A woman don't dislike her husband's relations half so much as she dislikes his friends. When you come back I'll be about as welcome here as a dose of strychnine in a gopher hole. It's so ninety-nine times out of a hundred."

"This'll be the hundredth," laughed Carter. "S'long, old man."

"Good luck!" shouted Dawson after the retreating buggy.

Many men have discoursed on the futility of man, and there are many texts for philosophic disquisition on the vanity of human wishes. For instance, "There's many a slip 'twixt the cup and the lip." Or, "The best-laid plans of mice and men gang aft agley." How many times have budding orators debated the proposition that the joys of anticipation are greater than the joys of realization? And Pascal says: "He who will know fully the vanity of man has only to consider the causes and effects of love. The cause is I know not what and the effects are dreadful." If it be argued that the love element was lacking in Carter's case, the answer is that he had idealized and fallen in love with a creation of his own fancy. Carter did not reason from these or any similar quotations when he appeared that same evening to Dawson's astonished view. But his first remark summarized them all.

"Frank," he said, "I've been an awful fool."

Dawson, in a peaceful state of mind, induced partly by bodily fatigue and relaxation and partly by the calm and quiet of the evening, was tempted to obvious unsympathetic comment, but the abasement and concern expressed on his friend's face were so real that he forebore and, instead, merely indicated that he was ready to listen.

Carter's story was long in the telling. He had not found the lady of the photograph, because she was not there. He received his first shock when a woman much older and of more heroic mould sought him out and presented a letter of introduction from the bureau. She had red hair, Carter said, and a certain hardness of expression had almost destroyed the handsomeness of younger days. But what had struck him most was an amazing nimbleness of tongue. In spite, however, of the shock of his discovery, Carter would not "crawfish," and suggested that he get the license and see a minister. Then had come the second shock. She insisted, as a preliminary, that Carter should transfer a half-section of land to her. Carter refused, politely at first, but finally lost his temper and declined to have anything further to do with her. She had then coolly informed him that she had seen a lawyer before leaving her home, and gave him a day's grace to settle without an action, a claim for breach of promise of marriage.

"And I would be ashamed," concluded Carter, "to have this go into court."

"I guess she knows that," said Dawson. "I don't see how she could beat you, but win, lose or draw, you'd be laughed out of the countryside. I think you'd better settle."

"That's what I thought myself. But this business is kind of out of my line. You've got to come along tomorrow and help me out."

The two friends found the lady awaiting them in the parlor of her hotel. But the look of calm expectancy at sight of Carter was abruptly replaced by one of blank amazement at sight of Dawson—an amazement, however, quite equalled

Always Makes a Hit



LARGE Plug  
20¢

"Have a Regular Chew"  
Well! I should say so!  
There's none better!



BAT

Chewing Tobacco

## TANNING

SHIP YOUR HIDES TO US FOR

**Robes, Coats or  
Harness Leather**

You secure best work and lowest price.

Write for Price List and Tags to

**ALBERTA ROBE AND  
TANNING CO.**

409 SIXTH AVE. EAST, CALGARY



## STOP LEAKS

In kitchen utensils, furnaces, pipes, house boilers, motor radiators, etc., at a few cents' expense, with **SMOOTH-ON** IRON CEMENT NO. 1. As easily applied as putty; makes lasting repairs quickly. Indispensable about Home and Garage.



Write for **FREE Book**: Sold by Hardware and General Stores, in 6-oz., 1-lb. and 5-lb. tins. Also in larger sizes. The **CANADIAN ASBESTOS COMPANY** Dept. 48-S. 36-48 Youville Sq., Montreal, Que.

**Do it with SMOOTH-ON**

BOARD OF GRAIN COMMISSIONERS FOR CANADA

## Important Notice

**FARMERS AND OTHER SHIPPERS OF GRAIN**

desiring information as to whether the parties to whom they intend delivering their grain have applied for a license and furnished a bond or not, or any other information, are requested to enquire by wire or mail from the Board of Grain Commissioners for Canada at Fort William, Ontario.

All enquiries will be given prompt attention and fullest information available will be furnished.

By order of the Board.

**R. HETHERINGTON,**  
Secretary.

Fort William, Ont., Sept. 9, 1922.



# ROYAL NAVY



## CUT PLUG

*Always Satisfies*

*Buy a*

**1 1/2 lb. tin 80¢**



### The Hen that Lays is the Bird that Pays

This hen laid 268 eggs in one year. Do your hens average 72 a-piece each year? If not, you're likely losing money on them.

*Let us Tell You  
How to Make Money  
from Hens*

The Grain Growers' Guide is interested in promoting better poultry on the farms of its readers. It has therefore arranged for a supply of cockerels and eggs from Approved Flocks.

These flocks are handled under government supervision, with special attention paid to feed, housing, disease and egg production. They are regularly inspected by an expert poultry authority.

All cockerels supplied from them through The Guide are inspected by a government expert. They are of a high egg-laying strain and are specially banded for our use. The eggs are from matings with high egg production on both sides. Cockerel orders will be accepted in order received till our supply is exhausted.

Egg orders will be accepted from now on for shipment after February 1, 1923.

Any person who will co-operate with us by acting as our local subscription representative can receive this exceptional stock as a reward. A post card will bring full particulars. Write

**The Grain Growers' Guide**

**Winnipeg, Man.**

P.S.—Enclose a self-addressed, stamped (3c) envelope and we'll also send you free our bulletin, *Culling Poultry for Egg Production*.

## ALBERTA COAL

We are now prepared to fill your orders for the best ALBERTA COAL at prices to suit the times.

Address:

**The Great Northern Coal Co.**

104th AVE and 104th ST., EDMONTON, ALTA.

### Big Money Boring Wells

Have water on your own farm. In spare time make wells for your neighbors. It means \$1000 extra in ordinary years, double that in dry years. No risk—no experience needed. **Outfits for Getting Water Anywhere** Earth augers, rock drills and combined machines. Engine or horse power. Write for easy terms and free catalog. **LISLE MFG. COMPANY** Box 165 CLARINDA, IOWA Quick shipment from Saskatoon stock

**X TRY X**  
THE  
**MONARCH**  
**X LUMBER CO. LTD. X**

by that on Dawson's face. She was the first to recover herself and smiling hastened to meet him.

"Why, Frank," she exclaimed, "I never expected to see you here."

Dawson seized her by the wrists and pushed her from him. "That goes for me, too," he said, coldly, "but I believe your business is with Mr. Carter. It seems to me," he added, turning to Carter, "that it's a whole lot simpler now. You see, this lady is my wife."

"Was," she corrected acidly.

"Is," he affirmed. "You got your divorce in another state than the one where we were married and overlooked the fact that in the meantime I had become a British subject. You couldn't marry Carter because over here you're still married to me."

A look of relief, almost ludicrous, passed over Carter's face. But again the woman turned the tables.

"If that's the case," she said to Dawson, "I'll see what the law will give me from you."

"Look here," said Carter with an air of cutting the Gordian knot. "I came in prepared to pay and I'll pay you fifteen hundred dollars if you'll sign away any rights you have against either of us. But not a cent more."

She considered a moment. "Very well," she said. They arranged it so and parted.

A few minutes later as he was leaving the hotel, Dawson passed the door of the room again. The woman still sat where they had left her. He stopped and said, "Take good care of the swag."

But the taunt failed of its intended effect, for she rested her head upon her arms and began to cry very softly. Instantly a wave of contrition drowned Dawson's bitterness. The more recent past was forgotten; he saw again his bride of twenty years ago. He found himself fumbling awkwardly at her hands and murmuring broken words intended to be comforting.

"Oh, why must you humiliate me so?" she asked brokenly. With a quick movement she took the roll of money from her handbag and pushed it towards him. "Give this to your friend. I don't want his money. I didn't want to hurt him."

Dawson recoiled at the emphasis on the last word. "So you were striking at me," he said in an awed tone. "I guess I'm to blame in the same way. When I saw you here under these circumstances I wanted to hurt you too. It galled me to think of your being here as the result of your own advertisement for a husband."

The woman flushed, but asked quietly, "Why should it?" Dawson did not answer, and she went on tensely. "If it hadn't been for the loneliness, I would never have been here. If you had given me just a little bit of your confidence years ago we need never have been in this position. Why couldn't you have told me you were here? Why didn't you tell me how you were situated? I had a right to know." Suddenly she softened. "If you had come to me at any time either before I got that divorce or after and shown me that you were ready to let me be some real part of your life, you would have found me willing to come more than half way. But your indifference was more cruel than roughness would have been. I thought when I applied for a divorce that that would bring you back if—if you cared. But it didn't. I didn't want a divorce."

Dawson looked at her, an amazed light in his eyes. He held out his arms, "Miriam," was all he said, and there was silence for a few moments.

"I have seen for a long time how wrong I was," Dawson admitted abjectly. "I guess I didn't realize that marriage is a fifty-fifty proposition. I tried to hurt you just now, but the truth is that I have always missed you, especially after it seemed too late. I want you to come home."

"But," his wife objected with a smile, "We seem to be in a pretty tangle. I've had enough of legal complications. I'd like to be sure there would be no more."

"Oh, come on," said Dawson, airily. "I know an easy way to settle that."

The two made their way down the village street to the minister's little white painted cottage.



## News from the Organizations

Continued from Page 17

### Red Deer Convention

A two-day convention has been arranged in the Red Deer constituency, and will be held in Red Deer, on November 22 and 23. The first day's deliberations will be open only to delegates representing paid-up members in the Red Deer U.F.A. Political Association, while on the second day delegates from all U.F.A. locals in the constituency will take part. It is expected that the form of the association will be changed slightly, and that it will become the Red Deer U.F.A. Federal Constituency Association.

### Olds Convention

On Saturday, November 4, the Olds U.F.A. Provincial Constituency Association will hold their adjourned convention in the School of Agriculture, at Olds, beginning at one-thirty.

### Craigmyle District Convention

The annual convention of the Craigmyle District U.F.A. Association will be held in Hanna, on November 29.

### Studying Provincial Affairs

At a meeting of Ferguson Flats local held during the summer it was decided to discuss matters which it was desired to bring before the government, and have resolutions ready when their provincial member, Mr. Joly, visits them during the fall.

### 5000 Facts About Canada

5,000 Facts About Canada, is the title of a useful little booklet which can be obtained from Central office for thirty cents. Statistics are grouped under the headings of agricultural, railways, electrical development, population, mining, education, trade, war, forestry, immigration, financial, etc. The pamphlet ought to be especially helpful in the preparations of debates, addresses and discussions in local U.F.A. meetings.

### U.F.A. Songs

Can anything be better than a little community singing for getting a local meeting away to a good start, or for providing a pleasant intermission during a heavy business program? Especially adapted for use in U.F.A. local meetings are the two campaign songs, The Farmers' Movement, and Equal Rights for All, by H. W. Gothard, which were enthusiastically sung several times by the last annual convention. The tunes are stirring and easily learned. Copies of The Farmers' Movement, words and music, may be obtained from Central office for 25 cents; Equal Rights For All, 15 cents.

### Remittances of Dues

A circular recently sent out from the U.F.A. Central office calls the attention of local secretaries to the necessity of sending with each remittance of membership dues a clear statement, showing how the dues are to be applied. Central office receives dues for U.F.A., U.F.W.A., Junior U.F.A., Federal Constituency Associations, and in some cases for Provincial Constituency Associations. In addition to this, there are three classes of Junior U.F.A. members, who pay 10 cents, 50 cents, or \$2.00 per year. Unless the secretary states the number of members for whom he is remitting, and gives full instructions as to what funds the money is for, there may be a good deal of difficulty involved in determining to what accounts it should be credited, and possibly mistakes will occur. Mistakes of this sort, of course, cause a great deal of confusion and annoyance on all sides, and Central office is asking the co-operation of secretaries in avoiding them.

The circular concludes as follows: "Secretaries are urged for their own protection not to send remittances in cash in their letters. Letters sometimes go astray in the mail, and there is no way of getting trace of, or a refund for money lost in this way. Money orders and postal notes are much safer, and if lost in the mail it is usually possible to obtain a settlement for them through the post office."

### Irvine on Douglas System

The Douglas credit proposals were dealt with by Wm. Irvine, M.P., in addresses given to large audiences recently in Dalemead, Stettler, and Castor. Mr. Irvine also spoke on the same subject at a series of meetings in the northern part of the Battle River constituency.

### Supper for Workers

Bassano U.F.A. local are giving a supper to the men who worked on the grasshopper poison brigade in the summer, in appreciation of their services.

### MANITOBA

#### Manitoba's Next Contest

Article No. 9

N.B.—Under this heading during coming months practical prohibition campaign material will be furnished. It is suggested

that our workers should file the articles for use when the referendum campaign opens.

### The Opponents of Prohibition

This article will not be found to be abusive or sneering or sarcastic. The prohibitionist can afford to give his opponent credit for the best that is in him. This is an enquiry as to who are included in the ranks of the opposition and why they are there.

The opponents include those who are engaged in the manufacture of liquor, and the trade generally. It surprises no one that they are on that side. With them it is a matter of dollars and cents. If their "trade" were not a parasite upon the industry and the commerce of the country no fault could be found with their advocacy of it. But the trade is essentially parasitic giving no value for the money it absorbs.

The opponents include those who

want to drink liquor. Not all the victims of the drink-lust oppose prohibition. There are individuals who have been victimized, and who know that their only hope is in prohibition. But the man who wants to drink liquor opposes prohibition. Why? Because he wants to drink liquor. That is the motive by which he is actuated.

The opponents include those who want to use the intoxicating power of liquor in their personal activities. The "confidence" man, the corrupt politician, the "procurer," the white slaver, the gambler, will usually be found on the anti prohibition side. Liquor and its stupefying and intoxicating and relaxing powers is of use to such in what they are attempting from day to day.

### How do They Oppose?

The thing which is conspicuous by its absence in the opposition is recognition

The illustration shows a large, dark, rectangular Exide battery standing upright. To its left, a biplane is flying in the sky. Below the battery, several vintage cars from the early 20s are parked. The word 'Exide' is written in a large, stylized font at the top, with 'MADE IN CANADA' and 'BATTERIES' underneath it. The overall scene suggests the battery's use in various vehicles and its Canadian origin.

## How Long Should a Battery Last?

Under the same conditions and with the same care, is there a difference in the length of service you will get from different makes of batteries?

There certainly is; and you have a right to expect longer life from an Exide. Motorists who have used several kinds of batteries will tell you the Exide has unique lasting power. Examine an Exide and you will see that it is built to give the maximum combination of power and longevity.

Exide was the pioneer battery, not only in the automobile field, but in the entire storage-battery industry. Its reputation rests on performance, not on paper "guarantees."

The dependable, long-lasting power of an Exide is a matter of such real economy to you, that in buying a new car it will pay you to ascertain that it is Exide-equipped.

When you have to replace a worn-out battery, insist on an Exide. If you have any trouble in getting one, write us or our nearest district distributor.

#### District Distributors:

CRAWFORD BATTERY CO. LIMITED, Vancouver, B.C.  
T. H. PEACOCK, Calgary, Alta.  
LEMERY-DENISON ELECTRIC LIMITED, Saskatoon, Sask.  
CANADA WEST ELECTRIC LIMITED, Regina, Sask.  
F. C. YOUNG LIMITED, Winnipeg, Man.

The recognized battery for farm lighting plants is the rugged, long-life Exide.

**EXIDE BATTERIES OF CANADA, LIMITED**  
153 Dufferin Street, TORONTO

**THE LONG-LIFE BATTERY FOR YOUR CAR**



## Ask your dealer for "LECKIE'S" BOOTS

He will show you any style of the many "Leckie" Boots for Men—from the comfortable, strong and hefty farm work boot to the more dignified boots for dress wear. Whatever style you need ask for a "Leckie"—because it's a boot you can depend upon.

J. Leckie Co. Ltd., Vancouver, B.C.



of the chief effects, the most patent effects, economically, socially and morally of the traffic as it has been known in the past. No attempt is made to deal with the poverty, the ill health, the discord, the cruelty, the lowered morality, the social degradation, the mental disease, the industrial burden, the financial loss, the political rottenness which have always been present when there has been ready access to intoxicants. A common objection is the narrowmindedness of the prohibitionist, the "fanaticism" of the "temperance crank."

They never fail to scout the idea that prohibition ever prohibits. Frequently it is insisted that more liquor is drunk under prohibition and that conditions are worse than under open sale. In Manitoba, prohibitionists will welcome facts and continue to discount general statements.

The "personal liberty" cry is ever in evidence in spite of the fact that it is outworn and fallacious. There is no objection to the prohibition of free sale of strychnine or of dynamite, and yet the restrictions very rigidly curtail the personal liberty of most of us.

The slam at the clergy and the hypocrite, is part of the ordinary stock in trade. All that need be said is—"cheap," especially when there is frequent scurrying to quote any clergy-

man who can be found in any fashion talking "wet."

A frequent element is the class cry—the allegation being that the law somehow discriminates against the working man and in favor of the man with money. Details are usually omitted.

Occasionally still the Bible is quoted as favoring the traffic—which is a joke, a bad joke.

The prohibitionist is sometimes lined up with Mahommed and the Turks—the implication being that he shares the other characteristics of that ilk as well as its prohibitory tendency.

### Manitoba Winter Program

#### Topics for U.F.M. Locals

The following program has been drafted with a view to co-ordinating local work during the winter.

November—The U.F.M. and its objects—Service to members, social, economical, political. Taxation. The operation of various forms. Sales tax, inheritance tax, cheque tax, etc.

December—Co-operative buying and selling—Successful methods. Banking. Debate, Resolved That it Would Be in the Best Interests of Canada That the Dominion Government Should Establish a National Bank, Similar to That of the Commonwealth of Australia.



Ask your grocer for the more tender, more delicious macaroni product—Creamettes. It cooks in one-third the time.

The Creamette Company

### POULTRY WANTED

|                               |         |
|-------------------------------|---------|
| Chickens, 4 1/2 lbs. and over | 17c-18c |
| Hens, 5 lbs. and over         | 16c-18c |
| Turkeys, 10 lbs. and over     | 25c-27c |
| Ducks and Geese, fat          | 15c-16c |
| Fresh Eggs                    | 26c     |

Prices f.o.b. Winnipeg. Crates prepaid to Manitoba or Saskatchewan. Prompt returns.

THE ROYAL PRODUCE COMPANY  
97 AIKINS STREET WINNIPEG

January—Report of convention—problems raised there, resolutions, etc. Wheat marketing—our 1923 problem. What is to be done?

February—Are we preparing for peace or war? Our responsibility. The liquor problem. What are we doing to prepare for the vote?

March—Provincial finance. Immigration—The present problem and proposed solutions.

April—Study of the rural survey of Manitoba by the Department of Agriculture. Studies in practical democracy.

### Trees Not Thriving

Q.—I live in Calgary. This spring I planted a Caragana hedge on land that has been used for the past two seasons as a garden, the soil being well cultivated and in good condition. The plants used were from 12 to 18 inches high, and although all have grown the leaves are very small and the plants not vigorous looking. What can be the matter?

A.—This looks like a case where the plants were not packed firmly into the soil when they were planted. There seems to be no question about the plants being alive, and as the soil was in good condition and free from alkali, this is about the only conclusion to arrive at. Firm planting is very important in the prairie country, even with an abundant supply of water.

### WOOL MARKETS

The feature of the wool market the last few days is the passage of the American permanent tariff bill, which was signed by President Harding, Thursday, September 21, and came into effect at midnight, that same night, or at 12.01 Friday morning. The new tariff as applied to wool suitable for clothing purposes calls for a duty of 31c per pound clean content. The clean content is that portion of the wool which remains after thoroughly removing all grease, sand, dirt and vegetable matter that is found in wool in its natural or semi-natural state, and is developed by thoroughly scouring the wool. For wools of the carpet type, the rate is 12c in the grease, 18 cents in the washed state, and 27c scoured.

As pertaining to the wools of Canada entering United States, it is the 31c clean content which applies. Under the emergency tariff, which has been in effect for the last year and a half, the duty on Canadian wool was at the rate of 15c per pound on wool in the grease, or natural state. The new tariff of 31c clean content effects Canadian wool shipments to the United States in comparison with the emergency rate of 15c in the grease as follows: Wools which show a shrinkage of less than 51 per cent., the rate of duty is increased, while on wools shrinking more than 51 per cent., the rate of duty is decreased; for example, on wool shrinking 42 per cent. under the new bill the duty would be 17.98c or practically 18c per pound, whereas on wool shrinking 60 per cent. the duty would be 12.4c per pound. The lighter shrinking wools are the lower grades such as Low Medium, Low Combing and Coarse, and come in more direct competition with wools grown in the United States, thus the higher duty. The finer grades of wool such as some Medium, Fine Medium and Fine, show the higher shrinkages, and enter at the lower rates, depending on shrinkage as noted above.

A recent dispatch from Bradford, says concerning the tariff, "everything seems to indicate that the new American tariff rates will penalize raw wool for the benefit of shoddy. Bradford traders consider 31c clean, on wool against 7c on woolen rags and mungo, a serious tariff weakness, and predict a wholesale production of shoddy cloths for the American public."

# BUY YOUR PIANO NOW AT ROCK BOTTOM PRICES

EASY TERMS—LOWEST PRICES—BEST PIANOS

OUR tremendous volume of business throughout Western Canada, and our close and intimate connection with the factories of leading Canadian piano manufacturers enables us to sell at lowest possible prices and on terms to meet the requirements of almost any purchaser.



TODAY we can offer many styles of our different makes at prices that cannot be surpassed anywhere in Canada—pianos of national reputation that are the best value your money can buy.

### Bell Piano

STYLE C

\$475

Other well-known makes at Rock Bottom Prices

EVERY piano we sell carries with it also our exchange privilege and unconditional guarantee—you must be satisfied or your money returned. You choose from over ninety styles in our complete catalogue.

## To-Day's Prices Lowest Possible

BUY your piano now—enjoy it through the long winter months—our terms make it possible for every home to possess a good piano. Small cash payments will be accepted, and the balance you can pay off in quarterly, half-yearly or fall payments. No house is home without a piano. If you ever intend to own a piano, buy it today. Be assured of the high quality and the lower prices now obtainable.

## Phonographs---All Styles---At Every Price

YOU'LL never regret the money invested in one of these great home entertainers. The long winter evenings will be much more pleasant with all the world's best music at your command. Take advantage of our wide assortment and our easy payment terms. Complete outfits at—\$49, \$73, \$89, \$98, \$110, \$131, \$146, \$151, \$157, \$167.

### PLAYER PIANOS

The best known makes, embodying all the modern improvements, and sold on easy payment terms. \$695 up.

WRITE FOR OUR CATALOGUE

# WINNIPEG PIANO CO

333 PORTAGE AVE

GREATEST SELECTION UNDER ONE ROOF

PIANOS: Steinway, Gerhard Heintzman, Nordheimer, Haines, Bell, Sherlock-Manning, Karn, Doherty, Lesage, Canada, Morris, Autopiano, Amherst and Imperial.

PHONOGRAPHS: Edison, Aeolian-Vocalian, Columbia, Gerhard Heintzman, McLagan, Starr, Euphonolian.



THE  
EUPHONOLIAN  
\$110

Complete with 24 Columbia Record Selections



## Cuticura Heals Itching Burning Pimples On Face

"My face was entirely covered with pimples which not only disfigured me but bothered me with itching and burning. They were large, hard and red, and after a while began to fester. They itched so that I had to scratch them which made the burning more intense."

"I used various salves and creams but they gave no relief. The trouble lasted for nearly three months until I heard of Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I sent for a free sample. In about a week a decided improvement was made so I bought more, and two cakes of Soap with one box of Ointment healed me." (Signed) Elmer V. Foss, 7 Ocean View Ave., East Lynn, Mass.

Give Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum the care of your skin.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Lynans, Limited, 344 St. Paul St., W., Montreal." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25c and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.



## Corns Go

Just say


# Blue-jay

to your druggist

The simplest way to end a corn is Blue-jay. A touch stops the pain instantly. Then the corn loosens and comes out. Made in a colorless clear liquid (one drop does it!) and in extra thin plasters. The action is the same.

## Pain Stops Instantly

© B & B 1922




### Learn to Dance at Home by Mail

No charge made if not satisfied. The course includes: Waltz, Fox-Trot, One-Step, Two-Step, leading and following of your partner, and Ball-room Etiquette.

Write for Special Offer.

**SULLIVAN'S ACADEMY OF DANCING**  
1031-1033rd St.  
Edmonton - Alta.

**NOTICE LANDS AND MINERALS—THE HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY**  
offers for sale approximately 3,000,000 acres of Desirable Agricultural Lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.  
Various parcels may be leased for Hay and Grazing purposes for three or five-year periods, at reasonable rentals. The Company is also prepared to receive applications for Coal Mining and Other Valuable Mineral Leases actually needed for development. For full terms and particulars apply to Land Commissioner, Desk T., HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY, WINNIPEG, MAN.



### BOOK ON DOG DISEASES And How to Feed

Mailed free to any address by the Author.

**H. CLAY GLOVER CO. Inc.**  
129 West 24th Street, New York

### THE POULTRY SEASON HAS BEGUN

Ship to us for full value, fair treatment and prompt returns. We always pay the highest market prices.

|                             |                  |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Old Hens and Young Chickens | Up to 15c        |
| Young Ducklings             | Up to 18c        |
| Geese                       | 17c              |
| Young Turkeys               | 30c              |
| Pigeons                     | Per dozen \$1.20 |

Live weight prices, f.o.b. Winnipeg, for good, marketable stock. Cakes prepaid to Manitoba and Saskatchewan. Try us—your first shipment will not be your last.

**THE CANADIAN PRODUCE CO.**  
83 LUSTED STREET - WINNIPEG

Live farmers buy, sell and exchange through Guide Classified advts.

## "What Ticks My Palate Most"

Continued from Page 8

There is a popular belief that mutton is difficult to slaughter and dress, and that it can only be accomplished by those expert in the business. This idea will readily be dispelled by reference to the clear and comprehensive bulletins 8 and 9 issued free by the Sheep Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

### Lamb Rings

Lambs make a very acceptable meat for farm consumption in communities where lamb rings are organized. The principle is the same as in the operation of a beef ring. Eight families each contribute a lamb in turn during eight consecutive weeks. The dressed carcass is divided into eight pieces, and each family gets a different cut in turn. A cash balance may be struck at the end of the time to make up for differences in weights of lambs supplied and cuts obtained from the ring. As each of the eight cuts is lighter in weight than the average beef ring cut, the meat is more easily disposed off in the hot weather. Figure 1 on this page shows a half carcass divided for distribution to the members of a lamb ring.

The fact that a smaller percentage of sheep carcasses as compared with those of other commonly used domestic animals is condemned under the government meat inspection still furthers the opinion that mutton and lamb are the most wholesome of meats and that there is more reason than elegance in the words of the darky singing to a lady whose name was the same as the concluding word in the verse.

*Cow meats am good to eat,  
Roast veal am fine,  
Kidney stew I loves too,  
Pork chops am divine.  
But of all the meat that am good to eat,  
From turkey down to ham,  
The one what tickles my palate most  
Is lamb, lamb, lamb.*

## Making the Most of Mutton

Continued from Page 8

### Caper Sauce

1-3 c. fat. 1/2 c. capers.  
2 T. flour. 1/2 tsp. salt.  
1 1/2 c. mutton stock.

Melt the fat and add the flour. Mix well and add the mutton stock or an equal amount of water. Season and cook until there is no taste of raw starch. Drain the capers from the liquor before adding them. If no capers are available, use finely-chopped sour pickles.

### Mutton Fat for Cooking

As mutton fat alone is too hard to be suitable for ordinary purposes it is well to combine it with a softer fat. Chop finely, or put through the food chopper, two-parts mutton suet and one-part leaf lard. Put into a double boiler with water in the proportion of one cup to each two pounds of ground fat. When thoroughly melted, strain through two thickness of cheesecloth into a bowl. Remove the cake of fat when cold and use for cooking.

### ABBREVIATIONS

In the cookery articles of The Guide, the following abbreviations are used:

|               |             |
|---------------|-------------|
| c.—cup        | lb.—pound   |
| T.—tablespoon | pk.—peck    |
| tsp.—teaspoon | bus.—bushel |
| oz.—ounce     | qt.—quart   |
| pt.—pint      |             |

All measurements are level

### Bracken Wins The Pas Election

The Pas, Man., October 5.—Polling more than twice as many as all his opponents put together, Premier Bracken today was elected at The Pas by an overwhelming majority. Several of the outlying polls are yet to come in, but they will make no difference to the net result. It was generally conceded that the premier would be returned; it was confidently expected by his supporters that he would take the deposits of all his opponents, as resulted, but no one predicted quite such a landslide.

The result was apparent as soon as the returns from the first poll were announced.

The amount of work put in on behalf of Mr. Finger got him very little further ahead than Dr. Robertson, who held no meetings and relied on a per-

# ASPIRIN

UNLESS you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all



*Genuine*

Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

|           |           |            |
|-----------|-----------|------------|
| Colds     | Headache  | Rheumatism |
| Toothache | Neuralgia | Neuritis   |
| Earache   | Lumbago   | Pain, Pain |

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Mono-aceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."



# 25<sup>c</sup>

## You can now get this box of WITCH HAZEL Toilet Soap

for twenty-five cents (3 cakes in a box)



For Healing the Skin and Improving the Complexion. Delicately perfumed with pure flower odors.

sonal canvass and a couple of leaflets. The poor showing of McNeil came as a surprise, many picking him to run second to the premier.

Totals to date: Bracken, 406; Finger, 81; Robertson, 69; McNeil, 25.

### R. M. Johnston, M.P., Unseated

Judge Embury, of Moose Jaw, on Friday last, handed down judgment in the election trial and found R. M. Johnston, M.P. for Moose Jaw, guilty of failing to make full and proper returns of election expenses as required by law. Consequently the election of December 6, was declared void, and a by-election for the constituency of Moose Jaw necessitated.

### Mutuals Convene

The semi-annual meeting of the Western Canada Mutual Fire Association was held in Winnipeg, on Friday and Saturday of last week, September 22 and 23. The following representatives were present:

Stratton Whitaker, manager, and A. H. Thorpe, treasurer of the Portage la Prairie Mutual Fire Insurance Company. H. R. Earl, president, and John Cameron, manager of the Saskatchewan Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company, Saskatoon.

H. E. Hemans, manager, Miniota Mutual, Beulah, Manitoba.

R. H. Cook, manager, Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company, Regina, Saskatchewan.

Dr. C. M. Vanstone, manager, Wawanesa Mutual Insurance Company, of Wawanesa, Manitoba.

M. G. Doyle, manager, Royal Victoria Mutual Fire Insurance Company, of Winnipeg.

R. H. M. Pratt, manager, Urban Mutual Fire Insurance Company, of Portage la Prairie.

The president of the association, R. H. Cook, stated that one of the purposes of the meeting was to consider the advisability of collecting an advance assessment in future with all new applications until the regular annual assessment came due in the fall. The meeting decided that for the present no change would be made as it would in too many cases prove a hardship on members during the summer season when money is usually scarce.

The total insurance carried by the mutuals in Western Canada is approximately \$420,000,000, being a gain of about \$50,000,000 over the same time last year.

The losses to date were approximately \$600,000, which is slightly higher than at the same time last year. The largest losses of the season were caused by the windstorm of June 23, which totalled



**PUZZLE FIND THE MISTRESS P**

**NO ENTRANCE  
FEES**



**NO ENTRANCE  
FEES**

**To be equally divided amongst those who do not win one of the larger prizes**

It is fulfilled you are entitled to a CASH PRIZE at the close of the contest. Neatness and promptness will be carefully considered in awarding the BIG CASH PRIZES, so answer promptly, and write as neatly as you can. Better SEND YOUR ANSWER NOW to

**SELFAST SPECIALTY CO.,**

**Desk 4      WATERFORD, ONT.**

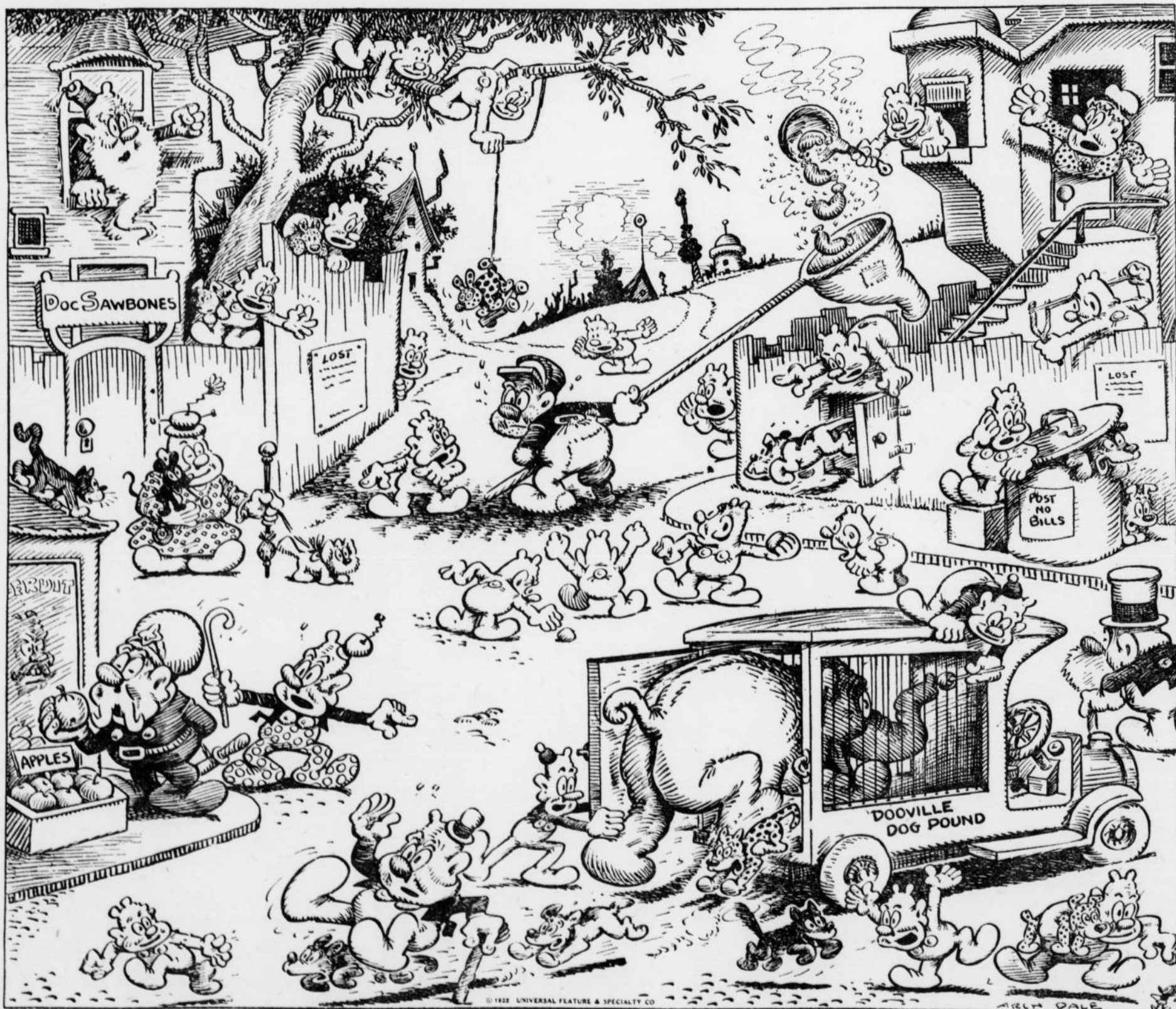
Notwithstanding the increased losses and the consequent increase in assessments this season, the mutuals' average three-year rates are still about 40 per cent. under the average three-year rates of the non-mutuals. This effects a saving to the farmers of the West of about \$200,000 yearly.

Write today for prices and particulars.  
**Penley's School of Dancing**  
334 1/2 Eighth Ave. W., Calgary, Alta.

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

**\$500.00 in Prizes Given Free,** <sup>185 OF</sup> **THEM**

Send \$1.00 for one year's subscription to The Guide (new or renewal), your own or anyone else's, and you will receive by return mail a big Doo Dad Book, with pages and pages of stories and pictures of these fun-loving little adventurers. With the book we send you a list of all the prizes, showing their great value, and a Contest Sheet to be colored and returned. Without any further cost to you this contest sheet will enter you in this contest of big prizes. You have a chance to win one of the big prizes—one chance for every entry. You can have as many entries as you wish—one for each subscription you send in—but each contestant can win only one of the big prizes. The Contest closes December 15th, 1922. The prizes will be awarded within two weeks after the closing. This is the best time of the year to get subscriptions, as most people subscribe or renew in the fall, so do not delay but get busy now. You may be one of the lucky ones.



## THE DOOVILLE DOG CATCHER

In Dooville, every little Doo Dad had a dog. There were spotted ones and yellow ones and big savage ones and little fellows with short tails. The streets swarmed with them. Doc Sawbones thought there were many too many, and he appointed Sleepy Sam to be Dog Catcher. His job was to catch all the dogs he could find on the streets, put them in a cage and haul them to the pound. This was a job after Sleepy Sam's own heart, for nearly every dog in the village knew him and would chase him away when he appeared in their back yards. And here is Sleepy Sam with his cage, mounted on a truck, and his net, and, for once, very, very wide awake, but very much confused. The little Doo Dad below is trying to coax Sleepy Sam to catch the little dog with the whiskers that the lady Doo Dad is leading. The chap in the tree has a toy dog on wheels that he is lowering to the ground, and as like as not Sleepy Sam will make a dive for it with his net; while the little Doo Dad in the window has stolen

the "hot dogs" that were sizzling away on his mother's kitchen stove and is pouring them into Sleepy Sam's net. Doc Sawbones never intended for him to catch "hot dogs," and is very, very angry. See how he is shaking his fist and glaring at the little Doo Dad who is playing the trick on poor old Sleepy Sam. The little Doo Dad below has opened the door to Growler's house, and it looks as if old Growler would catch the dog catcher instead of being caught and taken to the dog pound. Roly and Poly are on the job, too. They opened the door to the cage and away went all of the little dogs old Sleepy Sam had caught. My, how they scamper, and Roly is coaxing Tiny, the elephant, into the cage with an all-day sucker—and when he is in Poly will fasten the door. Sleepy Sam will sure be surprised when he opens the door and finds all of the dogs gone and the elephant inside.



## Index to Classified Advertisements

Livestock. Situations Vacant.  
Poultry. Situations Wanted.  
Seeds. Solicitors—Patent and  
Farm Lands. Legal.  
Farm Machinery and Autos. Dyers and Cleaners.  
Nursery Stock. Honey, Syrup, Fruits,  
Hay and Feed. Vegetables, etc.  
Lumber, Fence Posts, General Miscellaneous.  
etc. Produce.

## LIVESTOCK See also General Miscellaneous

## HORSES

**SELLING—PURE-BRED PERCHERON STALLION**, good condition, \$1,200; small cash payment, balance terms, to reliable party. Paul Hnatuk, 723 Flora Ave., Winnipeg. 39-3

**BELGIANS—STALLIONS AND MARES AND foals.** Write T. Culshaw, Loughheed, Alta. 38-5

## GLENALMOND STOCK FARM SHORTHORNS AT BARGAIN PRICES

OWING to scarcity of pasture and feed I am obliged to offer the majority of my Shorthorns for immediate sale. I will sell 23 head of cows, practically all of which are straight Scotch, regular producers, and are in condition to go into any herd and make money for whoever buys them. In addition there are 10 calves, all by my herd bull, Omega Secret, a grandson of the well-known American sire, Villager, and out of a Cruickshanks Secret dam. I will also sell Omega Secret and three good yearling bulls sired by him. This stock is all of the best breeding and is from a herd of more than local reputation.

Write for particulars, prices, etc., to  
**CHAS. F. LYALL, STROME, ALTA.**

## CATTLE—Shorthorns

**BUY BETTER BULLS. LOW PROFITABLE** investments, now at the low price, \$100 each. Choice stock registered Shorthorns. McGill, Riverhurst, Sask. 41-3

**PURE-BRED SHORTHORNS—HALF PRICE**, anything you want. Ruby wheat, \$1.50. John Stanley, Carnduff, Sask.

## Aberdeen-Angus

**WANTED—GOOD FARMER AND STOCKMAN** who has plenty feed and farm suitable for stock raising to take eight or ten pure-bred Aberdeen-Angus females on shares. Prefer man living in Manitoba or eastern part Saskatchewan. Will give right man good proposition. Box 5, Grain Growers' Guide, Winnipeg, Man.

**SELLING—REGISTERED ANGUS BULLS, TWO** yearlings, one two-year-old. Good individuals. Prices low. W. S. Scott, Dominion City, Man. 41-3

## Red Polls

## RED POLLS

The real dual-purpose, milk and beef, the Farmer's Cow. For information and literature, write: P. J. HOFFMAN, Sec., Canadian Red-Poll Association, ANNAHEIM, SASK.

**SELLING—REGISTERED RED POLL BULL**, tuberculin tested, 20 months old. William Ames, Mirror, Alta. 39-3

## Herefords

**PURE-BRED HEREFORD COWS AND** heifers, bred to Beau Donald-bred bull. One yearling bull. T. J. Boles, Spy Hill, Sask. 41-2

## Ayrshires

**SELLING—PEDIGREE AYRSHIRE MALE**, five-year-old, fully registered; papers in connection therewith on hand. Would consider trade for year-old Ayrshire male with proper registration papers. Rodolph Kiene, Vibank, Sask.

## Jerseys

**SELLING—PURE-BRED JERSEY BULLS AND** a few females. Excellent breeding. C. H. Hand, Stettler, Alta. 41-2

## Various

## REDUCTION SALE

**PURE-BRED SHORTHORN AND ABERDEEN-ANGUS CATTLE—FANCY PONIES**  
FRIDAY, OCT. 27, AT 2 P.M.

WE are putting in some of our finest cows with calves at foot, and all of our yearling heifers of both breeds. 100 head to select from.

**CONNOR AND HUTCHINSON**  
Beaverbrook Farm GOODWATER, Sask.

## SWINE—Berkshires

## Five Long, Smooth BERKSHIRE BOARS

FARROWED in February, this year. From Imported Sows and sired by Canico 7th. Priced to sell.  
**VALLEY VIEW FARM**  
Box 106  
DRUMHELLER, ALTA.

## Yorkshires

**YORKSHIRES—BOARS, FROM TWO TO SIX** months; gilts, six months; matured sow bred to Junior champion boar at National Swine Show. C. A. Congdon, Newdale, Man. 37-5

**PURE-BRED YORKSHIRES, FARROWED** early August, both sexes, \$12, including papers. Large prolific stock. E. H. Davies, Excel, Alta. 39-3

**YORKSHIRES—AUGUST 26 FARROW**, from first prize boar and second sow, Regina, \$15 each, at eight weeks; pedigrees furnished. H. Thompson, Box 371, Regina, Sask. 39-3

**YORKSHIRES—WELL-BRED BOARS AND** sows, five months old. Papers guaranteed. Thos. Meagher, Yonker, Sask. 39-3

**YORKSHIRES, DIFFERENT AGES, SIRE** grand champion, Brandon; dams unbeatable. J. M. Southward, Lacombe, Alta. 37-6

**REGISTERED YORKSHIRES—UNRELATED** pairs, spring farrow. M. J. Howes & Sons, Millet, Alta. 38-5

**PURE-BRED YORKSHIRES, APRIL FARROW**, both sexes. Priced to sell. Papers furnished. Leighton Mason, McAuley, Man. 41-2

**SELLING—PURE-BRED YORKSHIRE BOARS**, farrowed May 1; pedigrees guaranteed. C. W. Wedow, Woodnorth, Man. 41-3

**YORKSHIRE BOARS, SIX MONTHS OLD**, \$25; papers free. Wm. Gieselman, Bladworth, Sask. 41-3

**FOR SALE—REGISTERED YORKSHIRE BOAR** university stock. C. Holtzman, Flske, Sask. 41-

## FARMERS' MARKET PLACE

## WHERE YOU BUY, SELL OR EXCHANGE

No money is wasted in Guide Classified Ads. You say your say in the least number of words and we put your ad. where nobody will overlook it. Over 80,000 farmers can find your ad. every time it runs. Most important—it will run where the most advertising of this kind is run, and where most people (who are in the market) look for offerings. Try the economical way of Guide Classified Ads. We get results for others and can do it for you.

**FARMERS' CLASSIFIED**—Farmers' advertising of livestock, poultry, seed grain, machinery, etc., 9 cents a word for 1 or 2 weeks—8 cents a word for 3 or 4 consecutive weeks ordered at once—7 cents a word for 5 or 6 weeks ordered at once. Count each initial as a full word, also count each set of four figures as a full word, as for example: "T. P. White has 2,100 acres for sale" contains eight words. Be sure and sign your name and address. Do not have any answers come to The Guide. The name and address must be counted as part of the advertisement and paid for at the same rate. All advertisements must be classified under the heading which applies most closely to the article advertised. All orders for Classified Advertising must be accompanied by cash. Advertisements for this page must reach us seven days in advance of publication day, which is every Wednesday. Orders for cancellation must also reach us seven days in advance.

**LIVESTOCK DISPLAY CLASSIFIED**—\$6.75 per inch per week; 5 weeks for the price of 4; 9 weeks for the price of 7; 13 weeks for the price of 10. Stock cuts supplied free of charge. Cuts made to order. Cost \$5.00 apiece.

**COMMERCIAL CLASSIFIED**—9 cents a word for each insertion; 5 insertions for the price of 4; 10 insertions for the price of 8; 13 insertions for the price of 10, and 26 insertions for the price of 20. (These special rates apply only when full cash payment accompanies order.)

**COMMERCIAL CLASSIFIED DISPLAY**—Half inch, \$4.20; one inch up to six-inch limit, single column, \$8.40 an inch flat.

Address all letters to The Grain Growers' Guide, Winnipeg, Man.

## Duroc-Jerseys

**SELLING—CHOICE DUROC-JERSEYS, APRIL** and May litters, from prize-winning stock, registration papers free, \$30 delivered Saskatchewan, Alberta and Manitoba. Jas. W. Smith, Rainton, Sask. 39-4

**DUROC-JERSEYS, FROM REGISTERED** stock, one early spring sow, \$16; six weeks old sows, \$11; boars, \$13; registration free. One boar, over three years, weight over 300, \$50. A. Lewis, Vanscoy, Sask. 40-2

**FOR SALE—PURE-BRED DUROC-JERSEY** pigs, either sex, from the famous Bailey strain; good individuals. Write for prices. C. H. Johns, Box 58, Margo, Sask. 38-4

**FOR SALE—REGISTERED DUROC-JERSEYS**, young stock, both sexes, and bred sows. Wallace Drew, Treherne, Man. 37-5

**SELLING—REGISTERED DUROC BOAR**, year old, Bailey strain; also May litter boar. H. J. Miller, Glenside, Sask. 40-2

**THOROUGH-BRED DUROC-JERSEYS, BOTH** sexes, all sizes, \$10 up. J. Rabourn, Ravenscrag, Sask. 41-10

**DUROC-JERSEYS, MARCH FARROWED**, \$25 each, including papers. Olof Peterson, Box 411, Minnedosa, Man.

## Poland-Chinas

**FOR POLAND-CHINAS FROM IMPORTED** sires and dams, unrelated to yours, write R. P. Roop, Millet, Alta. 37-5

## Hampshires

**McGILL'S HAMPSHIRE—SEPTEMBER PIGS**, from mature sows, \$25 for two, at eight weeks. Also April boars, \$35 each. All pigs prepaid with pedigree. McGill, Riverhurst, Sask. 41-2

## Various

**36 REGISTERED CHESTER-WHITES AND** Poland-China pigs, ready for service, sired of Poland's College bred. April farrowed, \$20; May farrowed, \$17; papers included. J. Ferris, Sperling, Man. 41-2

## SHEEP

**FOR SALE—GOOD SHROPSHIRE FLOCK-** headers, \$20 each; also pure-bred Shropshire lambs—rams, \$17; ewes, \$15 each. Will be registered on sale. Crates \$1.50. G. B. Burns, Blackfalds, Alta.

**SNAPS IN REGISTERED SUFFOLK-DOWN** lambs, from the finest flock in the West. Early, vigorous lambs, either sex, \$20 each, crate and pedigree included. D. J. Paterson, Berton, Man.

**SELLING—40 GOOD GRADE EWES, \$10 EACH;** also 19 choice registered Shropshire ewes, \$17 each. G. P. Burns, Blackfalds, Alta. 39-5

**REGISTERED OXFORD-DOWN RAMS, ONE** and two shear, \$18 and \$20 each. W. E. Chester, Redston, Man. 40-3

**PEDIGREE OXFORD RAMS AND EWES,** all ages. Chas. Morton, Innes, Sask. 38-7

**100 YOUNG SHEEP, \$7.00 EACH. JARED** Brown, Vermilion, Cummings, Alta. 35-10

**PURE-BRED OXFORDS—RAMS AND SHEAR-** ings. T. J. Boles, Spy Hill, Sask. 41-2

## POULTRY See also General Miscellaneous

## Plymouth Rocks

## PROFIT IN POULTRY DEPENDS ON EGG PRODUCTION

Send a self-addressed, stamped (3c) envelope for our bulletin, Culling Poultry for Egg Production.

## THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE WINNIPEG, MANITOBA

**300 BARRED ROCK COCKERELS, PULLETS,** hens, Park's pedigree 225-egg strain, April-May hen-hatched, \$2.00 to \$4.00. Money back guarantee. Julius Kachel, Huxley, Alta. 37-5

## Leghorns

**PURE-BRED SINGLE COMB WHITE LEG-** horn cockerels, heavy laying strain, \$1.75. Walter Baldwin, Youngstown, Alta. 41-2

**LEGHORN—PURE-BRED WHITE ROOSTERS,** first-prize stock, April hatch, \$1.50. A. A. Cox, Morris, Man. 41-3

**SELLING—280-EGG STRAIN FERRIS COCK-** erels, May hatched, \$2.00. Order early. Fred Cashmore, Maple Creek, Sask.

**264 FERRIS EGG STRAIN S. C. WHITE LEG-** horns, \$1.50. J. A. Stewart, Prince Albert, Sask. 41-5

**S. C. WHITE LEGHORN COCKERELS, FROM** high-producing stock, sent on approval, \$2.00 each. W. J. Cleveland, Wilcox, Sask. 39-3

## Sundry Breeds

**PEARL GUINEAS, \$3.50 PAIR (FRIGHTENS** hawks). Pekin ducks, drakes, \$2.00 each, from 11½-pound drake. Bronze turkeys, from 40-pound toms—hens, \$3.50; toms, \$5.00. Toulouse geese or randers, \$4.00, old geese, 25 pounds, laid 40 eggs. Barred Rock cockerels, pullets laying first September, hatched April. J. Stanley, Carnduff, Sask.

**SELLING—PURE-BRED WHITE LEGHORN** cockerels, May hatched, \$1.25; pullets, \$1.00; pair, \$2.00. Mammoth Bronze turkey toms, \$8.00; hens, \$6.00; 18-month old toms, \$15. This is fine stock. H. McLeod, Wainwright, Alta. 39-3

**SELLING—BRONZE TOMS, \$6.00; MAMMOTH** Pekin Buff Orpington ducks, \$1.75; drakes, \$2.00. Mrs. Vigar, Treherne, Man. 41-3

**SELLING—BARRED AFRICAN GUINEAS, \$3.50** pair. Fred Adams, Roland, Man. 41-5

## DOGS, FOXES, FURS &amp; PET STOCK

**SCOTCH COLLIE PUPS—FATHER IS REGIS-** tered 2078, descendant of Clinker, champion collie dog of the world; both parents are good heelers, intelligent and obedient. Males, \$12; females, \$10. Registration certificate \$1.00 extra. Percy Neale, Lovat, Sask. 38-5

**WOLFHOUD PUPS, FIVE MONTHS, GREY** and stag crossed, parents fast, sure killers, 15 dollars pair; trained hounds, 15 to 25 dollars each. C. Tizzari, Ribstone, Alta. 40-2

**BEAUTIFUL COLLIE PUPPIES, BORN** heelers, natural eager workers, males, \$10. A. Galloway, Fustler, Sask. 39-3

**YOUNG CATTLE DOG, HEELER, \$10.** 35 Venn, Sask.

**SILVER BLACK FOXES, ALSO CROSS FOXES,** Write E. Valley, L'Orignal, Ont. 41-5

## TAXIDERMY

**BIRDS, ANIMALS, RUGS MOUNTED.** J. S. Charleson, Taxidermist, Brandon, Man. 40-1

## SEEDS See also General Miscellaneous

## Oats

**SELLING—CAR BANNER OATS, WRITE FOR** price and samples. John B. Wood, Guernsey, Sask. 41-3

## Barley

**FOR SALE—ABOUT 600 BUSHELS OF BARK** barley, perfectly clean, grown from pedigree seed. J. R. Waddell, Box 21, Sperling, Man. 39-5

## FARM LANDS See also General Miscellaneous

## HAD A GOOD CROP?

WAS it sufficiently good to now begin the payments on the land you hope some time to own in B.C.? We can sell you splendid land on Vancouver Island for \$10 per acre, one-fifth cash, the balance in four equal annual payments. Write us for further details and illustrated literature.

**FRANCO-CANADIAN COMPANY LTD.**  
110 BELMONT HOUSE, VICTORIA, B.C.

## TWENTY YEARS TO PAY

**THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COM-** PANY offers for sale Farm Lands in Western Canada for mixed farming, raising cattle and poultry, and for dairying. Prices averaging about \$20 an acre. One-tenth cash, balance in twenty years. Also a few improved farms, to farmers with families. For prices and particulars apply to Allan Cameron, General Superintendent of Lands, C.P.R., 922 1st St. East, Calgary

## OKANAGAN RANCH FOR SALE

**STEPNEY RANCH**, situated 3 miles from Enderby and 5 miles from Armstrong, in the northern part of the Okanagan Valley. For many years this farm was the property of the late Sir Arthur Stepney, and is one of the most favorably known properties in the Okanagan. Acreage, 1316; under cultivation, 750; balance pasture and timber. About 400 acres in alfalfa. Property particularly well suited for high-class stock farm. Ranch being offered en bloc for limited period. For particulars and prices write  
**J. T. MUTRIE, VERNON, B.C.**

## IRRIGATED FARMS IN SOUTHERN ALBERTA

In the Famous Vauxhall District, Bow River Irrigation Project. 200,000 Acres Irrigable.

A SPECIALLY fine tract of 5,000 acres, all located within seven miles of the railroad station, now ready for water service, selling for a limited time at \$40 to \$65 per acre, with full water right. One-fifth cash down; balance in easy equal payments over 18 years, first instalment due at least two years after date of initial payment. Investigate at once.

**Canada Land and Irrigation Company Ltd.**  
Medicine Hat, Alberta

**AGED OWNER MUST SELL 240-ACRE MIN-** nesota farm, with ten cows, four horses, five young cattle, bull, hogs, poultry, implements, cream separator, stove, wood, crops, lumber; splendid dairy and general crop farm, on improved road, convenient market town; black loam tillage for 50 bushels shelled corn acre; 50-cow pasture woodland; variety fruit; fine eight-room house, big barn, granary, poultry house, storage shed. Taken now, \$9,600 gets all, less than one-third needed. See details, page 73, new illustrated catalog, 1,200 bargains, free. Strout Farm Agency, 454 B.G. Plymouth Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

**AN OPPORTUNITY OF A LIFE-TIME** secures the best ranching proposition in Alberta, comprising some 1,440 acres of rich land, dandy five-roomed log bungalow, furnished, cellar filled with good things for long winter. Good barns, 49 breeding horses, Clyde stallion that cost \$1,200, 11 head milking-strain cows, binder, mowers, plows, etc., \$8,500 cash takes everything, lock, stock and barrel. Wire, Kingwell, Strout Farm Agency, Victoria, B.C., for appointment to visit.

**DON'T WORRY ABOUT DROUGHT—WHY** not a profitable living all the time from irrigated fruit and farm lands? Right alongside main line railway station and main highway, 10-acre blocks, \$1,000, easy terms. Best small fruit, vegetable and mixed farming land in B.C. Irrigation system second to none. Modern store, school, hotel, etc. Ideal climate. Write Barriere Land Co., 502-507 Rogers Bldg., Vancouver, B.C. 30-6

**LAKEVIEW FRUITLANDS, CRESTON,** British Columbia. Ten-acre lots in this subdivision now for sale at only \$60 per acre on terms; 4½ miles from Creston and 1½ miles from Wynndel, in the famous Creston district. Lizard Creek runs through property. Choice location and good soil. Handy to school and transportation. For full particulars, write R. Wainwright, Agent, Creston, B.C. 30-6

**BRITISH COLUMBIA AND CALIFORNIA—** For up-to-date list of mixed farms, fruit farms, orchards, chicken ranches and cattle ranches in all British Columbia districts, also orange groves and grape vineyards in California, or truck land, write Pemberton & Son, 418 Howe St., Vancouver. Established 1887. 34-1

**FARM FOR SALE—HALF-SECTION, \$10 ACRE** cash; level, 200 acres open, good soil, some stone, never-failing well, unlimited free range, abundance wood, building lumber, log buildings, mile from school, 14 from St. Walburg, Sask., four miles from railway survey. Norman Tucker, Vermilion, Alta. 38-5

**SELLING—HALF-SECTION, ROLLING, GOOD** heavy soil, 100 acres cultivated, 260 arable, 40 fenced, small house, barn, good well, five work horses, machinery, feed; \$20, half cash. Box 45, Springwater, Sask. 41-2

**HALF-SECTION, FENCED, 40 ACRES** broken, fair buildings, plenty wood, water, feed; telephone; seven miles from Invermay, \$15 acre; \$500 cash, balance to suit. J. T. Enright, Invermay, Sask. 39-5

**FOR SALE—FIRST RATE QUARTER-SEC-** tion, three miles from rail, one mile from school; has 100 acres broken, 60 acres in fall rye; good stable. Price \$3,200. Ed. Paterson, Dewar Lake, Sask. 38-4

**SELLING—320-ACRE GRAIN FARM, 290** acres cultivated, good wheat land, level, fair house and building, good soil, half cash. Further particulars, John Evans, The Flats, Sask. 40-4

**WANTED TO RENT—HALF-SECTION, GOOD** district, English-speaking, good buildings, near market and school; possession 15th November. Box C51, Roblin, Man. 40-2

**I HAVE CASH BUYERS FOR SALEABLE** farms. Will deal with owners only. Give description and cash price. Morris M. Perkins, Columbia, Mo. 40-4

**WOULD CHANGE ON WESTERN FARM, 200** acres, 32 miles from city. Good buildings. Price \$22,500. Worthington, Sun Life Bldg., Hamilton, Ont.

**SACRIFICE—CLEAR TITLE QUARTER-SEC-** tion heavy land, 80 broken, 40 fallow, lots water, warm house, near town, \$1,600; young team included. 35 Venn, Sask.

**SELLING—QUARTER-SECTION IN TISDALE** district, Sask. Would accept small tractor, separator or well-boring machine as part payment. R. Blackburn, Prince George, B.C.

**WANTED—TO HEAR FROM OWNER HAVING** farm or unimproved land for sale. John J. Black, Chippewa Falls, Wisconsin.

**COMING TO BRITISH COLUMBIA?—WRITE** H. E. Dill, Nelson, B.C., for list Kootenay orchard farm lands.

**SELL YOUR PROPERTY QUICKLY FOR CASH.** No matter where located. Particulars free. Real Estate Salesman Co., Dept. 1, Lincoln, Nebr. 11

**MIXED FARMING QUARTER, 50 ACRES** broken, good district, \$10 acre. Box 38, Traynor, Sask. 34-4

**WANTED—TO HEAR FROM OWNER OF** land for sale. O. K. Hawley, Baldwin, Wisconsin.

**SELLING—160 ACRES, BEST LAND, WHEAT.** B. Houhoben, St. Brieux, Sask. 38-5

## FARM MACHINERY &amp; AUTOS

## Brooks' Radiator Cleaner

is the Real Boss of Any Water-Cooled Engine

Removes all scales and sediment from Radiators and Water Jackets in Automobiles, Tractors and Farm Engines. Cleans while you work it. Twenty-four ounce bottle for \$1.50.

## BROOKS' ANILINE DYE WORKS

259 Provencher Ave., WINNIPEG, MAN.

**FOR SALE—FORDSON TRACTOR, WITH** governor and plow, just overhauled, in fine condition; have bought larger engine and separator. Snap at \$350, f.o.b. Glenavon, Sask. G. Graham, Glenavon. 40-2

**FOR SALE—12-25 WATERLOO BOY TRACTOR** and three-furrow John Deere plow, bought 1921, \$625, or trade for cattle. Wm. White, Ogilvie, Man. 40-3

**WILL SELL ON TIME TO RESPONSIBLE** party, ten-bottom Cockshutt engine gang. Write, Bruce Brooks, Greshfield, Sask. 41-3

**SELLING—CHALMERS CAR, PERFECT RUN-** ning order; truck back. Snap for cash. L. O. Allen, Valjean, Sask. 41-3

**SELLING—10-20 TITAN, \$400 CASH; THREE-** furrow Hamilton engine gang, \$110. Both used part of two seasons. Box 231, Grenfell, Sask.

**BARGAIN—FOUR H.P. CUSHMAN ENGINE,** nearly new. Box 98, Eden, Man.

**WANTED—FEED GRINDER, 12 OR LARGER.** P. S. Gans, Friedenstal, Alta.

[Continued on next page]



## Boiled Down

to the rock-bottom facts of classified advertising, here is what The Guide has to offer every farmer in Western Canada:

A weekly message into over 79,000 farm homes that represent the strongest buying force available for your offerings.

A weekly message so indexed under classified headings that your ad. is quickly found by those interested.

A weekly message that has brought satisfactory business to others—

"I am sold out of Brome Grass. Could have sold twice as much as I had."—Wm. McAlpine, Wordsworth, Sask.

—and will do the same for you.

FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS AT TOP OF THIS PAGE

The Grain Growers' Guide - Winnipeg



## NURSERY STOCK

EVERGREENS FOR FALL PLANTING. WRITE for prices on trees and shrubs. Fred Wimer, Box 199, Canora, Sask.

## LUMBER, FENCE POSTS, ETC.

## LUMBER POSTS AND SUPPLIES

FOR superior grades Lumber, Fence Posts, or Winter Apples, Sugar, Salt, write us for particulars. Also Grocery Supplies in box lots. McCOLLUM LUMBER AND SUPPLIES, 801 UNION TRUST BLDG., WINNIPEG, MAN.

BARGAINS IN CORDWOOD—JACK PINE AND poplar. Write for prices f.o.b. your station. The Prince Albert Fuel Co. Ltd., Prince Albert, Sask.

SELLING—CEDAR POSTS AND POLES, direct from makers. Write for quotations. McRae and Lawrence, Avola, B.C. 39-5

CORDWOOD—WRITE FOR DELIVERED prices. Enterprise Lumber Co., Edmonton, Alta.

## SOLICITORS—PATENT &amp; LEGAL

FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO. THE OLD ESTABLISHED firm. Patents everywhere. Head Office Royal Bank Bldg., Toronto; Ottawa Office, 5 Elgin St. Offices throughout Canada. Booklet free

HUDSON, ORMOND, SPICE & SYMINGTON, barristers, solicitors, etc., 303-7 Merchants Bank Building, Winnipeg, Canada. Phone: A2336-7-8.

## TEACHERS

GERTRUDE TROTTER, TEACHER OF THE spoken word in all forms, and voice culture. Stammering and speech defects corrected. Private tuition and classes. 274 Young St., Winnipeg.

## Situations Wanted

EXPERIENCED FARMER SEEKS POSITION, foreman on farm, ranch or any position of trust. Hard worker. References. What offers? Satisfaction guaranteed. Give full particulars first letter. A. C. Sykes, 11248 126 St., Edmonton, Alta. 41-2

## Situations Vacant

## SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED—Men owning horse or car to sell groceries wholesale to farmers. Exclusive territory will be allotted. Any man willing to work can make good money.

## Apply

JAS. L. MACDONALD CO.

256 LOGAN AVE. WINNIPEG, MAN.

## SITUATIONS VACANT

We require parties to knit men's wool socks for us at home, either with machine or by hand; send stamped addressed envelope for information. The Canadian Wholesale Distributing Co., Dept. 2, Orillia, Ont.

## HAIR GOODS

SWITCHES MADE FROM YOUR OWN COMBS. Prices reasonable. Full line of hair goods carried. Call or write. New York Hair Store, 301 Kensington Bldg., Winnipeg. 41-13

## DYERS AND CLEANERS



DYEING  
CLEANING  
REPAIRING  
FUR WORK

Don't throw your old clothes away! We make them look like new at very little cost. Write for Price List.

ARTHUR ROSE LTD.

REGINA

SASKATOON

"If Rose Cleaned It—It's C-L-E-A-N"

THE FRENCH FEATHER WORKS, 223 Thompson Drive, Sturgeon Creek, Man. Send for price list.

## BABY OUTFITS

PROSPECTIVE MOTHERS—SAVE TIME, worry and money, order special complete outfit, 41 necessary pieces, best materials, \$13.95. Money refunded if not satisfactory. Mrs. M. D. McKenzie, 235 Donald St., Winnipeg. 41-10

## TOBACCO

SMOKERS!—WHY PAY MORE FOR YOUR smokes? We sell direct to consumer (prepaid). Cut rate price list mailed free. Leaf tobacco our specialty. Dept. D, Standard Cigar Stores Limited, 697 St. Lawrence Blvd., Montreal, Que. 41-5

## Honey, Syrup, Fruits, Vegetables, Etc.

FINEST CLOVER HONEY—FOR 120-POUND orders in 5, 10 or 30-pound pails, delivered, Manitoba, 19c.; Saskatchewan, 19.5c.; Alberta, 20c. pound. Amber honey, 15, 15.5 and 16c. pound, delivered. Buckwheat, 12, 12.5, 13c. pound, delivered. 25c. brings 5-oz. sample. Special price club orders. Satisfaction guaranteed. Mount Forest Apiaries, Mount Forest, Ont. 36-6

NEW HONEY, NEW PRICES—GUARANTEED No. 1 pure white clover, direct from producer, \$9.00 cash, crate of six ten-pound pails, f.o.b. Toronto. Reference, Standard Bank, Bloor Branch. N. K. McLean, 37 Armstrong Ave., Toronto. 39-4

WHITE CLOVER HONEY—NEW CROP! HEAVY body and delicious flavor, produced from one of the best white clover districts in Ontario. Price 16 cents pound, f.o.b. Tillsonburg, Ontario. Crates of 50 or 60 pounds. T. V. Tillson, Tillsonburg, Ont. 41-2

CHOICE ONTARIO CLOVER HONEY NOW ready for shipment. Direct from producer. Put up in ten-pound pails and crated 60 pounds to the crate, \$9.00 crate, f.o.b. Brucefield. J. R. Murdoch, Brucefield, Ont. 38-5

OUR CLOVER HONEY IS RICH AND THICK, best that bees can make. Crates of six ten-pound pails, \$9.00, f.o.b. Theford. Discount on large orders. Money with order or c.o.d. Stanley Rumford, Theford, Ont. 38-5

WILSON'S CLOVER HONEY—CRATE SIX ten-pound or 12 five-pound pails, \$9.00. John T. Wilson, Petrolia, Ont.

HONEY FOR SALE—CLOVER, \$10; AMBER, \$9.00; Buckwheat, \$7.00; for 60 pounds. Large orders at reduction. F. W. Krouse, Guelph Ont.

PURE HONEY, \$10.50 PER CRATE OF SIX ten-pound pails. Maison Saint Joseph, Otterburne, Man. 37-5

POTATOES FOR SALE, IN CAR LOTS, AT stock. Prices on application. Direct from the grower. Apply Collin Gibson, Hamiota, Man. 38-3

POTATOES—SELLING ANY QUANTITY, October shipments. Grower, 106 Fort Qu'Appelle, Sask. 38-6

PURE MANITOBA HONEY, 60-POUND LOT, 20 cents pound. Springfield Beekeepers' Association, Secretary, J. Ripplingale, Oak Bank, Man.

CLOVER HONEY, 80 POUNDS, \$12; BUCKWHEAT, \$9.00. Wm. Hartley, Beamsville, Ont. 38-5

CLOVER HONEY, 60 POUNDS, \$10; 130, \$20. R. E. Adamson, Mt. Elgin, Ont. 36-6

POTATOES FOR SALE—CAR LOAD, FINEST quality, white. D. Howell, Yorkton, Sask. 39-2

SELLING CHOICE POTATOES, CAR LOTS, G. R. Wilkie, Ninette, Man. 40-2

## GENERAL MISCELLANEOUS

STOCKINGLEG FOR SALE—HEAVY, BLACK, all wool, 60-stitch, \$1.00 per yard, prepaid. Mrs. Mary Nickason, Wiston, Sask. 40-6

TWO POUNDS COTTON REMNANTS, \$1.40, postpaid. 300 bargain catalogue free. Allen Novelty, St. Zacharie, Quebec. 37-4

FOR COAL IN CAR LOTS, WRITE W. J. Anderson, Sheerness, Alta., miner and shipper of good quality of domestic coal. 38-11

## RADIO SUPPLIES

Lowest prices, reliable parts. Write for information and price list. The LEVY ELECTRICAL CO. LTD., 493 PORTAGE AVE., WINNIPEG

## PRODUCE

## POULTRY FOR EXPORT

We take pleasure in advising our many poultry shippers that we have accepted a large contract for Heavy Fat Hens. We guarantee, F.O.B. Winnipeg: Hens, 5 lbs. and over, 18c-20c lb.; Young Chickens, 5 lbs. and over, 18c-20c lb.; Fat Ducks, 18c-20c lb.; Fat Geese, 18c lb. Crates prepaid. Bonded. Licensed. References.

## CONSOLIDATED PACKERS LTD.

237-245 FLORA AVENUE WINNIPEG

## Live &amp; Dressed Poultry Wanted

Spring Chickens, over 4 lbs. 16c-17c  
Old Hens, over 5 lbs. 17c Old Hens, 4 lbs. 15c  
Old Ducks, 15c-16c Geese, fat 15c  
Old Roosters, 9c Turkeys, 9 lbs. and over, 25c  
Eggs, strictly fresh, 28c  
Live weight prices, f.o.b. Winnipeg. Four cents above these prices for dressed poultry. Crates prepaid to Manitoba or Saskatchewan. Money orders mailed daily.

## STANDARD PRODUCE CO.

43 CHARLES STREET WINNIPEG

## Spending \$1,000 in the Farm Home

Continued from Page 30

on on a cold wintry morn. Two new coiled spring mattresses, with new top mattresses, a set of drawers, a long piece of mirror, a heater, and full length bath would satisfy my bedroom requirements.

Then in the kitchen, first and foremost I want a proper kitchen range (for six years I've had "to do" with an old bachelor stove), and a brick chimney for safety. A kitchen cabinet—oh the luxury of it and yet, what steps in a day's march would be saved. Next a barrel churn, and as I fortunately possess a cream separator and washing machine, I would purchase a small gas engine to work all three, to say nothing of pumping water for house and stock.

Then in the living-room I would see that I had a good easy rest chair (how my back aches with everlastingly sitting on a hard wooden chair), half a dozen padded-seated dining chairs, a complete set of crockery, a round dining-table and a davenport. I think I would include, too, a small writing and book case combined. I just love music, but with so much to buy, a piano is out of the question, but a small gramophone and a choice selection of records would cheer and liven up many doleful hours. And then for the long winter nights I should indulge in a hanging mantle lamp, with a 25 gallon drum of oil to feed it with, as well as 10 tons of coal to "keep the home fires burning."

Fetching mail etc., on a stoneboat or broken down buggy makes me long for a democrat (so useful for family and groceries, etc.), so a conveyance on wheels also goes on the list. Then there is the "inner man" to be thought of—oh, to have some nice "cats" as advertised. I should certainly set aside a sum of money to make a purchase at the grocer's store, including fresh (not dried) fruit to can for winter. And the children too should be made happy with a few good toys and warm winter clothes, likewise some good warm clothes for myself and hubby.

Lastly I am going to buy a knitting machine and set to work during the long winter months to earn some money to help take me and mine back to the dear "Old Country" for a holiday.

|                               |          |
|-------------------------------|----------|
| Lumber for verandah           | \$ 20.00 |
| Paint                         | 10.00    |
| 3 new windows at \$3.60       | 10.80    |
| Linoeum                       | 30.00    |
| Paper for walls               | 7.00     |
| 2 rugs                        | 8.00     |
| 2 top mattresses, \$8.50 each | 17.00    |
| 2 coil springs, \$11 each     | 22.00    |
| Set drawers                   | 30.00    |
| Piece mirror                  | 10.00    |
| Heater                        | 20.00    |
| Bath                          | 15.00    |
| Kitchen stove                 | 83.00    |
| Brick chimney                 | 20.00    |
| Kitchen cabinet               | 50.00    |
| Barrel churn                  | 14.00    |
| Gas engine                    | 97.50    |
| Easy chair                    | 15.00    |
| 6 dining chairs, \$4.15       | 24.90    |
| Set crockery                  | 20.00    |
| Round dining table            | 23.00    |
| Davenport                     | 22.00    |
| Writing and bookcase          | 25.00    |
| Gramophone                    | 33.00    |
| 20 records, 85c               | 17.00    |
| Hanging lamp                  | 16.00    |
| 25 galls. oil (30c)           | 7.50     |
| 10 tons coal                  | 50.00    |
| Democrat                      | 130.00   |
| Groceries, fruit, fish        | 50.00    |
| Clothes (for five)            | 50.00    |
| Garden cultivator             | 15.00    |
| Knitting machine              | 50.00    |
| Surplus in sundries           |          |

Bristolian.

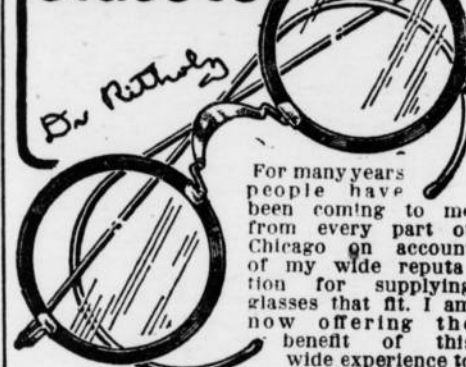
## Thanksgiving

Three things come very forcibly to mind when you speak of thanksgiving being just a week or two away, they are—roast turkey, cranberry jelly and pumpkin pie. Each year more farmers in Western Canada are enjoying Thanksgiving roast turkey for the simple reason that they are raising flocks of turkeys themselves. We have evidence to prove that there is a really active demand for pure-bred turkeys. But the evidence goes further and proves that having something for sale there is one sure way of disposing of it quickly. The evidence is here in a letter from David Mitchell, Kisbey, Sask., in which he says:

"I ran an ad. in your paper last fall, selling pure-bred turkeys. It was only in three weeks, but before the last issue was out they were all sold. I could have sold twice as many. I think The Grain Growers' Guide is a splendid paper for the farmer."



Let Me Send You  
**FREE** on trial a Pair  
of Handsome  
Tortoise Shell  
Glasses



For many years people have been coming to me from every part of Chicago on account of my wide reputation for supplying glasses that fit. I am now offering the benefit of this wide experience to people everywhere. No matter where you live, I positively guarantee to give you a perfect fit or there will be no charge whatever. I promise to send you a pair of glasses that will enable you to see perfectly and satisfy you in every way, or you will owe me nothing. They will protect your eyes, preventing eye strain and headache. They will enable you to read fine print and thread the finest needle, see far or near.

## SEND NO MONEY

I will not accept a single penny of your money until you are satisfied and tell me so. Simply fill in and mail the coupon below giving me the simple easy information I ask for and I will send you a pair of my Extra Large Tortoise Shell Spectacles, for you to wear, examine and inspect, for ten days, in your own home. The glasses I send are not to be compared with any you have ever seen advertised. They are equal to spectacles being sold at retail at from \$12 to \$15 a pair. You will find them so scientifically ground as to enable you to see far or near, do the finest kind of work or read the very smallest print. These Extra Large Size Lenses, with Tortoise Shell Rims, are very becoming, and your friends are sure to compliment you on your improved appearance. There are no "ifs" or "ands" about my liberal offer. I trust you absolutely. You are the sole judge. If they do not give you more real satisfaction than any glasses you have ever worn, you are not out a single penny. I ask you, could any offer be fairer?

## SPECIAL THIS MONTH

If you send your order at once I will make you a present of a handsome Velvet-lined, Spring Back, Pocket Book Spectacle Case, which you will be proud to own. Sign and mail the coupon NOW.

Dr. Ritholz, Madison and Laflin Sts., Station C, Chicago, Ill., Doctor of Optics, Member American Optometric Association, Graduate Illinois College of Ophthalmology and Otology, Famous Eye Strain Specialist.

## ACCEPT THIS FREE OFFER TODAY

Dr. Ritholz, Madison and Laflin Sts., Station C, Chicago, Ill., Canadian Dept. D.R.-1719. You may send me by prepaid parcel post a pair of your Extra Large Tortoise Shell Gold-Filled Spectacles. I will wear them 10 days and if convinced that they are equal to any glasses selling at \$15, I will send you \$4.49. Otherwise I will return them and there will be no charge.

How old are you?.....

How many years have you used glasses (if any).....

Name.....

Street Address.....

Post Office.....

R. R..... Box No.....

Province.....

## New Wheat and Rye

We are now prepared to handle your shipments of new Wheat and Rye to good advantage. Write for prices and shipping instructions.

Send us your investment and hedging orders in Grain Futures.

**Thompson, Sons & Co.**

Established 1884  
Grain Commission Merchants  
700-703 Grain Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

## The Cheerful Plowman

By J. Edw. Tuft



## The Little Red Hen

I was wondering today, as I rested on the hay and watched the busy poultry as they scratched the chaffy ground, if we half appreciate the accommodating fate that fashioned out the chickens and delivered them around. In the busy life of men, does the little old red hen, with her silly little cackle and her green and awkward ways, get her rightful lot and share of attention and of care, or get her proper credit and her just amount of praise? Just consider how she does! When a tiny bunch of fuzz she begins to hunt and hustle with her mother and her aunts, and if winter stayed away there would never be a day when she couldn't earn her living if she had a half a chance! Then consider once again how this same precocious hen begins to swallow crickets while she's still a little lass; think of all the bugs she eats that are enemies to bees, of the worms that slaughter cabbage and devour the living grass! Then she takes to laying eggs even while her little legs are still quite undeveloped and are filled with growing pains, and she lays and lays away, one for breakfast every day—her charity is greater than her prudence or her brains! When her life comes to a close Biddy leaves no sign of foes, but she leaves a hundred children all as worthy as herself; leaves a pillow for my bed, sixteen eggs she laid ahead, and some dandy meat and gravy on the lower pantry shelf!



# The Farmers' Market

Office of the United Grain Growers Limited, Winnipeg, Man., Oct. 6, 1922.

**WHEAT**—Prices show little change for the week. Market generally has been firm with good buying by export houses from day to day and fair amounts being released by the producer. Buying has been against sales made for deferred shipment, probably just before the close of navigation. Business in nearby shipment grain curtailed greatly by the situation on the Great Lakes, which is also having a very depressing effect on cash premiums. Receiving elevators at Tiffin, Buffalo and other eastern ports full with ships waiting to unload, and consequently unable to return West for cargoes. Receipts at the ports of Fort William and Port Arthur the heaviest on record. The storage capacity of the elevators at this end of the Great Lakes is larger than ever, and considerable grain can be yet taken care of. Unless the situation in the East improves greatly there is a possibility of grain backing up in the West and a consequent depressing effect on values. The other big factor in the market, the Turkish situation, is still in the air and has undoubtedly curbed speculation to a great extent. Prices appear to have reached debatable ground with the trade watching the situations in "near Eastern" Canada and "near Eastern" Europe very closely, as both will undoubtedly have great bearing on grain values.

**OATS**—Prices have remained steady during the past week and show very little change. Receipts are beginning to get fairly heavy and will continue to increase from now on. Some export business reported but volume not large. Cash demand continues good.

**BARLEY**—Market has been firm and fairly large business being done. Shippers are selling freely and offerings are heavy. Cash demand not so keen.

**FLAX**—Steady market with prices following Duluth market pretty closely. Good demand by crushers for all cash flax.

**RYE**—Firm market with fair amount of business passing. No urgent demand for cash article and top grades being applied against sales of October.

| WINNIPEG FUTURES |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |  |
|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|--|
|                  | 2   | 3   | 4   | 5   | 6   | 7   | Ago | Year |  |
| Wheat—           |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |  |
| Oct. 96          | 96  | 95  | 97  | 96  | 98  | 98  | 98  | 115  |  |
| Nov. 96          | 96  | 96  | 98  | 97  | 98  | 98  | 98  | 110  |  |
| Oats—            |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |  |
| Oct. 41          | 41  | 41  | 41  | 41  | 42  | 41  | 41  | 40   |  |
| Nov. 39          | 39  | 39  | 40  | 39  | 39  | 39  | 40  | 38   |  |
| Barley—          |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |  |
| Oct. 52          | 52  | 52  | 53  | 52  | 52  | 52  | 52  | 56   |  |
| Nov. 52          | 52  | 52  | 52  | 51  | 51  | 51  | 52  | 52   |  |
| Flax—            |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |  |
| Oct. 196         | 195 | 195 | 198 | 197 | 197 | 200 | 181 |      |  |
| Nov. 187         | 189 | 189 | 191 | 191 | 191 | 196 | 184 |      |  |
| Rye—             |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |  |
| Oct. 66          | 66  | 66  | 67  | 66  | 67  | 67  | 67  | 85   |  |
| Nov. ...         |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |  |

**MINNEAPOLIS CLOSING PRICES**

Spring wheat—No. 1 dark northern, \$1.09½ to \$1.16½; No. 1 northern, \$1.07½ to \$1.14½; No. 2 dark northern, \$1.04½ to \$1.13½; No. 2 northern, \$1.03½ to \$1.11½; No. 3 dark northern, \$1.00½ to \$1.10½; No. 3 northern, 98½c to \$1.08½. Montana—No. 1 dark hard, \$1.08½ to \$1.13½; No. 1 hard, \$1.04½ to \$1.09½; Minnesota and South Dakota, No. 1 dark hard, \$1.08½ to \$1.10; Minnesota and South Dakota No. 1 hard, \$1.01½ to \$1.04½. Durum—No. 1 amber fancy, 95½c to 99½c; No. 2 amber fancy, 93½c to 97½c; No. 1 amber, 89½c to 93½c; No. 1, 82½c to 88½c; No. 2 amber, 80½c to 85½c; No. 3 amber, 81½c to 89½c; No. 3, 77½c to 82½c. Corn—No. 2 yellow, 59½c to 60c; No. 3 yellow, 58½c to 59c; No. 4 yellow, 57½c to 58c; No. 2 mixed, 59c to 59½c; No. 3 mixed, 58c to 58½c; No. 4 mixed, 57c to 57½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 36½c to 38½c; No. 3 white, 35½c to 37½c; No. 4 white, 33½c to 35½c. Barley—Choice to fancy, 58c to 60c; medium to good, 54c to 57c. Rye—No. 2, 66½c to 67c. Flaxseed—No. 1, \$2.32½ to \$2.33½.

## WINNIPEG

The Livestock Department of the U.G.G. Ltd., report as follows:

Receipts this week: Cattle, 9,846; hogs, 1,515; sheep, 1,416. Last week: Cattle, 8,440; hogs, 719; sheep, 661.

The past week brought slightly heavier receipts than the previous week due largely to the fact that farmers are pretty well through threshing, and stock will no doubt move more freely from now on. Prices on all butcher cattle show a decline of from 25c to 50c per hundred this week, while stockers and feeders are selling steady. Heavy butcher steers are the hardest sellers and these are very hard to move at satisfactory prices. The demand for light-weight, well-finished cattle continues to increase from week to week. Top butcher steers are selling from 4½c to 5½c, and butcher heifers from 4c to 4½c. Best butcher cows are bringing from 3c to 3½c per pound. A good demand exists for choice stocker heifers for breeding purposes, and these are now selling at from 3c to 3½c for the breedy kinds with the plainer ones from 2½c to 3c per pound. A great many heavy calves are coming forward and these are bringing from 4c to 4½c if breedy and fleshy, while light-weight, choice veal calves are selling as high as 6c. Plain, thin calves are very hard to sell at prices ranging from 2½c to 3½c per pound. Springer cows are in good demand, and these are bringing from \$45 to \$70, depending on quality and indications of milk. Hogs have sold all week at 10½c per pound, but when the run of hogs begins this price is quite likely to go lower.

Choice lambs sold fairly steady this week, with the tops reaching 11c, but the bulk sold between 9c and 10½c per pound. Choice sheep are in fairly good demand at from 4c to 6c per pound.

Shippers from Saskatchewan and Alberta should bring health certificates covering cattle shipments. This is very important.

The following are present quotations:

|                        |                  |
|------------------------|------------------|
| Prime butcher steers   | \$4.75 to \$5.25 |
| Good to choice steers  | 4.25 to 4.75     |
| Medium to good steers  | 3.50 to 4.00     |
| Common steers          | 3.00 to 3.50     |
| Choice feeder steers   | 4.00 to 4.50     |
| Common feeder steers   | 2.50 to 3.50     |
| Choice stocker steers  | 3.50 to 4.00     |
| Common stocker steers  | 2.50 to 3.00     |
| Choice butcher heifers | 4.00 to 4.50     |
| Fair to good heifers   | 3.00 to 4.00     |
| Medium heifers         | 2.50 to 3.00     |
| Choice stock heifers   | 2.25 to 3.00     |
| Choice butcher cows    | 3.00 to 3.50     |
| Fair to good cows      | 2.50 to 3.00     |
| Breedy stock cows      | 2.00 to 2.25     |
| Caner cows             | 1.25 to 1.75     |
| Choice veal calves     | 5.00 to 6.00     |
| Common calves          | 3.00 to 4.00     |

## WHEAT PRICES

Oct. 2 to Oct. 7 inclusive

| Date     | 1 N | 2 N | 3 N | 4  | 5  | 6  |
|----------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|
| Oct. 2   | 97  | 95  | 91  | 88 | 81 | 73 |
| 3        | 96  | 95  | 90  | 88 | 81 | 73 |
| 4        | 96  | 94  | 89  | 87 | 80 | 72 |
| 5        | 97  | 96  | 91  | 89 | 82 | 74 |
| 6        | 96  | 96  | 90  | 88 | 81 | 73 |
| 7        | 98  | 97  | 92  | 90 | 83 | 76 |
| Week Ago | 98  | 97  | 93  | 90 | 83 | 75 |
| Year Ago | 115 | 112 | 110 | 94 | 84 |    |

## EGGS AND POULTRY

**WINNIPEG**—Eggs: Dealers are quoting producers and country shippers 23c to 24c delivered for straight receipts. Extras are jobbing at 35c to 37c, firsts 30c, straight candled 27c. Storage eggs are moving freely into consumption. There was one inspection in the prairie provinces last week. A car of storage firsts reported rolling Montreal for export to London, England. Poultry: Receipts continue light, dealers are quoting live delivered chickens 14c, fowl 10c to 14c, ducks 13c, roosters 9c. Producers are being advised to hold geese and turkeys for a later market.

**REGINA, SASKATOON AND MOOSE JAW**—Eggs: Market in this province are very unsettled. Receipts of fresh are extremely light and for the most part dealers are drawing on storage stocks to meet the consumptive demand. For fresh they are quoting 25c to 30c loss off delivered. Storage extras are jobbing at 32c, firsts 30c, seconds 28c. Retail prices range from 30c to 40c. Poultry: Due to the

For maximum of service consign your grain to The Old

Reliable Grain Commission Merchants

## James Richardson & Sons Ltd.

Established 1857

Liberal Advances

Prompt Settlements

Enquire through any Bank or Commercial Agency as to our Financial Standing

WESTERN OFFICES:

Grain Exchange, Winnipeg, Man. Grain Exchange, Calgary, Alberta.  
Canada Building, Saskatoon, Sask.

## DONALD MORRISON & CO. LTD.

(Established 1904—Incorporated 1921)

GRAIN COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Solicit Your Consignments

Prompt, Reliable Work

Correspondence Solicited

751-759 GRAIN EXCHANGE

WINNIPEG, MAN.

warm weather that has been experienced and harvesting operations, there has been no movement of poultry. The killing stations in Regina expect to begin operations about October 15.

**CALGARY**—Eggs: Receipts of eggs

practically nil. Dealers are offering delivered extras 30c, firsts 25c, seconds 15c. Jobbing extras \$15 per case, firsts \$9.00 per case, and seconds \$6.50 per case. Poultry: Movement is now fairly free at unchanged prices.

Cash Prices at Fort William and Port Arthur,  
Oct. 2 to Oct. 7, inclusive

| Date     | WHEAT Feed | 2 CW | 3 CW | OATS Ex Fd | 1 Fd | 2 Fd | 3 CW | 4 CW | Rej. | Fd | 1 NW | 2 CW | 3 CW | 2 CW |
|----------|------------|------|------|------------|------|------|------|------|------|----|------|------|------|------|
| Oct. 2   | 62         | 43   | 41   | 41         | 39   | 36   | 52   | 51   | 47   | 47 | 198  | 194  | 184  | 66   |
| 3        | 62         | 42   | 40   | 40         | 38   | 35   | 52   | 51   | 47   | 47 | 197  | 193  | 183  | 66   |
| 4        | 61         | 42   | 40   | 40         | 38   | 35   | 52   | 51   | 47   | 47 | 197  | 193  | 183  | 66   |
| 5        | 63         | 42   | 40   | 40         | 38   | 35   | 53   | 52   | 48   | 48 | 200  | 194  | 183  | 67   |
| 6        | 62         | 43   | 40   | 40         | 38   | 35   | 52   | 51   | 47   | 47 | 198  | 193  | 182  | 66   |
| 7        | 64         | 44   | 41   | 41         | 39   | 36   | 52   | 51   | 47   | 47 | 199  | 193  | 182  | 67   |
| Week Ago | 64         | 43   | 41   | 41         | 39   | 36   | 52   | 51   | 47   | 49 | 202  | 198  | 188  | 67   |
| Year Ago | ...        | 41   | 38   | 38         | 36   | 34   | 56   | 51   | 43   | 43 | 181  | 177  | 151  | 90   |

# October Bulletin

Issued by the Dominion Department of Agriculture

NOTE: This is the third of a series of monthly bulletins to give timely information of value to farmers

## Feeds for Winter Steer Feeding

Winter steer feeding is profitable, but the profit depends upon the proper utilization of the cheapest and best farm-grown feeds.

This is the proper time to determine the rotations to be followed next year, and the types of crops to be grown for the production of suitable winter feeds.

From the results of many years of careful study of the growing and purchasing of feeds for winter steer feeding, the Experimental Farms have published their compiled results as special pamphlets on "Winter Feeds for Steer Feeding." Write to your nearest Experimental Farm for these valuable pamphlets.

Ship Live Poultry by Carlots  
The co-operative shipping of



live poultry has made rapid progress. A single shipment in Quebec returned farmers \$1,000 to \$1,500 more per car than would otherwise have been obtained. There is no loss through shrink age by this method; the birds are fed while in transit and are delivered at shipping weight. In a number of instances the birds have actually increased in weight while in transit. Write the Dominion Live Stock Branch, Ottawa, for further particulars.

## Finish Your Lambs Before Marketing

With an abundance of cheap grains it should be profitable to feed up unfinished lambs because the public are demanding fresh-killed lamb meat and are willing to pay higher prices for it. Send only the finished lambs to market and retain the others until finished.

## Storing Ice This Winter

Plans and specifications for small cold storages suitable for farmers, dairymen,

country storekeepers, summer camps and country homes will be sent free on application to the Dairy and Cold Storage Commissioner, Ottawa. Instruction on the subject of storing ice for summer use will also be given.

## Eat More Canadian Fruit

The Canadian fruit crop is unexcelled for quality, flavor and attractiveness, and a bumper crop is now being harvested. Give Canadian children Canadian fruit. Canadian potatoes and onions are now sold by weight only and according to specified grades.

## New Book on Insects

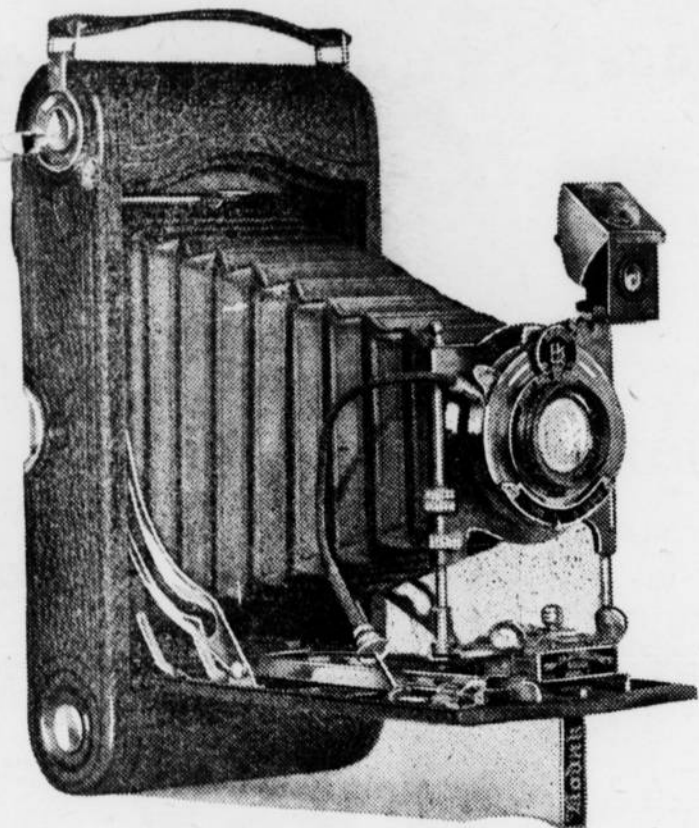
An illustrated book on insects affecting greenhouse plants has just been issued by the Entomological Branch. This book will be of particular value to greenhouse men and florists, and will be sent free on application to the Publications Branch.

## New Publications

Growing Feeds for the Winter Feeding of Beef Cattle.  
Feeds for Wintering and Winter Fattening of Beef Cattle in Eastern Canada.  
Crop Rotations.  
Preparing Poultry Produce for Market.  
Dressing and Cutting Lamb Carcasses.  
Finishing Lambs for the Block.  
Storage of Ice.  
Insects Affecting Greenhouse Plants.  
List of all publications available.

Publications Branch  
Dominion Department of Agriculture  
Ottawa





MADE IN CANADA

*For the pictures you want*

## No. 3<sup>A</sup> Autographic Kodak

Bumper crops, the late fall threshing, the Hallowe'en pumpkins—on the farm in the fall there is a wealth of pictures and this Kodak makes you ready for them all.

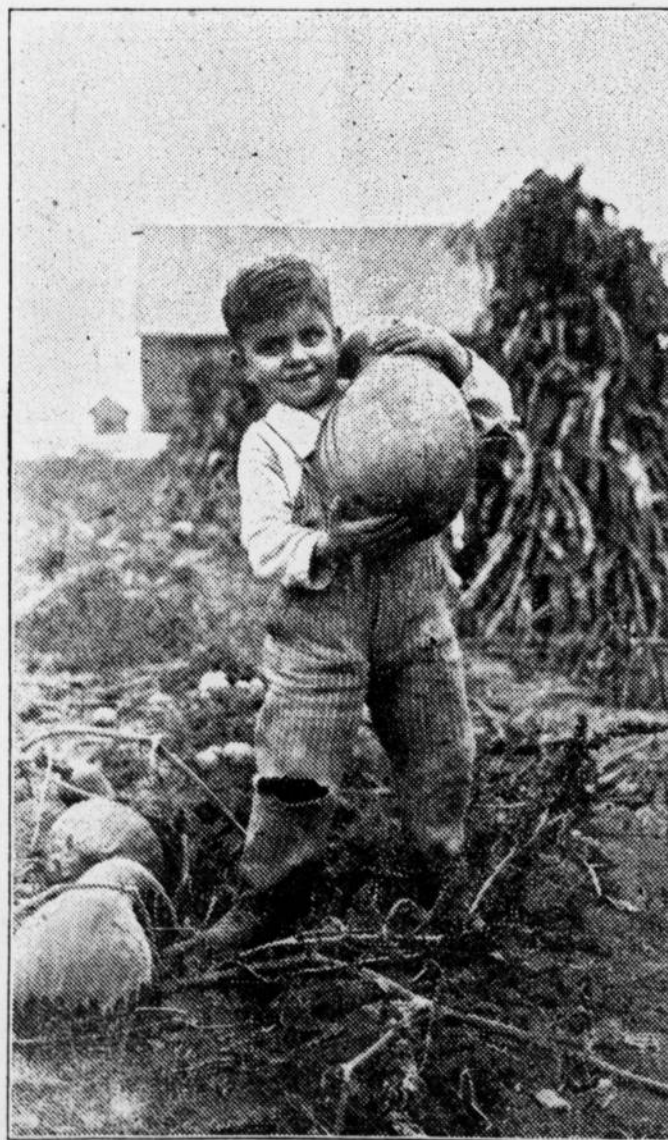
**E**QUIPPED so the beginner can be sure of results, yet so completely fitted that the exacting demands of the advanced amateur are fully met, the 3A Kodak has a distinction all its own. Kodak Ball Bearing Shutter with speeds of  $1/25$ ,  $1/50$  and  $1/100$  second as well as time and "bulb" actions is thoroughly dependable, and the lens is carefully tested. Capability considered, the 3A is a prize for the price—

**\$22.50**

The large post card size pictures ( $3\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$  inches) include a wide view, yet the camera folds compactly, and can be carried without inconvenience.

*At your dealer's*

**Canadian Kodak Co., Limited  
Toronto**



Made with a 3A Kodak Actual Size